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# Israeli and American traffic signs similarities, differences and compliance with ergonomic principles of signs design

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המכללה האקדמית להנדסה סמי שמעון

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What does this sign mean?



No Motorcycles

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and this one...?



No Parking









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# Background

- Shinar, Dewar, Summala, and Zakowska (2003) compared sign comprehension of drivers of four different countries - Canada, Finland, Israel and Poland:
  - There are large differences among signs in their comprehension by the drivers.
  - Local traffic signs were understood by more people than non-local signs.

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# Background

- Ben-Bassat and Shinar (2006):
  1. Familiarity is the most significant factor affecting road signs comprehension.



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  1. Familiarity is the most significant factor affecting road signs comprehension.
    - **Familiarity** - The frequency of the sign in the road.
    - **Compatibility** - The correspondence between the sign and the message it represents.
    - **Standardization** - the extent to which the codes used for different dimensions like color and shape are consistent for all signs.

# Background

- Ben-Bassat and Shinar (2006):
  2. Significant correlations were found between comprehension level and two ergonomic design principles - compatibility and standardization.



# The goal of this study

Compare Israeli road signs design (Vienna Convention) and American road signs design (MUTCD).



Vienna Convention

vs.



MUTCD

# Method

- Five categories of signs:
  1. Similar in all aspects



# Method

- Five categories of signs:
  1. Similar in shape and color but different in sign-content
  2. Similar in shape and color but different in sign-content



# Method

- Five categories of signs:
  1. Similar in sign-content and shape but different in color
  2. Similar in sign-content and color but different in shape
  3. Similar in sign-content but different in shape and color





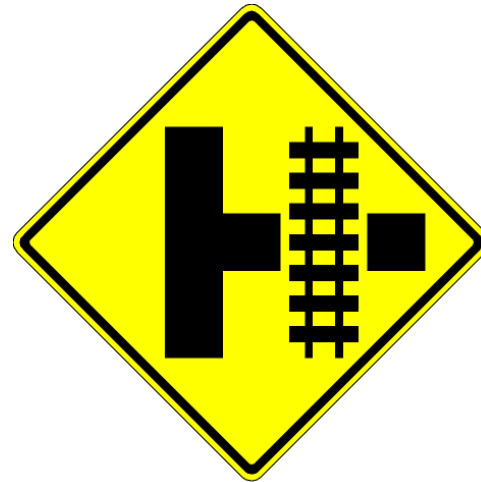
# Method

- Five categories of signs:
  4. Different in all aspects



# Method

- Five categories of signs:
  5. Exists only in one country (Israel or USA)



# Results

1. Great variability in road signs design between Israel and USA



# Method

- Rate 30 signs according to two ergonomic principles:
  - Sign-content compatibility
  - Standardization (according to Israel standard)
  - *Participants*: human factors and ergonomics students

# Results

## 2. Variability in compliance to ergonomic principles.



High compliance



Low compliance

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# Conclusions

- Great differences between Israel and USA in road design.
- Different standards between Vienna convention and MUTCD.
- Can create difficulty among tourist drivers to understand local signs.

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# Future research

- Test traffic signs' meaning among American drivers:
  - Similar in all aspects
  - Similar in shape and color but different in sign-content
  - Similar in sign-content but different in shape and color
  - Different in all aspects
  - Exists only in one country

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# Thank you!

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