Influenza A(H1N1) Pandemic: The Omani Experience (2009)



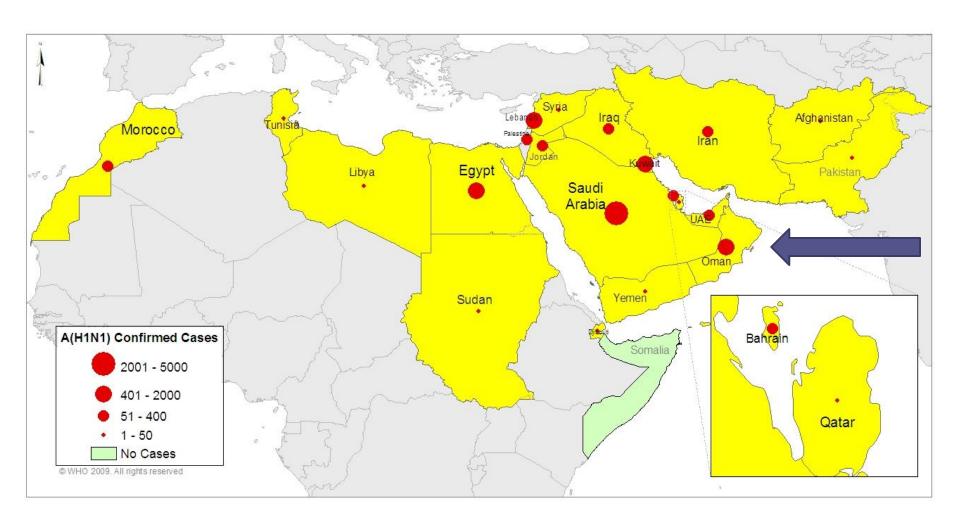
Salah Al Awaidy, MD.
Sultanate of Oman

Outline

- Background
- Pandemic Response in Oman
 - Pre Pandemic Phase
 - Pandemic Phase
 - Post Pandemic Phase
- p(H1N1) vaccination strategy
- Cost of Pandemic
- Impact on Health System
- Lessons learnt
- Conclusions



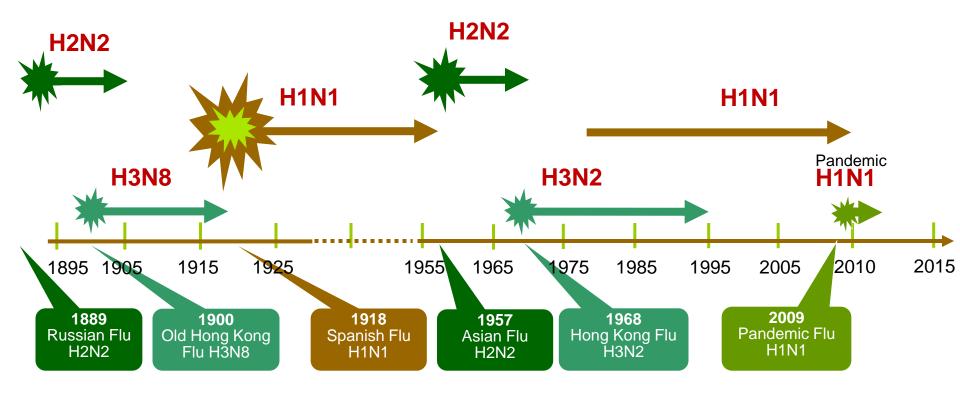
Oman.....

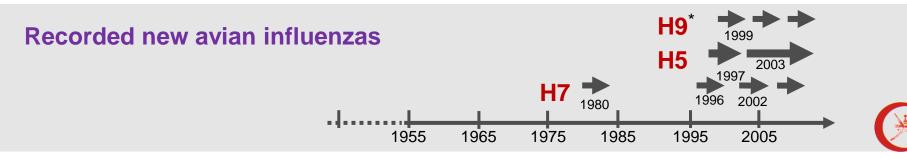


Past Influenza Pandemics









Pandemic Response in Oman



PRE PANDEMIC PHASE: RESPIRATORY ILLNESS SURVEILLANCE

- Diseases grouped in A, B & C and Influenza Like Illness (ILI) included in Group C (PHC),1990
 - Clinical data
- Laboratory influenzae surveillance (virological) was established at three sentinel sites (PHC) since 2001
 - Virus isolation and identification (required for FluNet)
 - Data generated was useful for monitoring trend of ILI
 - Data utilized for Global Influenza Network (for seasonal fluvaccine)
 - Compiled data were available for analysis (through Health Information Section) on regular bases, useful for real-time monitoring



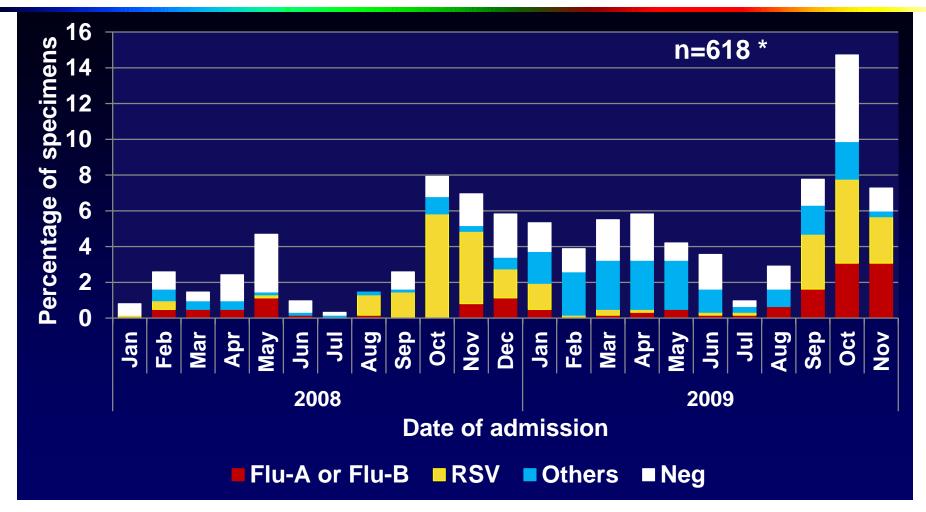
Comparison of *ILI* rates (outpatients) from selected online health institutions: 2008 & 2009



RESPIRATORY ILLNESS SURVEILLANCE

- Strong need felt for data on severe respiratory illnesses during SARS (2003) and the avian flu scare (2005)
- Hence Severe Acute Respiratory Infections (SARI) surveillance (Hospitalized),
 - Launched at three sentinel sites
 (hospitals) in collaboration with NAMRU-3:
 Sohar (Jan'08), Ibra (Aug'08) and SQH Salalah (Dec'09)
 - Respiratory virus isolation

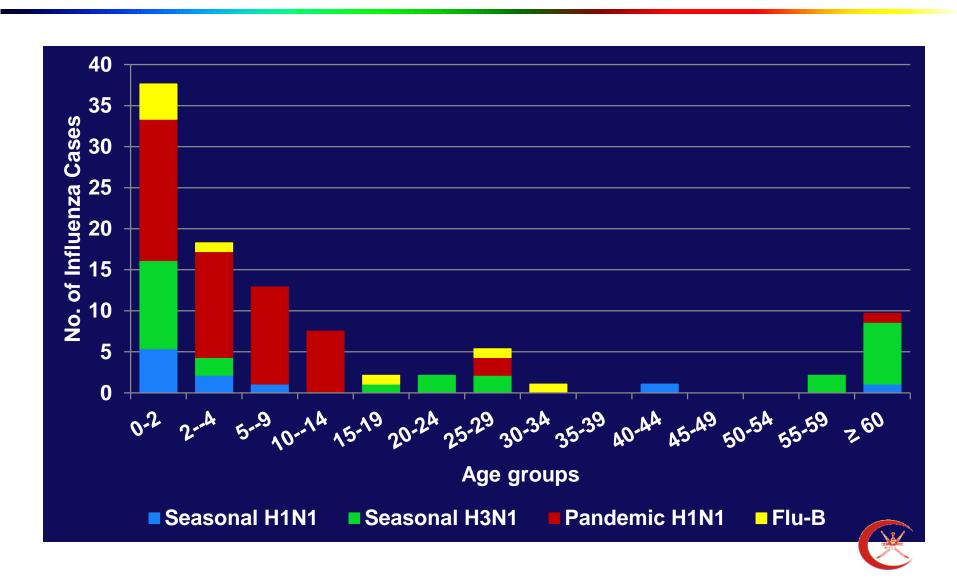
SARI Surveillance in Oman (Sentinel Sites) Respiratory Pathogens by Month, Jan 2008-Nov 2009





SARI Surveillance in Oman

Influenza Viruses by age, Jan 2008-Nov 2009



Pandemic Phase



THE PANDEMIC EXPERIENCE

- The H1N1 pandemic of influenza in 2009 was the FIRST pandemic (Public Health disaster) experienced in Oman
- During the pandemic
 - Daily reporting of admitted SARI cases due to respiratory illnesses was started
 - ILI data was captured

Major Activities

- Activation of National Influenza Preparedness Plan
- National Influenza A (H1N1) pandemic Advisory Committee established
- "Supreme Committee" formed
- Link established with "Civil Disaster Management Committee"



National Influenza A(H1N1) Pandemic Advisory Committee

- Policy decisions
- Resources and support
- Liaise with the 'Supreme Committee'

TASK FORCE

'Health System Response'

Chairman: Mohammed Al Hosni

Hospital Case Management

- Hospital preparedness
- Develop guidelines
- · Clinical management including ICU
- Equipment & supplies
- Infection control
- Training
- Data collection

Hamad Al Balushi (Chair)

- Seif Al Abri (Co-chatt)
- Nasser ΔI Busaidi
- Anisa Rasoni
- Maher Al Bahrani
- Bassem El Zaid
- SOUH-Zakaria
- AFH-Suleiman Al Mawali
- ROP
- Private Hospital

Primary Health Care & Private Health Sector

- Develop guidelines
- Equipment & supplies
- Infection control
- Data collection
- Monitoring/supervision

- Said Al Lamki (Charl.)
- Hamad Al Adawi (Co-chols)
- Najla Jaffer
- DGHS, Muscat
- Medical store
- Private hospital
- Private clinic

National Executive Committee

- Follow-up & coordination with subcommittees
- Assess impact of Health System and the Public Health Response
- Develop recommendations for the National Committee

- Ali Jaffer Mohammed (Chair)
- Salah Al Awaidy (Co-chair)
- Jihane Tawilah
- Azhar Al Kindi
- Mohammed Al Hosni
- Hamad Al Balushi
- Said Al Lamki
- Idris Al Abaidani
- Halima Al Hinai
- Majid Al Magbali
- Sahar Abdou

Neffonsi Exsentive Committee

Community Awareness & Media

- Assess need & develop Said Al Mukhaini dynamic plan
 - Identify core messages
 - Develop advocacy material, press release, press conference etc.
- Halima Al Hinai (Chelr)
- Khalood Al Mafragy (Co-chair)
- Huda Al Siyabi
- Salah Al Harbi
- Hilal Al Sarmi
- Abdullah Al Shuaili (TV)
- Mohd. Al Balushi (Radio)
- Other sectors

TASK FORCE

'Public Health Response'

Chairman: Salah Al Awaidy

Strategic Health Operation Centre (SHOC)

Communication & Coordination

- Develop plan
- Liaise with all Regional Committees
- Agenda for meetings
- Circulate minutes & Compile reports
- Manage call centre

- Idris Al Abaidani (Chalr)
- Ali Al Lawati (Co-chair)
- Muna Al Shukali
- Ahmed Al Julandani
- Fatima Al Ismaili
- Jeffrey Singh
- ROP1
- ROP2

Surveillance & Response and data management

- Risk assessment
- Data analysis & reporting
- Outbreak investigation & containment
- Coordination. monitoring, follow-up
- Laboratory support
- Mitigation activities o Vaccine deployment o Haii/Omra

- Salah Al Awaidi (Chair)
- Suleiman Al Busaidi Shyam Bawikar
- Salem Al Mahroogi
- A Raju
- Khalil Al Hassani
- Marium Al Shaibi
- Salah Al Muhzami
- Medhat ElSaved
- Ahmed Al Qasmi
- DGIT- Deepak
- Shivakumar

Death classification team



School Health Develop guidelines Outbreak investigation

- · Monitoring and follow-up
- Data collection
- Coordination MoE
- Awareness program

- Sahar Abdou (Chair)
- Halima Al Ghanami (co-chots)
- MoE
- Health education
- PHC
- Private clinic

Major Activities

- SHOC established (Strategic Health Operations Cell)
- Communication network strengthened (mobile, internet)
- Surveillance of PoE established
- Health Care Workers informed circulars, guidelines
- Antiviral drugs/Infection control equipments & consumables ordered
- Health Education to community & HCW
- Link established with DGIT



Planning assumptions for the pandemic – *first wave*, pandemic (H1N1) 2009

Clinical attack rate	30%
Peak clinical attack rate	6.5% (local planning assumptions 4.5% to 8%) per week
Complication rate	15% of clinical cases
Hospitalisation rate	2% of clinical cases
Case fatality rate	0.1% to 0.2% (cannot exclude up to 0.35%) of clinical cases
Peak absence rate	12% of workforce

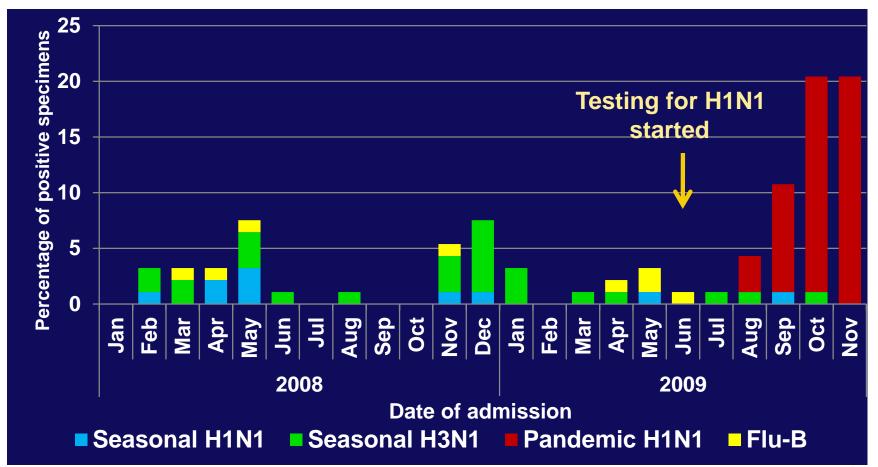
These assumptions represent a reasonable worst case applying to one European country (the United Kingdom) with data available as of July 2009. They should not be used for predictions.



SARI Surveillance in Oman

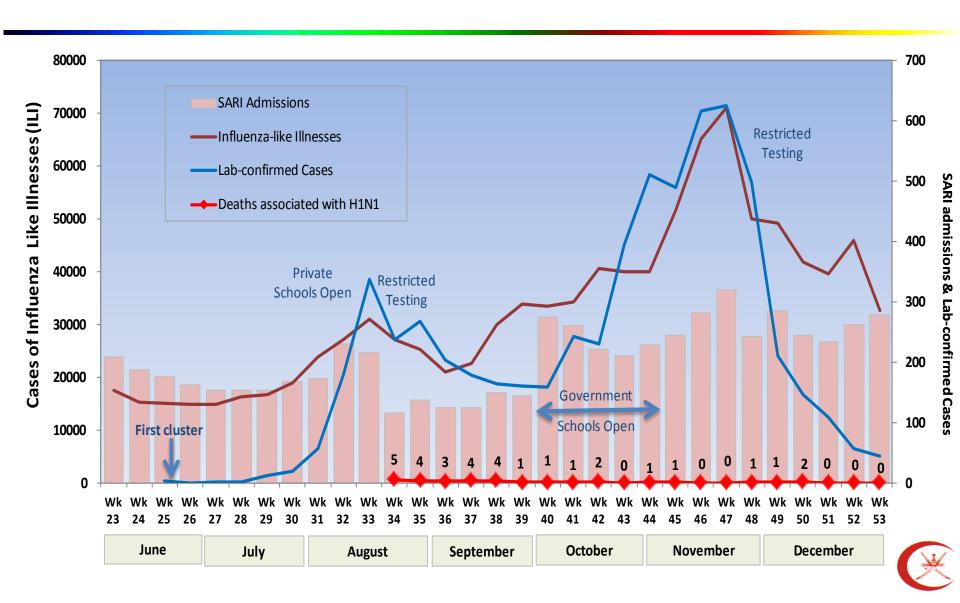
Monthly distribution of influenza SARI cases, sentinel sites

Jan 2008 - Nov 2009

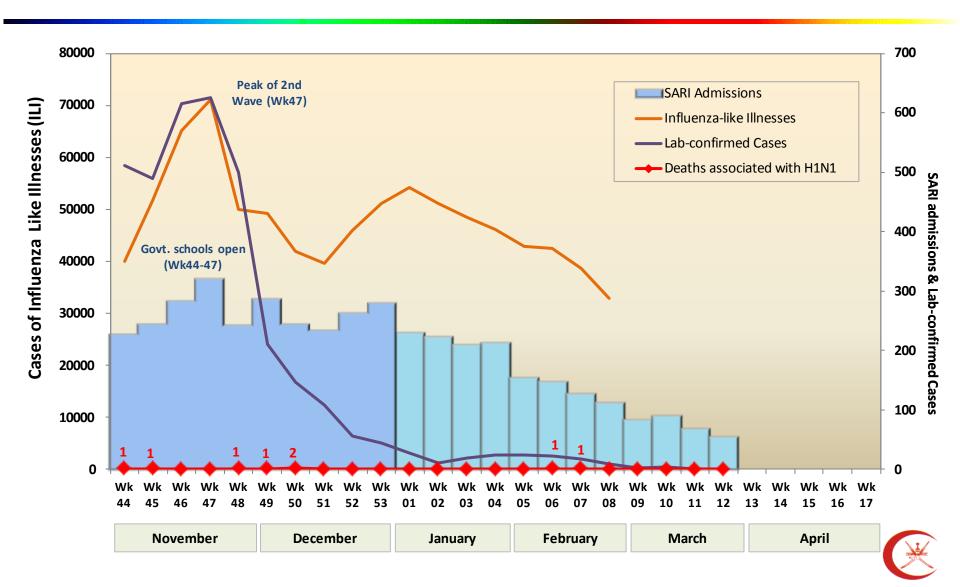




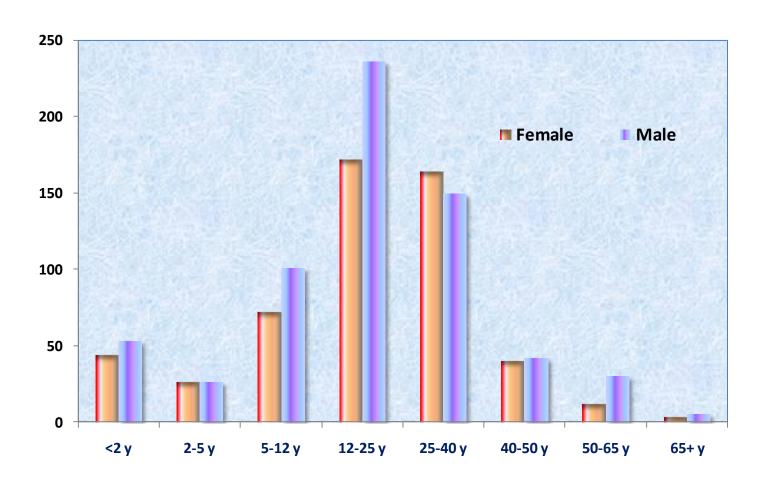
PANDEMIC 2009 PROGRESS



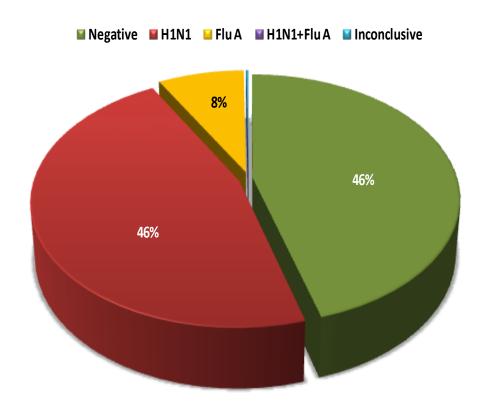
PANDEMIC 2009 PROGRESS



Age & gender distribution (n=1182)



The proportion of pH1N1& Flu A positive samples and distribution of Flu A by Governorates

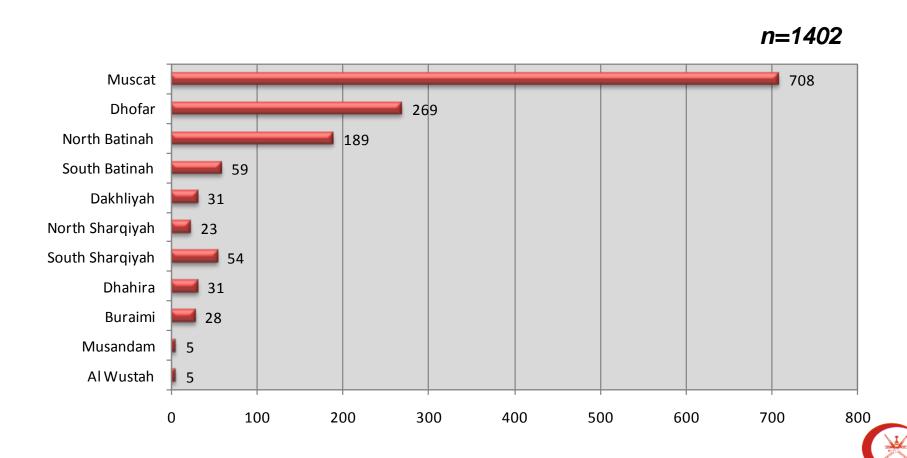


Province	FluA positive
Muscat	293
Dhofar	57
N Batinah	95
S Batinah	22
Dakhliyah	48
N Sharqiyah	24
S Sharqiyah	97
Dhahira	63
Buraimi	3
Musandam	5
Al Wustah	0
Blanks	5
Total	712

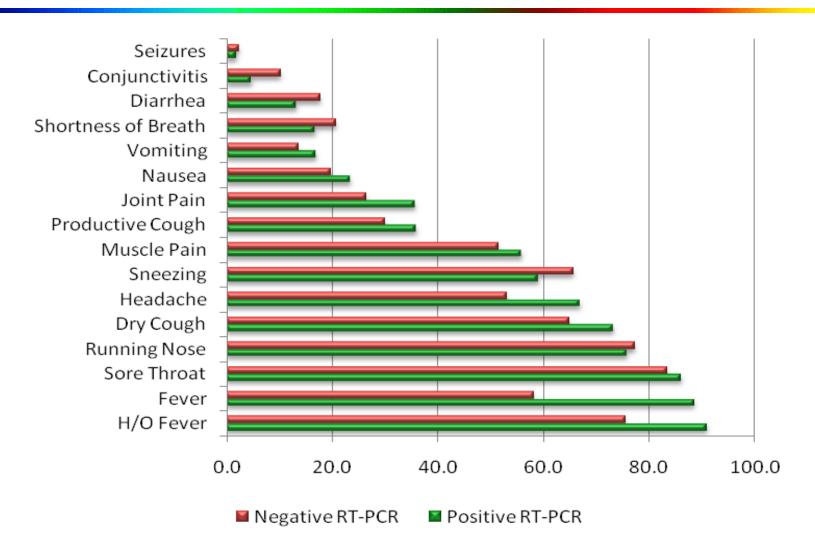


Laboratory-confirmed cases by Regions

(17th June – Dec 2009)

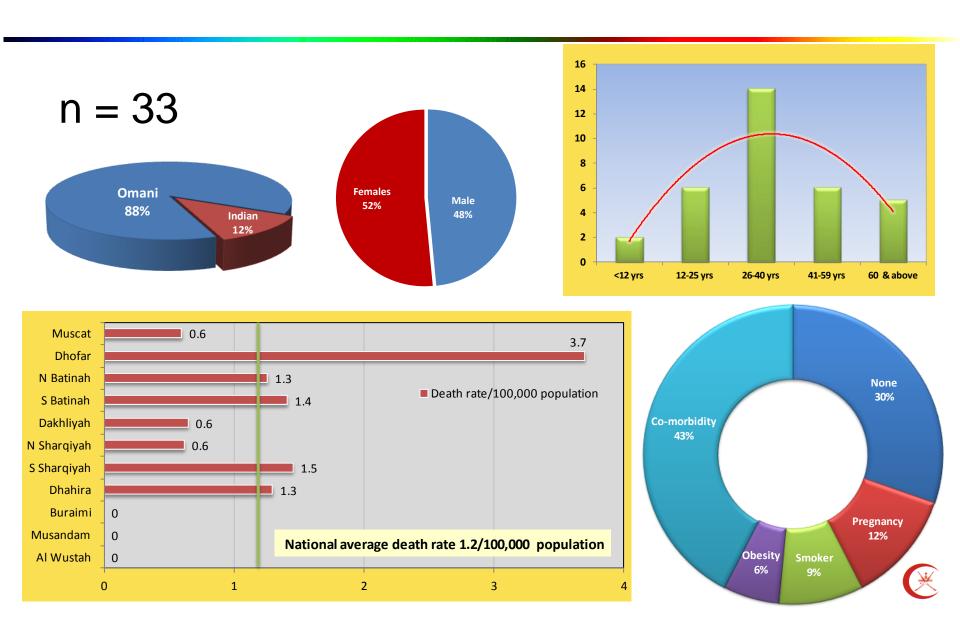


Pattern of presenting symptoms of pH1N1





PANDEMIC 2009: DEATHS



p(H1N1) 2009 Vaccination



National Plan



Sultanate of Oman

Ministry of Health

National Pandemic Influenza Vaccination Campaign Plan 2009

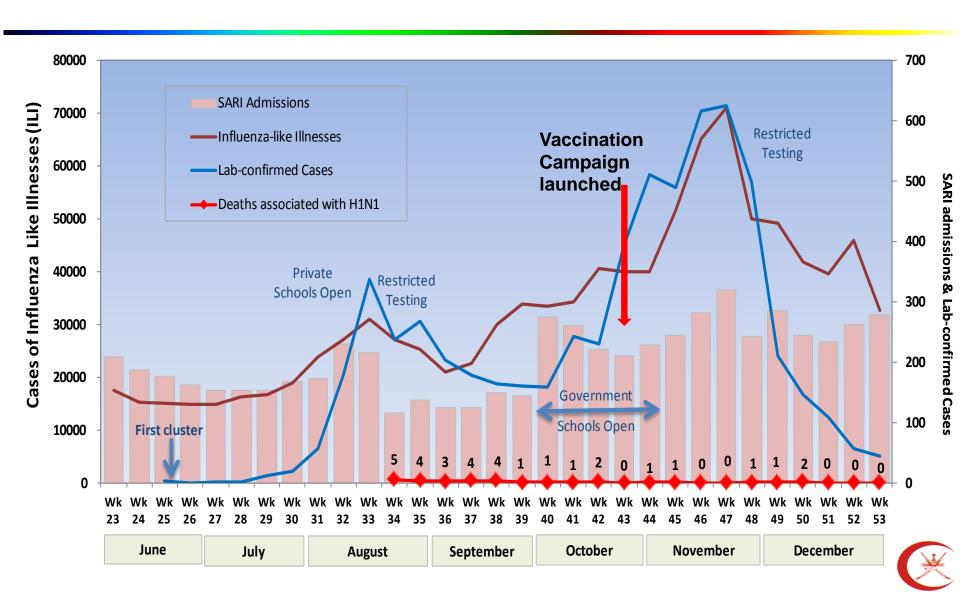
25th October 2009

Department of Communicable Disease Surveillance and Control, Directorate General of Health Affairs

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Department of Communicable Disease Surveillance & Control Directorate General of Health Affairs, Ministry of Health HQ, PO Box 393, MUSCAT 113, Sultanate of Oman Fax: + (968) 24 601832

PANDEMIC 2009 PROGRESS

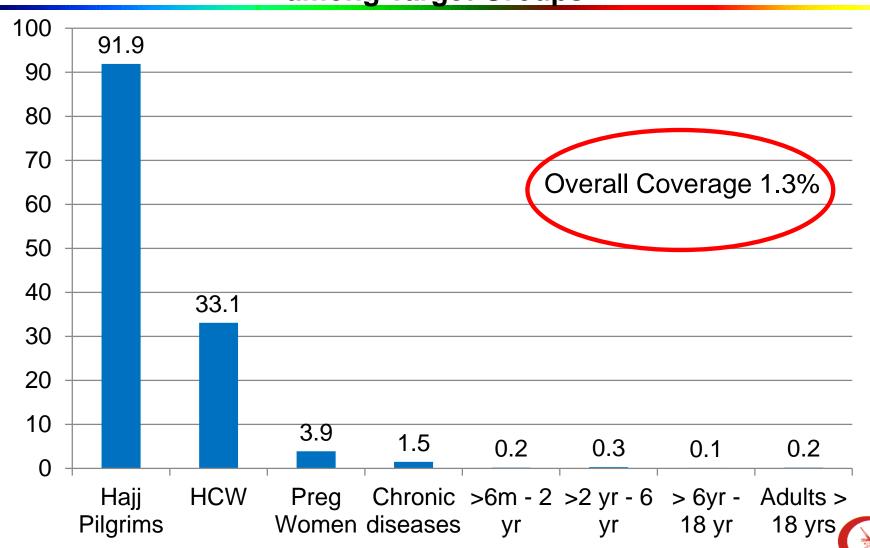


Target Groups for p(H1N1) vaccination in Oman

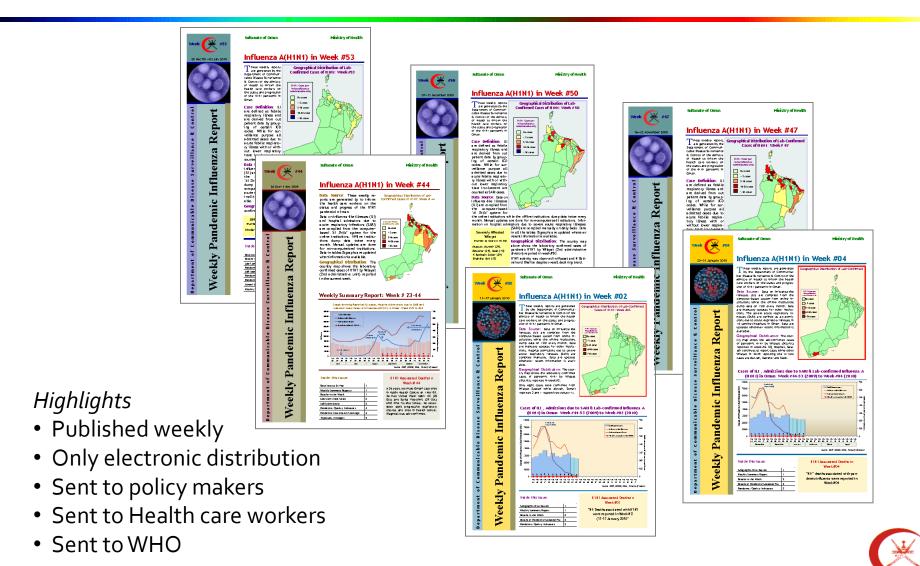
#	Target Groups	Estimated #
1	Hajj Pilgrims	10,000
2	Health Care Workers	40,551
3	Essential and critical services	36,174
4	Pregnant Women	48,750
5	People with chronic conditions	150,000
6	Age group > 6 m to ≤ 2 yrs	76,218
7	Age group > 2 yrs to ≤ 6 yrs	244,328
8	Age group > 6 yrs to ≤18 yrs	643,138
9	Age group above 18 yrs	1,588,269
	Total	2,837,428



Percentage of p(H1N1)2009 Vaccination Coverage among Target Groups



Weekly pH1N1 surveillance update reports published during the pandemic



Impact of Pandemic

- High out patient turn over
- Disruption of routine appointment clinics
- Shortage of isolation rooms / ICU beds
- Shortage of wards requiring ventilator support
- Overburdening of lab with samples
- Shortage of laboratory reagents
- Shortage of Staff
- Closure of Schools
- Postponement of Muscat Festival



Cost of Influenza A(H1N1) 2009 Pandemic Response (MOH) in

Oman #		Item Head	Cost in RO
1.	Vaccine		12,236,700
2.	PPE		662,952
3.	Drugs	Antiviral	2,256,025
		Others	159,500
4.	Laboratory		153,456
5.	Equipment		2,971,609
	Administration and Finance	Communication material printing	200,766
6.		Mobile telephone	2,000
		Telephone bills	3315
		Computers	1500
7.	Total	\$50,000,000	18,647,823

Lessons learnt from Influenza p(H1N1)



Issue	Lesson
Optimal preparedness was lacking	The action template (generic preparedness plan) should be updated annually Simulation exercises needed
Need for consensus decisions based on field experiences	Need for forming task force with specific responsibilities at the provincial level
Communication hierarchy	To have a more open access of communication in pandemic situation
Non-availability of dedicated lines for communication (Fax & Phone)	Unhindered communication achievable if the MoH supplies mobiles AND Provision of allowance for communication for health centres in such situations.

Issue	Lesson
The need for data entry & management person at regional level. At present inadequate supporting infra structure	Need to revisit the staffing for surveillance
The need of an effective feedback system that	Priority area: To strengthen established e-

Capacity building for **swab collection**.

The need for **utilizing private sector** in

surveillance & pandemic management in

Muscat

used for surveillance

surveillance in future

in surveillance activities.

Can be used for effective influenza

Strengthen and sustain the strategy for

successful participation of private sector

POST PANDEMIC

- Continued surveillance of respiratory illness
- Launched National ARI Surveillance in place of SARI

- Launch of national health emergency response plan (centre)
- National STRATEGIC FRAMEWORK (Medical and Public Health Response)

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- Pandemic highlights the importance of surveillance and preventing its severity and spread
- Epidemiological findings are consistent with the findings reported by other countries and WHO
- Impact of a pandemic on health care system varied from low to severe
- Handle the subsequent pandemic/outbreaks efficiently (Avian influenza, MERS-CoV, Ebola.. Etc)



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Research Article Open Access

Epidemiology of Pandemic H1N1 in Oman and Public Health Response, 2009

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Tribute to "Team Work"

- Cabinet of Ministers
- H E The Minister's of Health
- H E The Undersecretaries of Health Affairs/ Planning/Administrative/Financial Affairs/Advisors
- Ministries (Education, Information, Social affairs, etc)
- DGHA
- DCDSC
- CPHL
- Departments of Health Education/School Health/Primary Health Care/ Hospital Affairs
- Directorate of General of Royal Hospital / SQUH / AFH
- Directorate General of Drug Supply / Information Technology
- Civil Defence, Royal Oman Police
- All DGHS / DHA of Governorates
- All Executive Directors of Regional Hospitals
- Country Office, WHO
- Private Sectors
- All Health Care Workers
- Others who directly or indirectly helped in controlling the Pandemic



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