Structural and Molecular Investigations into Natural killer T-cell (NKT) and CD1d glycolipid recognition

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Human Immune System



- Bridge the gap between innate and adaptive immunity
- Function as `Innate-adaptive hybrids'
- Possess immunomodulatory potential

Natural Killer T (NKT) cells



- Share properties of both conventional T cells and Natural Killer (NK) cells
- Express a T cell receptor (TCR) that allows them to recognize antigens
- Constitute ~ 0.1% of all peripheral blood T cells

NKT cells recognize lipid antigens



T cell receptor (TCR)





α

Structure of CD1d





Types of NKT cells



Lipid antigen - α-Galactosylceramide



• Currently in human phase I/II trials as anti-cancer agent

Type I and Type II NKT TCRs docking modes



Borg et al., Nature, 2007

Patel et al., Nature Immun., 2012

What does docking orientation signify?



Type II

 TCRs dock on to peptide/MHC or lipid/CD1d in a conserved orientation

Are there any other CD1d-restricted α -Galcer reactive NKT subsets in humans and do they dock in a conserved manner?





Experimental Flow

Clone and express protein (Bacterial system)



Protein Purification



Protein Crystallization



Electron density map





Diffraction pattern





Crystals





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Expression and Purification of TCR

N-terminal

Variable

Domain

- Cloned into pET-30 vector
- Expressed in BL21 *E.coli* cells
- Inclusion body preparations were performed





Expression and purification of Human CD1d

Cloned into a dual promoter baculovirus transfer vector pBacp10pH.



9B2 TCR-hCD1d/ α -Galcer co-complexation



A Shift in peak of 5ml indicated complex formation



Structure of 9B2 ternary complex



20% PEG 8000 0.1M CHES pH 9.5



CD1d

β2M

Novel docking mode Docking angle ~110°

 α - chain β - chain α - Galcer α-GalCer (Fo-Fc electron density map)

α-GalCer (2Fo-Fc electron density map @ 0.8σ level)

Comparison of docking modes of different types of NKT TCRs











Type I Borg *et al.,* 2007 Nature

Interactions of 9B2 TCR with α -Galcer

- Dominated by CDR3β loop
- Q99 interacts with O6 of galactose moiety by Van der waals interaction.

- Dominated by CDR1α and CDR3α loops.
- G96, F29 and S30 are H-bonded to O2, O4 and O3 respectively.



9B2 TCR-CD1d interactions



Affinity measurements of 9B2 TCR with CD1d- α -Galcer





Q99A TCR mutant showed 2-fold reduction in affinity compared with wild type

Collaboration with University of Melbourne

Summary

- A new subset of CD1d-restricted NKT TCRs were identified in humans and termed as 'Atypical NKT cells'
- The ternary structure of 9B2 TCR revealed a novel docking mode (orthogonal) in clear contrast to Type I but comparable with Type II TCR
- 6'-OH of galactose moiety interacted merely with Q99 residue of TCRβ chain
- SPR studies showed the affinity of interaction of 9B2 TCR (wild type) with hCD1d- α -Galcer is 4.0 μ M and 2-fold reduction in affinity for Q99 mutant
- Diverse TCR repertoire broadens the spectrum of glycolipids recognised and thus leading to stimulation of NKT cells

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