

**2nd International Conference on HIV/AIDS, STDs, & STIs
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**Decentralizing care of people living with
HIV to primary care can be an alternative to
sustainability and humanization of the
Brazilian program of HIV/Aids control.**



Bernardino Geraldo Alves Souto.

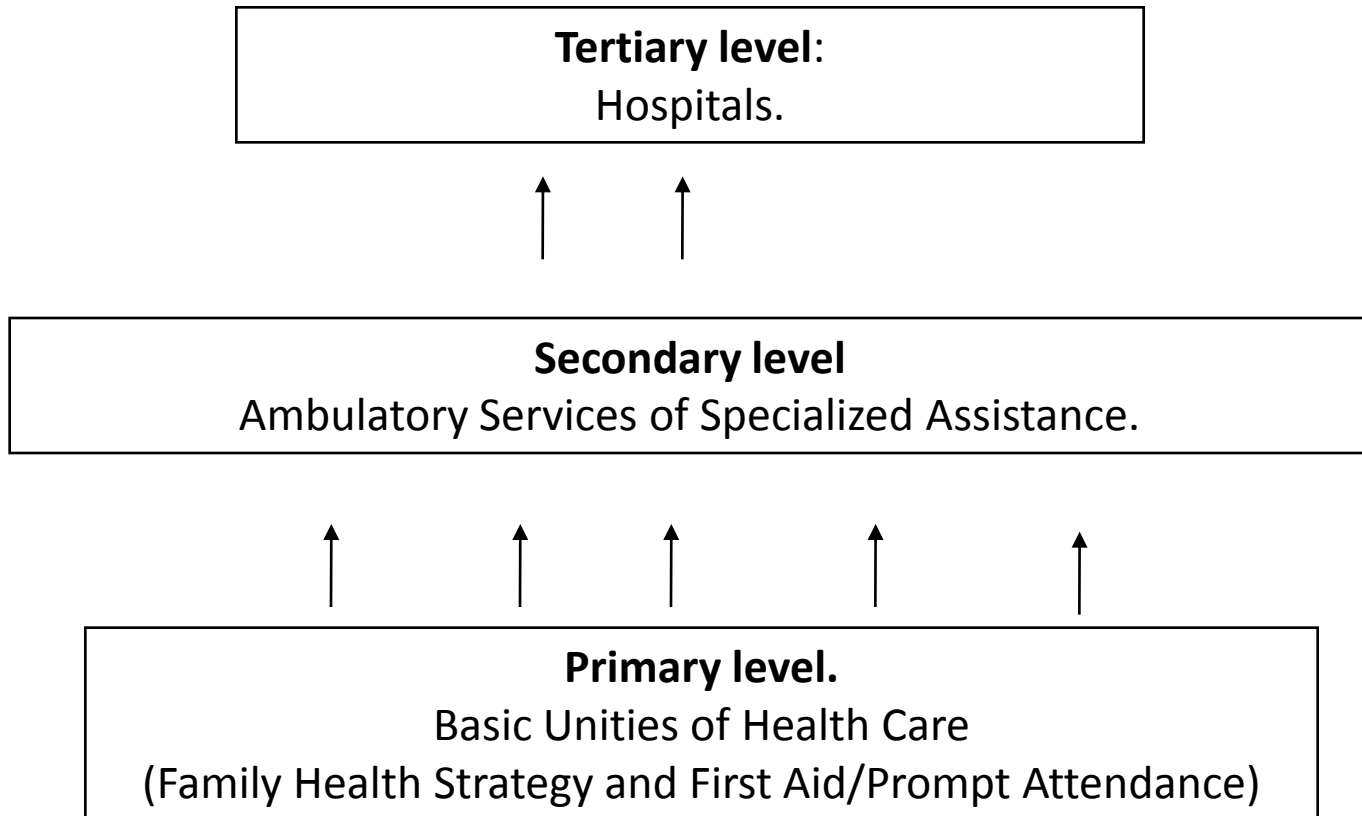


Support:

Federal University of São Carlos, São Paulo, Brazil.

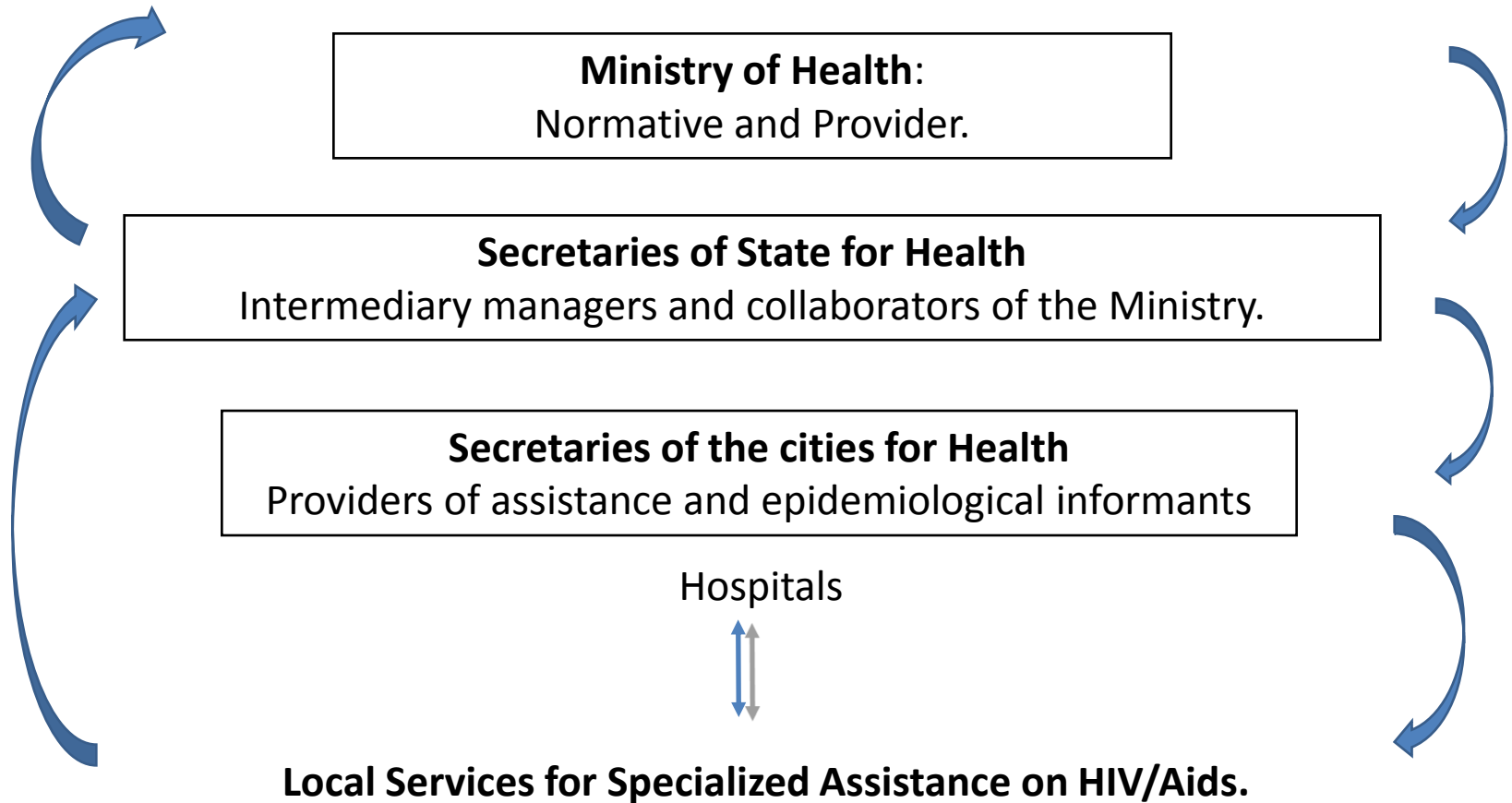
Institutional context:

The Brazilian Health System



Institutional context:

The Brazilian Program of HIV/Aids is vertical.



Guarantee of control and organization of the program, mainly in its logistical and epidemiological aspects.

Assistential Context:

Municipal Services of Specialized Assistance on STDs/HIV/Aids.

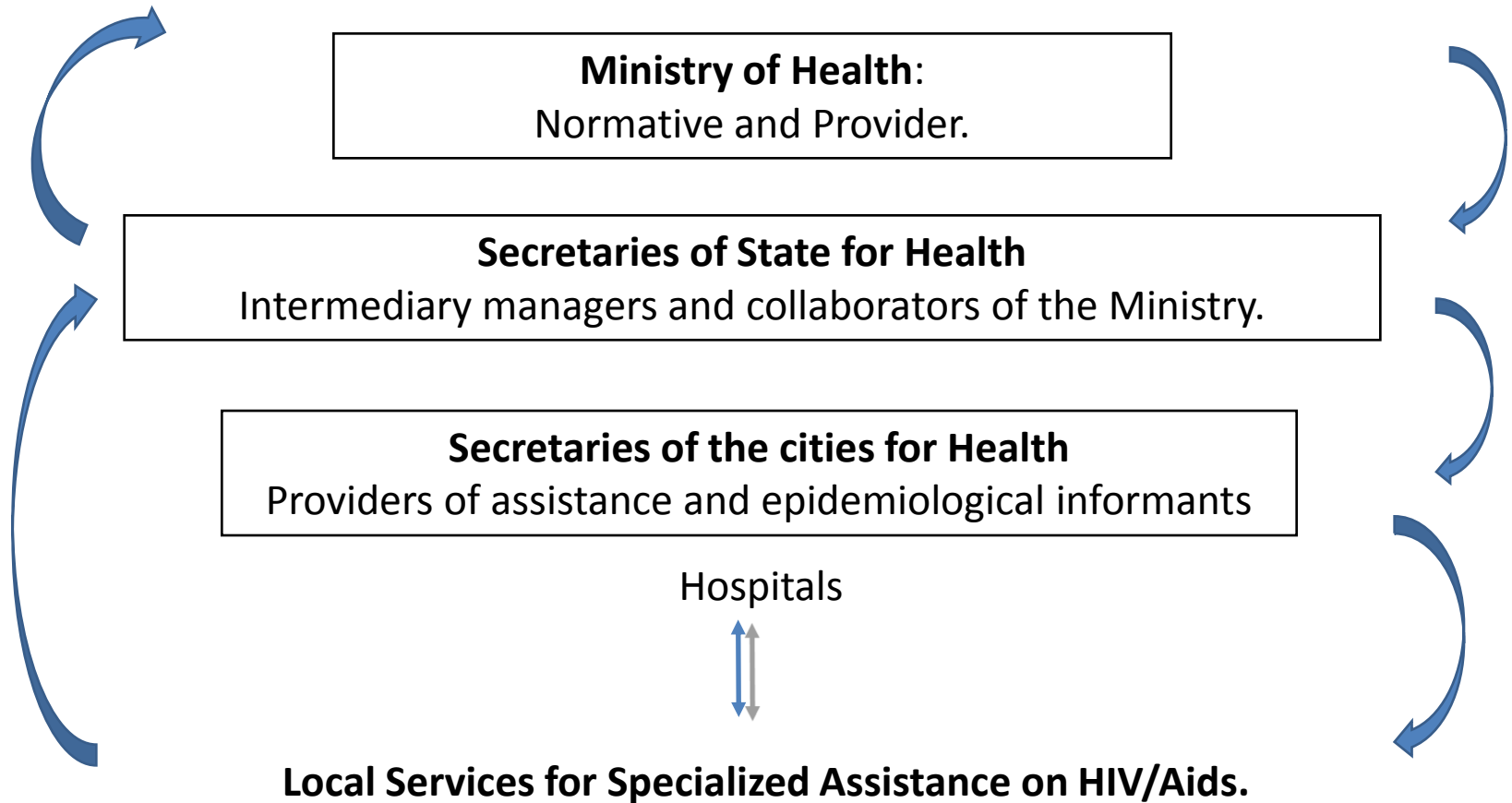


Bureaucratic and standardized

- Limits the participation of the subject to their own care;**
- Loses opportunities to reduce human suffering;**
- Does not contribute to equity;**
- Limits efficiency, efficacy and effectiveness.**

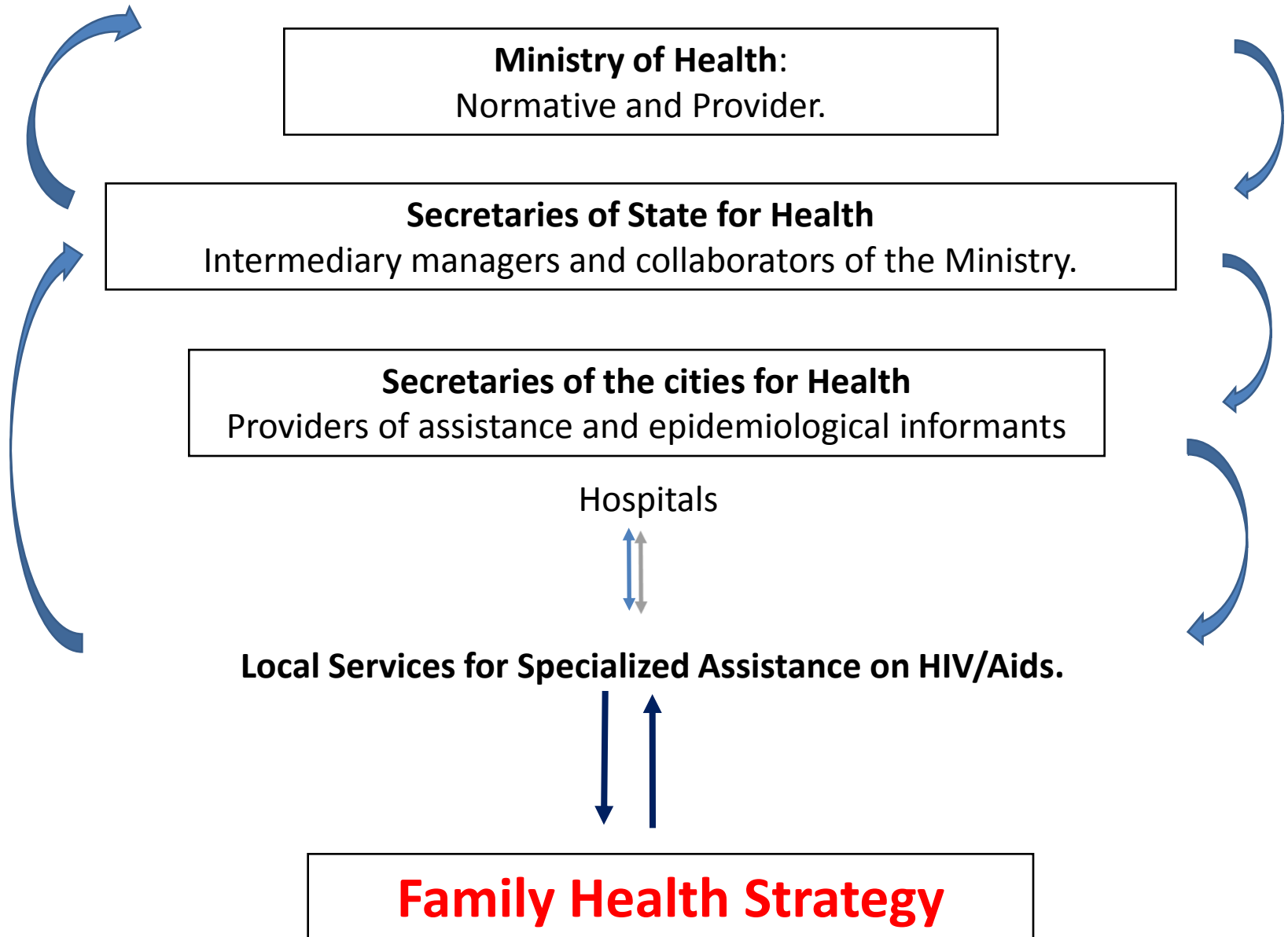
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Municipal Services of Specialized Assistance on STDs/HIV/Aids.



Family Health Strategy

Municipalized Services of Specialized Assistance on STD/HIV/Aids.



Family Health Strategy



Expanded and integral person-centered care promotes the biological, social, emotional and epidemiological coping of HIV.



Bibliografia.

Paula IA, Guibu IA (org.). DST/aids na rede básica: uma integração necessária. São Paulo: Secretaria de Estado da Saúde, 2007.

Souto BGA. Implicações existenciais da infecção pelo HIV. Curitiba, PR, Brasil, CRV, 2014.