About Omics Group

OMICS Group International through its Open Access Initiative is committed to make genuine and reliable contributions to the scientific community. OMICS Group hosts over 400 leading-edge peer reviewed Open Access Journals and organize over 300 International Conferences annually all over the world. OMICS Publishing Group journals have over 3 million readers and the fame and success of the same can be attributed to the strong editorial board which contains over 30000 eminent personalities that ensure a rapid, quality and quick review process.

About Omics Group conferences

- OMICS Group signed an agreement with more than 1000 International Societies to make healthcare information Open Access. OMICS Group Conferences make the perfect platform for global networking as it brings together renowned speakers and scientists across the globe to a most exciting and memorable scientific event filled with much enlightening interactive sessions, world class exhibitions and poster presentations
- Omics group has organised 500 conferences, workshops and national symposium across the major cities including SanFrancisco,Omaha,Orlado,Rayleigh,SantaClara,Chicago,P hiladelphia,Unitedkingdom,Baltimore,SanAntanio,Dubai,H yderabad,Bangaluru and Mumbai.

Manufacturing and performance of quantum cascade lasers for industrial applications

Mariano Troccoli

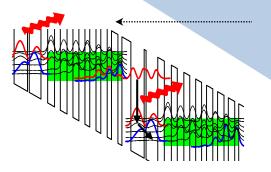
Director, Product Development AdTech Optics Inc.

In-house capabilities at ATO

FROM CONCEPT

Laser Design

full modeling of QCL devices with proprietary software



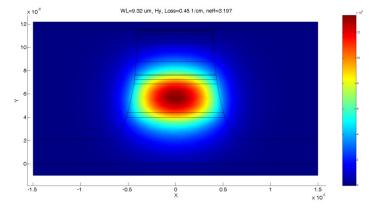
12 YRS in business 25 PPL on QCLs 11,000 SQFT ITAR compliant

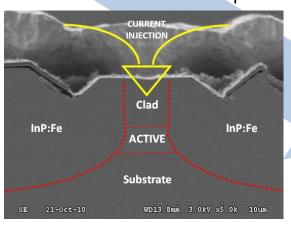
MOCVD Growth

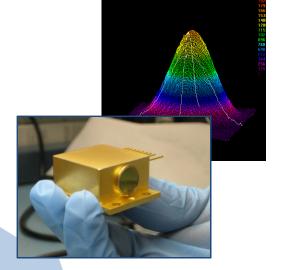
2 reactors dedicated to QCLs production

Device Fabrication

buried-het process for RT CW operation







Test and Mounting

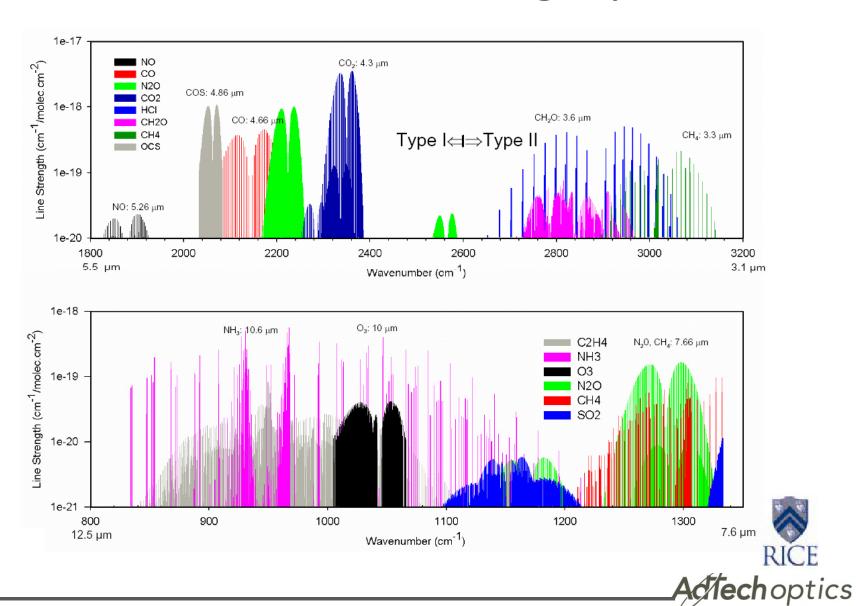
C or CS open-mount, TO-3, HHL

TO PRODUCTION



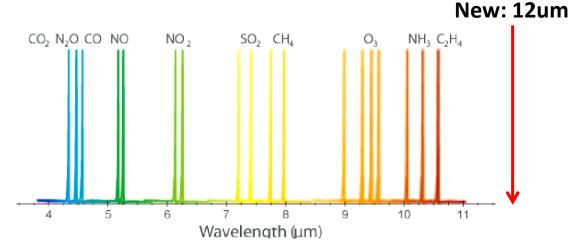
advancing photonics / shaping an industry

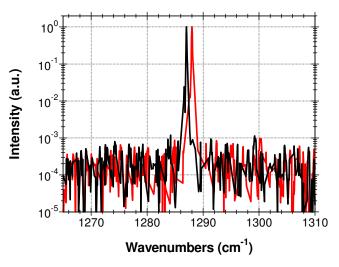
Mid-IR "molecular fingerprints"

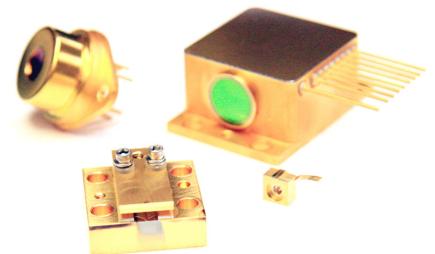


CW DFB QC Lasers: wide range coverage of the mid-IR

- 30dB SMSR
- CW, RT Operation
- 3-4 cm⁻¹ tunability
- Broad coverage of mid-IR
- Scalable technology for affordable, portable sensors







Full list of DFB wavelengths is available at www.atoptics.com/laser_specs.html



Applications of Mid-IR spectroscopy

Analytical

Hyper-spectral imaging
Microscopy

Analysis of food, water, fluids, etc.

Environmental

Emissions & pollutant monitoring Power generation & catalytic processes Combustion processes

Defense & Security

IRCM IED detection

Stand-off haz-mat detection

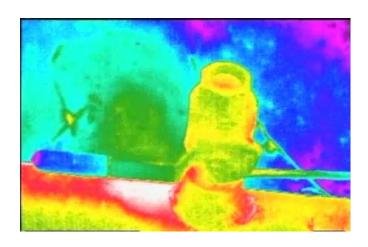
Industrial

Process monitoring and optimization Leak detection Quality control

Bio-medical

Advantages of Optical Detection:

Non-invasive
Highly Selective
Highly Sensitive
In-situ or stand-off
Clean





Direct Absorption measurements with a DFB QCL: detector saturation issues

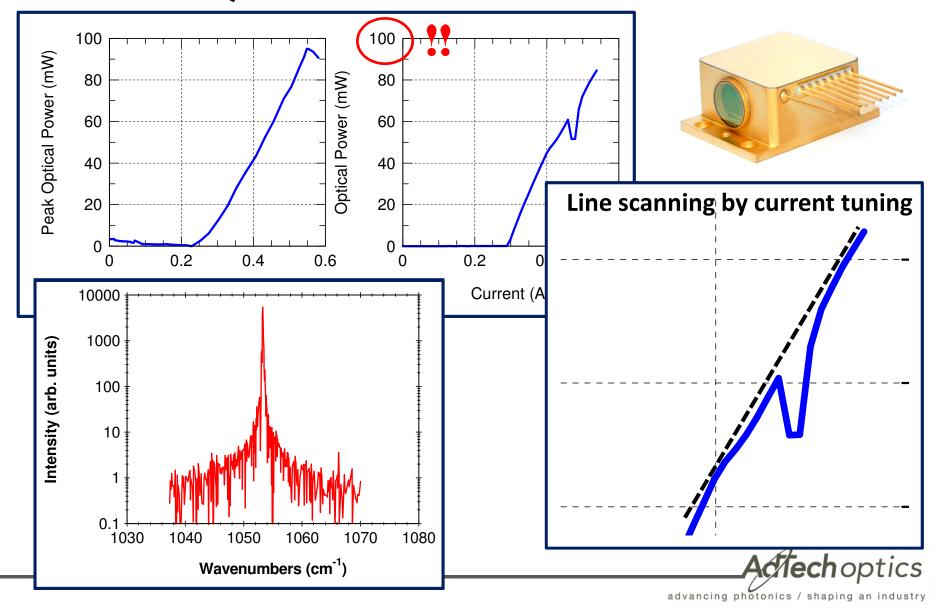
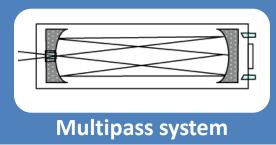


Photo-Acoustic Sensing systems benefit from Hi Power QCLs

Sensor system





Cell volume

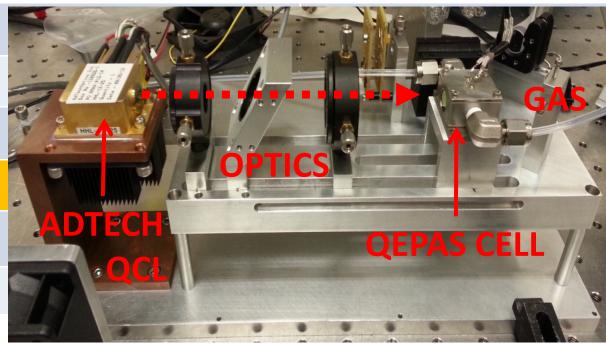
Response τ

Optical path

Laser power

BG noise

MDC (1s)





The challenges of low-power QCLs

Fundamental limits:

QCL intrinsically a high current device Short intraband lifetimes Unipolar device 2-electrode configuration

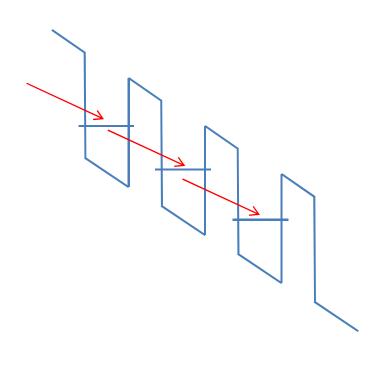
Material-related:

Optimizing injection & conversion efficiency
Minimizing losses / reducing operating current
Minimizing voltage "defect"
Reducing voltage drop on contacts / claddings
Optimizing mode confinement

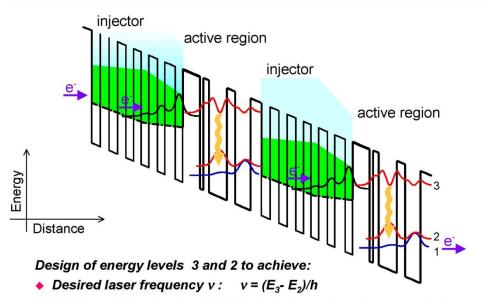
Fabrication-related:

Reducing device size
Optimizing fabrication
Optimizing coatings
Optimizing mounting and heat transfer

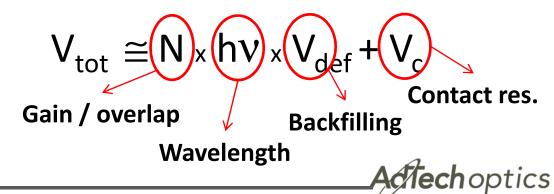
QCL band structure



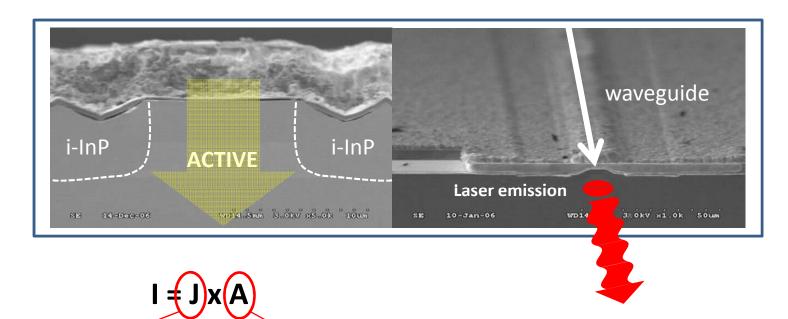
$$V_{tot} \cong N \times hV$$



♦ Light amplification: level 3 full of electrons; level 2 empty of electrons



BH process: fabrication challenges for low-Power QCLs



Material:

Geometry:

- Losses

- Emitter width
- Coatings
- Cavity

Narrow device fabrication:

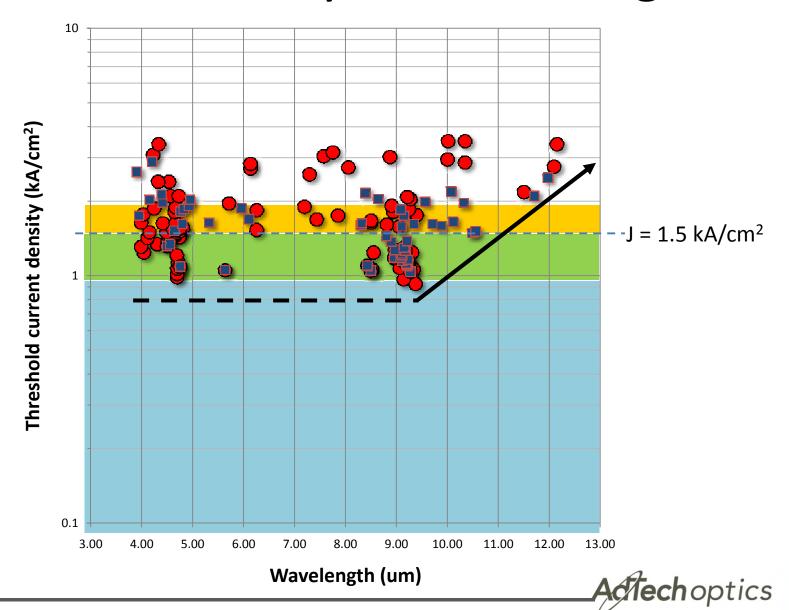
Etching (aspect ratio, intf. smoothness, ...)

Doping optimization

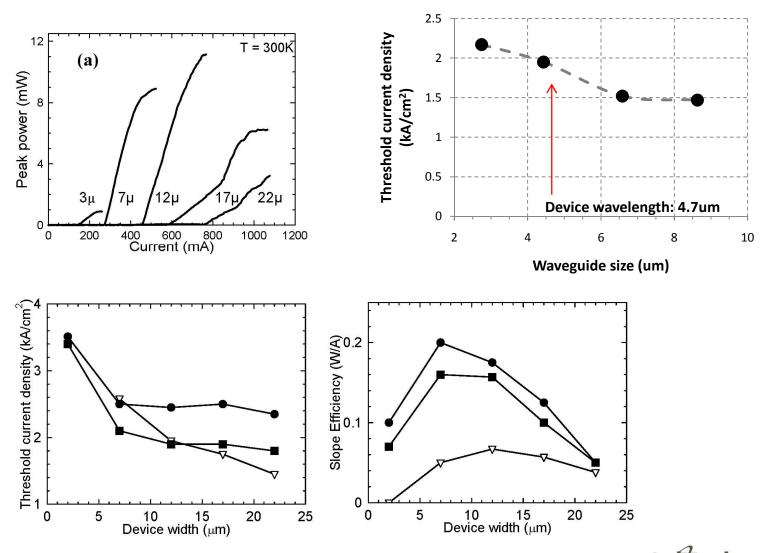
Re-growth quality / background impurities



Threshold density vs. wavelength

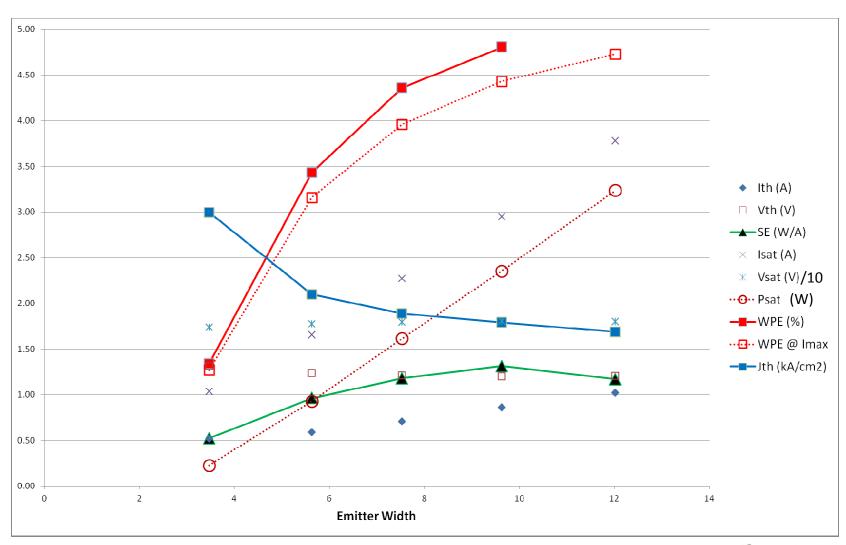


J_{th} vs. device width

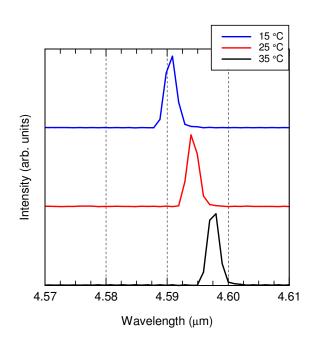


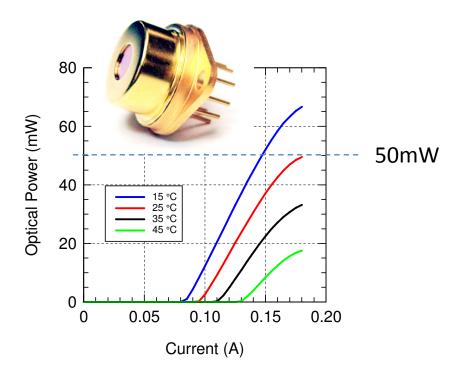
Narrow BH devices @ 5um

(pulsed operation, RT, no heat sinking)



Low-Consumption DFB QCL

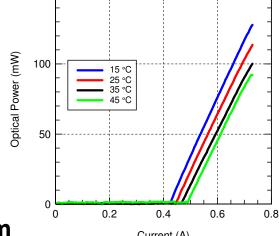




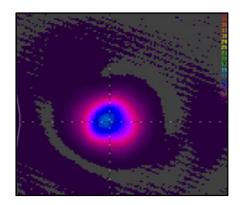
 λ = 4.5um ; Emitter Width= 3.7um $P_{th}^{E} = 0.8W$; $P_{th}^{E} = 0.8W$; $P_{th}^{E} = 0.8W$

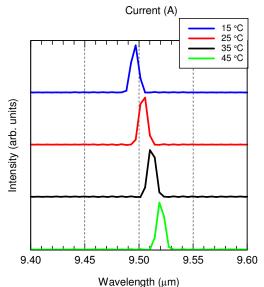
LWIR narrow device results



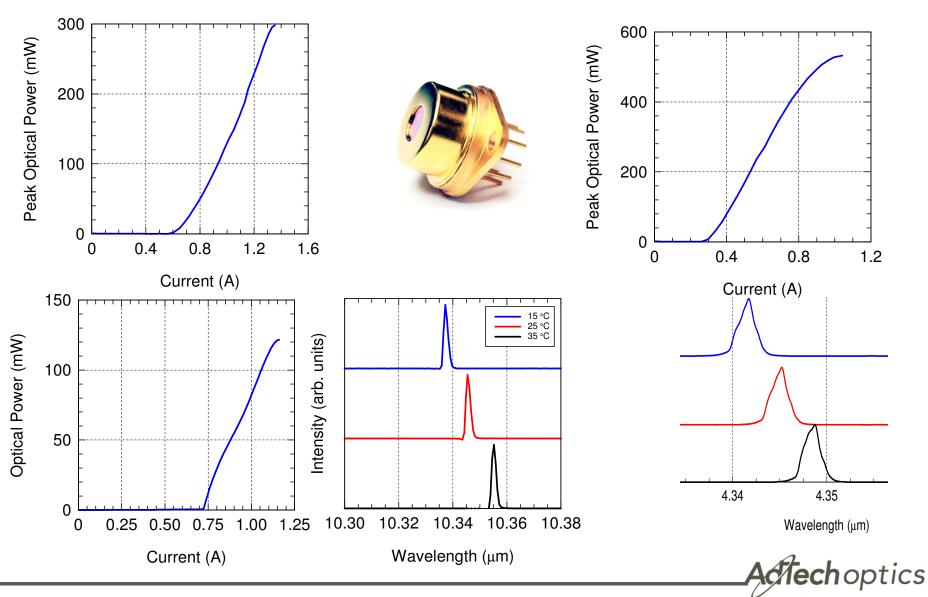


 λ =9.5um ; Emitter Width= 7um P_{th}^{E} = 3.3W ; P_{th}^{E} (50mW) = 4.7W

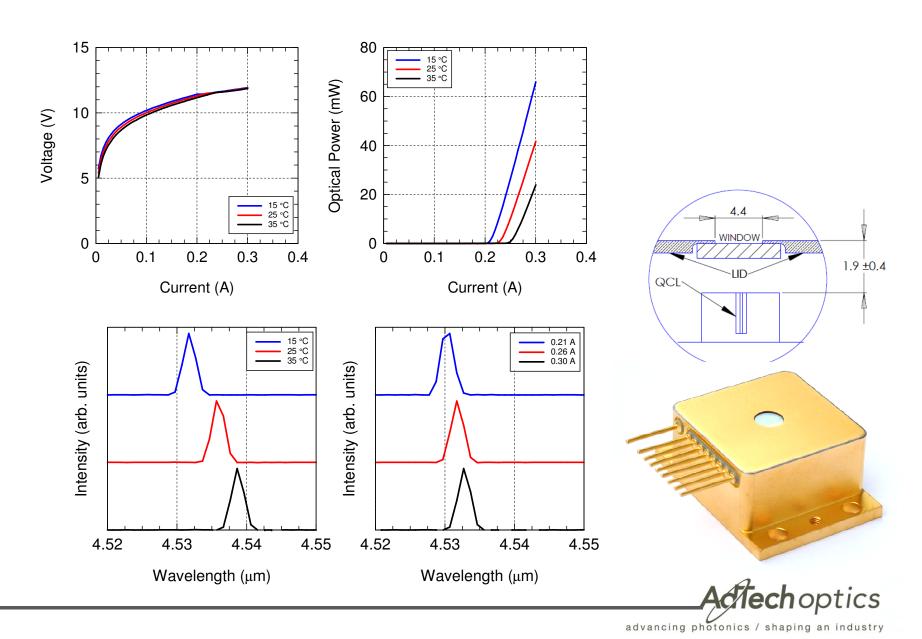




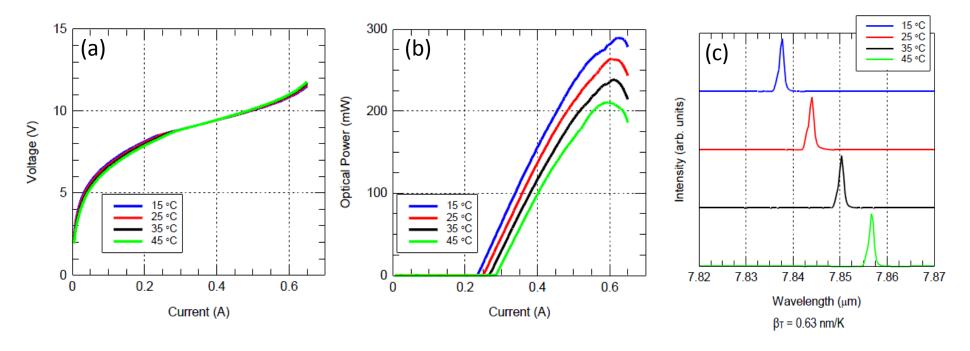
TO-3 DFBs for NH₃ and CO₂



VHL DFBs: 5.26 and 4.53um



High power DFBs



$$\eta_{max} = P_{out}/P^{E} = 250 \text{mW}/5 \text{W} = 5\%$$

Conclusions & Perspectives

QCLs are becoming a mature technology and becoming production/manufacturing ready :

- laser performances are being tuned to the application requirements
- product development is steadily moving forward
- field testing of QCLs is successful and integration is following
- customers need industry-wide standards and reliable suppliers

AdTech has the manufacturing capabilities, technical expertise and financial stability to pursue the full development of QCL-based products. We are committed to support the scientific community and our customers throughout this process.



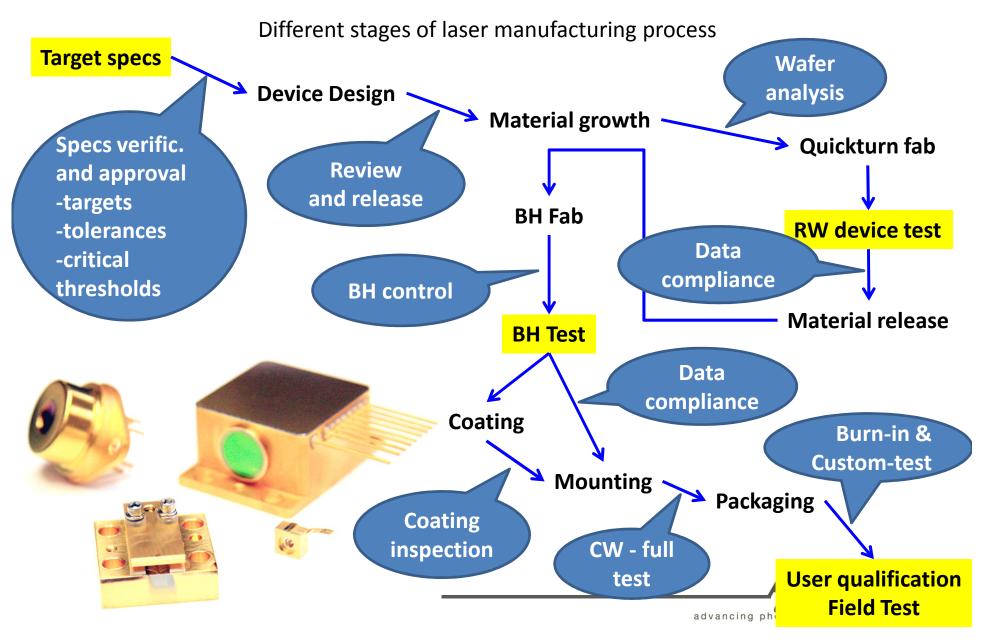
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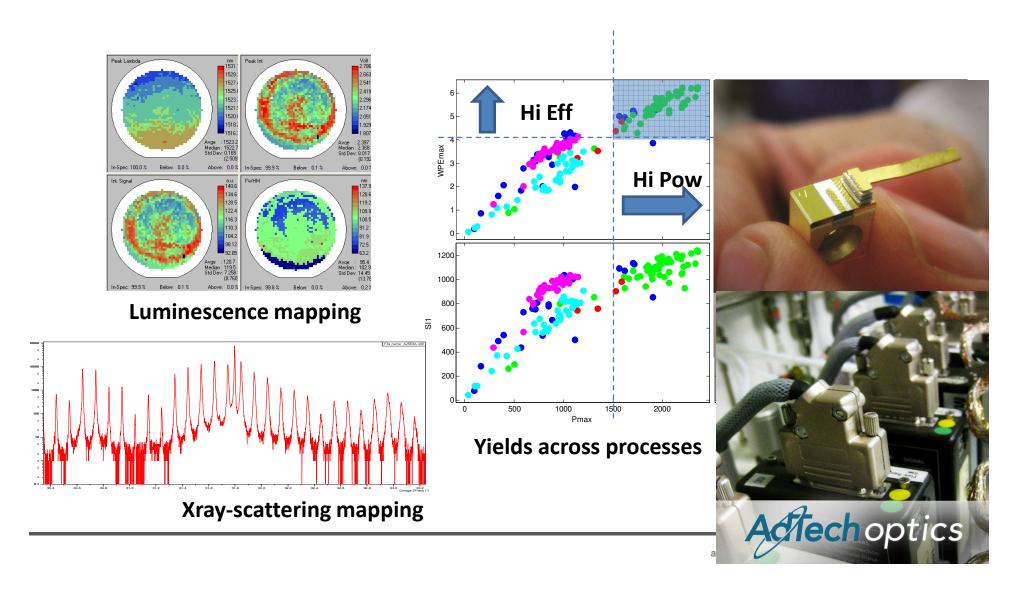
Support from DARPA, ONR, MDA

QCL Manufacturing



QCL Manufacturing – quality control

Measurements and technologies for manufacturing control and repeatability



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