# Structural study of the influenza A virus RNA-dependent RNA polymerase



### Yingfang Liu, Ph.D Institute of Biophysics, CAS Email: liuy@ibp.ac.cn



# Outline

- Background
- Cryo-EM structure of PA, PB1 and PB2\_N
- The model for transcription and replication





**RNA** polymerase



# EM Structure of the Influenza Virus RNA Polymerase

Consists of three subunits: PB1, PB2 and PA; MW: ~ 250KDa





#### The functions of Influenza Virus RNA Polymerase

Replication: vRNA → cRNA → vRNA
Transcription: vRNA → mRNA

RNA synthesis, Cap-binding, endonuclease, protease *etc* 







#### A potential RNA-binding groove in PA subunit



Conserved residues: K328, K539, R566 and K574. Mutation: K539A impairs cRNA and vRNA synthesis.



#### PA is the endonuclease activity subunit





# Model for the transcription (Cismodel)



Das et al. Current opinion in Structural Biology (2010)

# **Replication/Transciption Model**







# Cryo-EM Structure of the influenza RdRP sub-complex



Chang et al, Molecular Cell 2015



### **N-terminal maping of PB2**



#### oligomer State transition of the Sub-complexes



- 1. The sub-complex exists as a dimer in solution.
- 2. The promoter induces a dimer-timer transition.
- 3. PB2 86-130 mediates the dimer formation.
- 4. dimer conformation is necessary tetramer formation.

#### Negative staining EM analysis:

T etrameric sub-complex I (as red squares shown) and minority dimeric sub-complex I (as yellow squares shown)





#### Initial model generation by tomographic subvolume averaging



#### **High resolution cryo-EM analysis**



Typical good reference-free 2-D class averages from the single particle images. clear secondary-structural element features





