

# Advances in Internet of Things and Cyber Physical Systems and its Adoption to Smart Ship

**Never Stand Still** 

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#### Content

- 1. IoT and CPS New Industrial Frontier
- 2. Top 5 Issues IoT and CPS Adoption
- IoT and CPS Solutions Effort to date
- 4. Smart Adoption The Success Evidence
- 5. Smart Ship Top 10 Challenges
- 6. Smart Ship Solution Embrace new Technology
  Conclusion





#### 1. IoT and CPS

- New Industrial Frontier

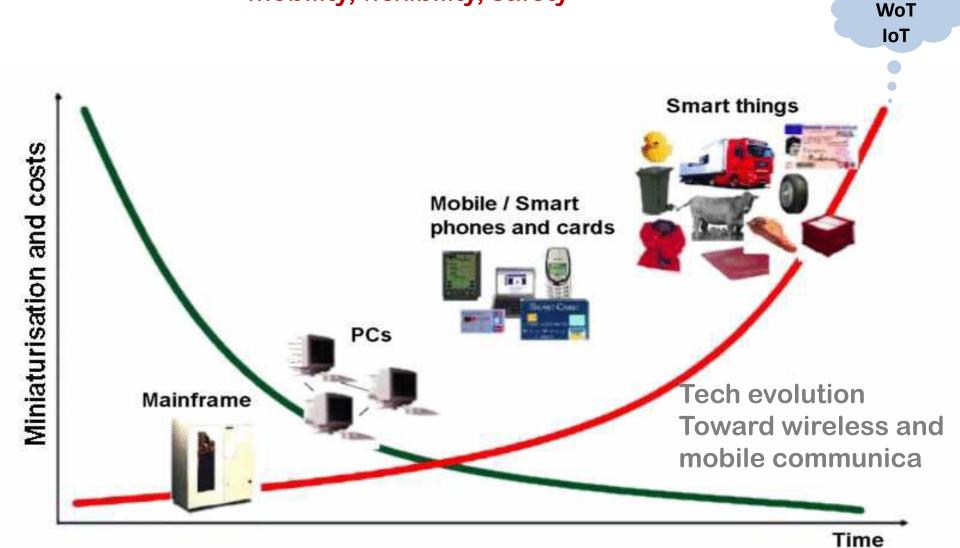
#### **New Industrial Frontier**

#### loT, WoT and CPS

Clouds Internet of Things Web of Things Cyber Physical Systems

**CPS** 

mobility, flexibility, safety



#### **IoT - Examples**

• The Internet of Things (IoT, also Cloud of Things or CoT) refers to the interconnection of uniquely identifiable embedded computing like devices within the existing Internet infrastructure.

**Example: Smart Grid** 

- Networks of functional tightly coupled system
- the Internet of Things is primarily focusing on using various technologies such as RFID, Zigbee, Bluetooth or 6LoWPAN.
- Things, in the IoT, can refer to a wide variety of devices such as heart monitoring implants, biochip transponders on farm animals, automobiles with built-in sensors, or field operation devices.





#### IoT - Tightly coupled system

Maxim Integrated 2014 Silicon, Security, and the Internet of Things The Smart Grid IoT A Smart Home IoT A Medical IoT helps us manage the could connect home could allow vigorous planet's limited energy. media, security, and tracking of patient energy applications to our care history. The Smart A Smart Shipping IoT cell phones. could allow materials to Transportation IoT pass through customs in will help preserve human minutes instead of days. lives, fuel, and time. maxim integrated.

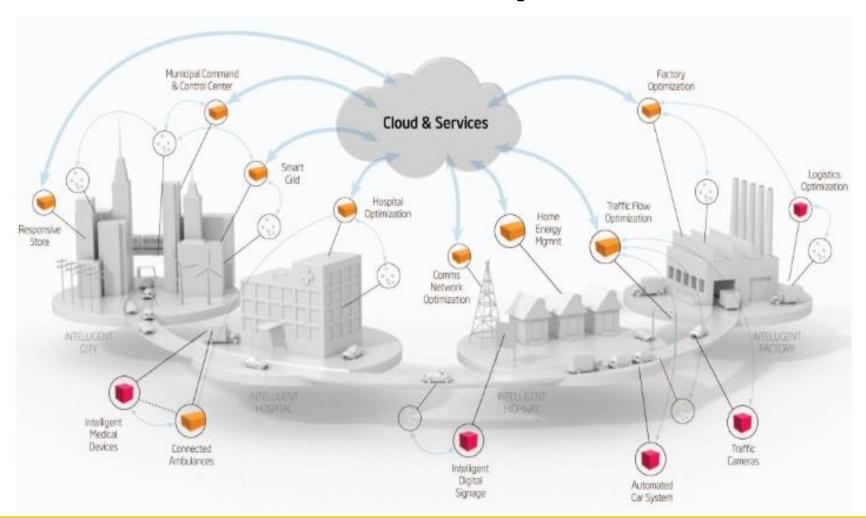
#### **WoT - Systems of systems**

- The Web of Things (or WoT) is a concept and plan to fully incorporate every-day physical objects into the World Wide Web.
- The Web of Things is primarily an evolution of the Internet of Things.
- On the other hand, just like what the Web is to the Internet, allow building an application layer for physical objects, or use 3rd party applications.
- The use of embedded devices.





#### **WoT - Examples**







#### **CPS - Globally connected systems of systems**

- A cyber-physical system (CPS) is a globally connected WoT.
- Bring embedded systems to the Web. ie: aerospace, automotive, chemical processes, civil infrastructure, energy, healthcare, manufacturing, transportation, entertainment, and consumer appliances.
- Adaptations: collision avoidance; precision (e.g., robotic surgery and nano-level manufacturing); operation in dangerous or inaccessible environments (e.g., search and rescue, firefighting, and deep-sea exploration); coordination (e.g., air traffic control, war fighting);
- The US National Science Foundation (NSF) has identified cyberphysical systems as a key area of research. Starting in late 2006.





#### **CPS - Examples**

Ongoing advances in science and engineering will improve the link between computational and physical elements, dramatically increasing the adaptability, autonomy, efficiency, functionality, reliability, safety, and usability of cyber-physical systems.







#### **Underlying Technologies**

#### Wireless Communications

- Wireless Sensor Networks (WSN)
- Embedded devices, with tiny computers, sensors, actuators and network interfaces,
- Ability to deploy sensors with flexibility and mobility, on the Web
- Allows to retrieve data about objects and interact with them
- New global networks, enabling new applications and providing new opportunities for humanities and business









#### **Smarter World**

#### Smart from here

- Today, the world has 340 trillion trillion trillion unique IP addresses [Maxim Integrated 2014]
- Each Person could have zillions of sensors with unique address [Maxim Integrated 2014]
- 60 billions RFID Tags embedded across entire ecosystems
- many manufactured items, goods or assets today utilizing the Internet of Things are already Internet enabled, they have capability to talk to Internet, talk to each other, talk to service providers and talk to infrastructure and environment

#### Smart Things – are here to stay





### 2. IoT and CPS Adoption

- Top 5 Issues

#### **IoT and CPS Adoption**

#### **Top 5 Issues**

- 1. Security (Data, Asset, Resource, Humanity, Safety, Privacy)
- 2. QoS and Reliability (Service Guarantee, Trust)
- 3. Disaster and Outages (Risks, Losses, Consequences)
- 4. Cost and RoI (Capital expenses)
- 5. Big Data (Heterogeneous, Multi-sources, Large n Complex)





# 3. IoT and CPS Solutions State of Art Progress

#### **Embracing New Technology**

#### **Top 5 Issues**

- **1. Security** (Data, Asset, Resource, Humanity, Safety, Privacy)
- **2. QoS and Reliability** (Service Guarantee, SLA, Trust)
- 3. Disaster and Outages (Risks, Losses, Consequences)
- 4. Cost and RoI (Capital expenses)
- **5. Big Data** (Heterogeneous, Multisources, Large n Complex)

#### Top 5 R&D

- **1. Embedded System**, both software and hardware (ZigBee, Silicon, Blue tooth,..)
- **2.** Autonomous Computing, Industrial Agents, Al, ML, Onto-Auto ,...
- **3. Self-organization** (frameworks, models, techniques, policies, processes,
- **4.** Planning, Prediction and Forecast (Coalitions, Time of Usage Pricing..)
- 5. Predictive, Descriptive and Prescriptive Analytics, Conjoint DM, Data Lake, Dynamic Data Mart.





#### IoT Deployment – Security

- Demand Build-in security, software and hardware
- Silicon, ZigBee, ZigBee Pro, Blue Tooth
- Silicon algorithms: AFS and elliptic curve cryptography, MAXQ1050, MAX32590 secure micro-controllers, bootloaders, life cycle protection of devices.
- Security cameras, like ATM,
- Supervised multitude of remote distributed sensors and control devices and health sensors
- Detection on falsifying sensors data, underreporting consumption, resulting power shut down.
- Algorithms: AES-128, secret keys, alarm standard, cryptography, stenography,
- Risks, Trust, Cyber and ambient Security, Intrusion detection, Machine to Machine communication



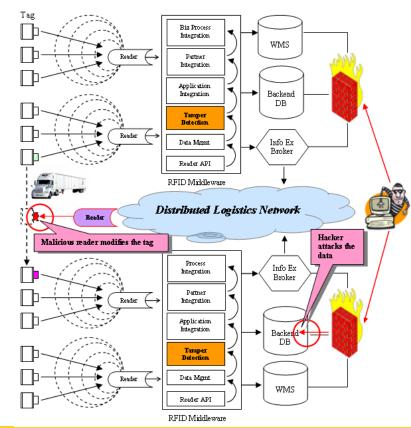


#### **Our Work- Tamper Security**

**Security** help identify and measure the network vulnerability, monitoring and control of malicious activities. It also detects the attacks, fraud, and intrusion etc. [Potdar, Chang etal 2005-2013]

#### Technology underpinning the above are:

- Cyber Security
- Network Security
- Data and Database Security
- RFID tamper detection
- Barcode Watermarking
- Information Security
- Finger Print







#### **Our Work ZigBee Attack Experiment**

Simulate operations to disrupt, deny, degrade or destroy communication data within nodes, hub and networks. [PhD theses and Publication available] Security

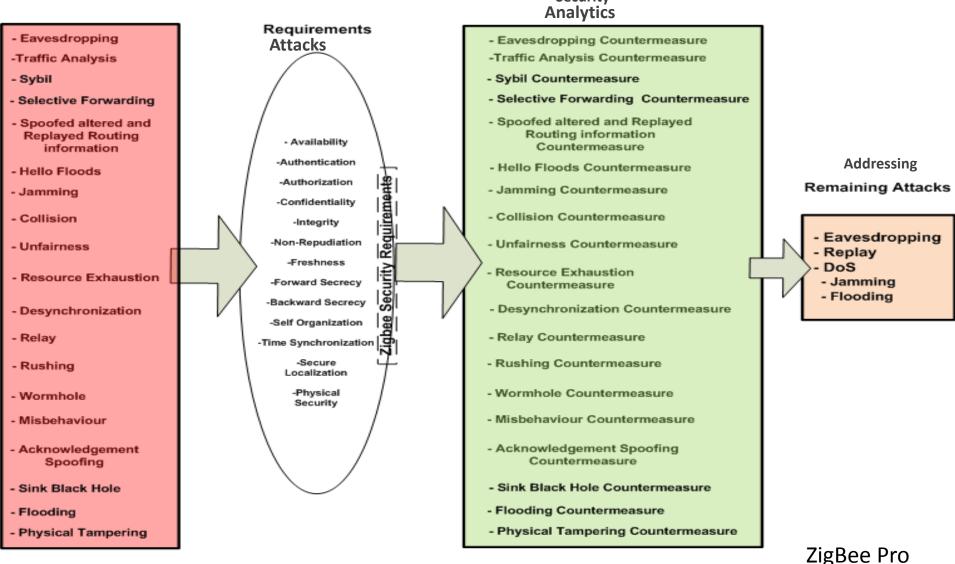
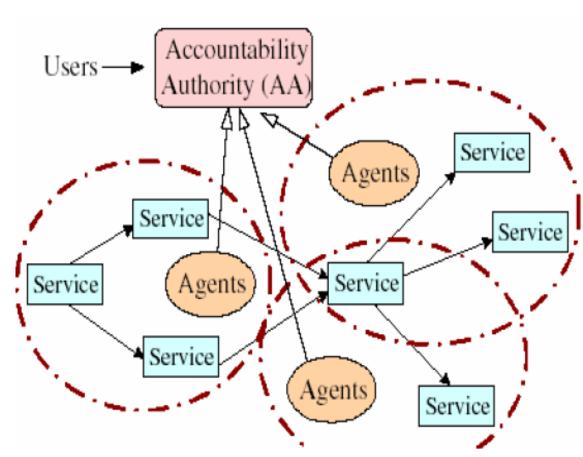


Figure 4-1: The process of Attacks Filtering

#### Research – Autonomy

- Dynamic management
   Schemes
- Situation awareness
- Global self-organized network
- Evolution theories
- Regulation Mechanism
- Random service detection
- Service discovery and configuration







#### Research – Self-organization



#### Our work:

Architectures, Models, Temporary coalition Multipath algorithms NS2 simulations Fault tolerance Geo graphic protocols









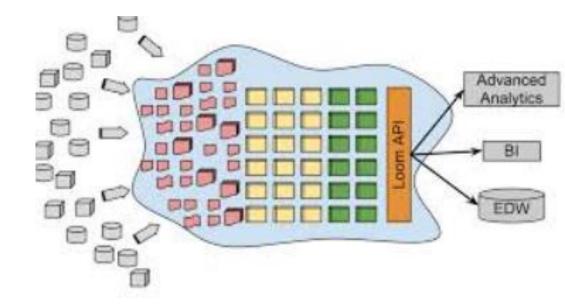


#### Research – Big Data, DataMart, Data Lakes

#### **Our Recent work:**

**Dynamic DataMart** scheme.

Data Lake: Data dump, heterogeneous data repository, data integration from multiple sources, dump raw data in its native format until it is needed



Loom API | www.revelytix.com



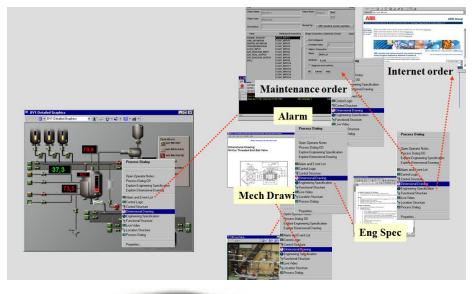


# 4. Smart Adoption Face the issues Make our World Smarter

#### Manufacturing Adoption of IoT and CPS

The world effort since 1980s









#### **Defence Adoption of IoT and CPS**

since 1990s







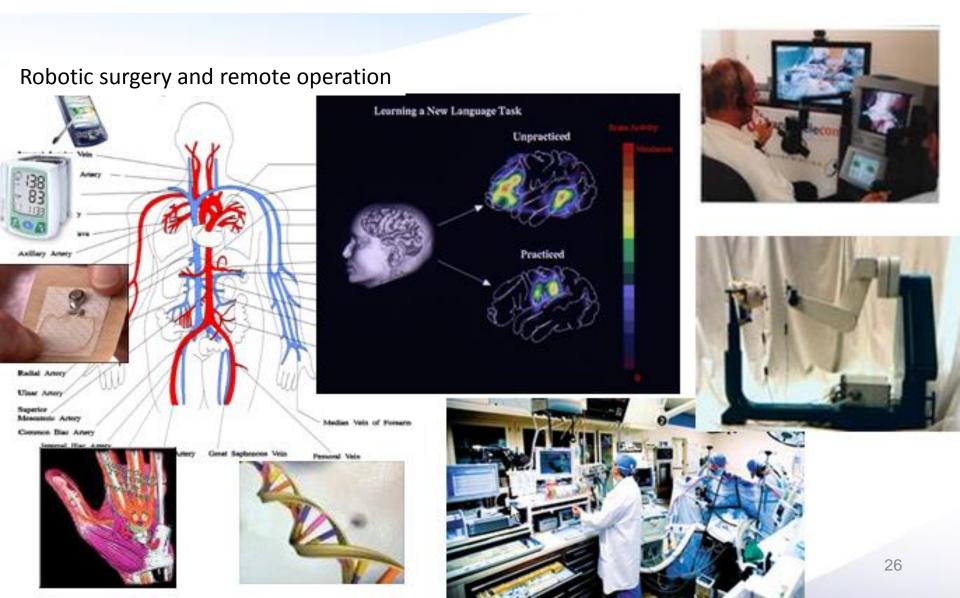






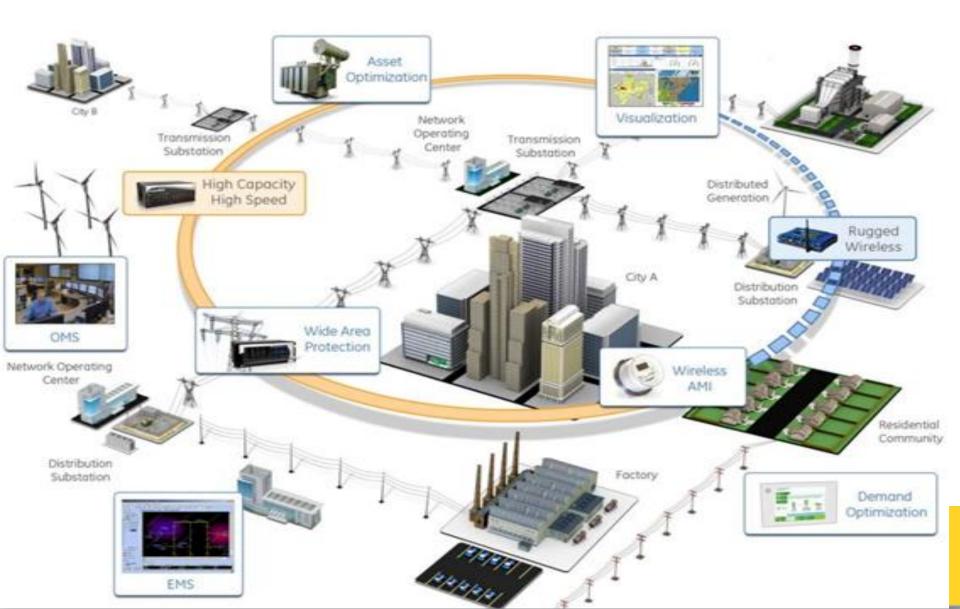
#### Medicare Adoption of IoT and CPS

The world effort Since 2000s



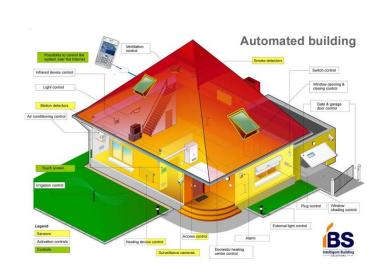
#### **Smart City Adoption of IoT and CPS**

The world since mid 2000s

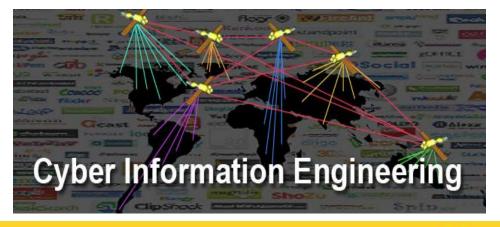


#### **Smart Home Adoption of IoT and CPS**

The world effort since early 2010s



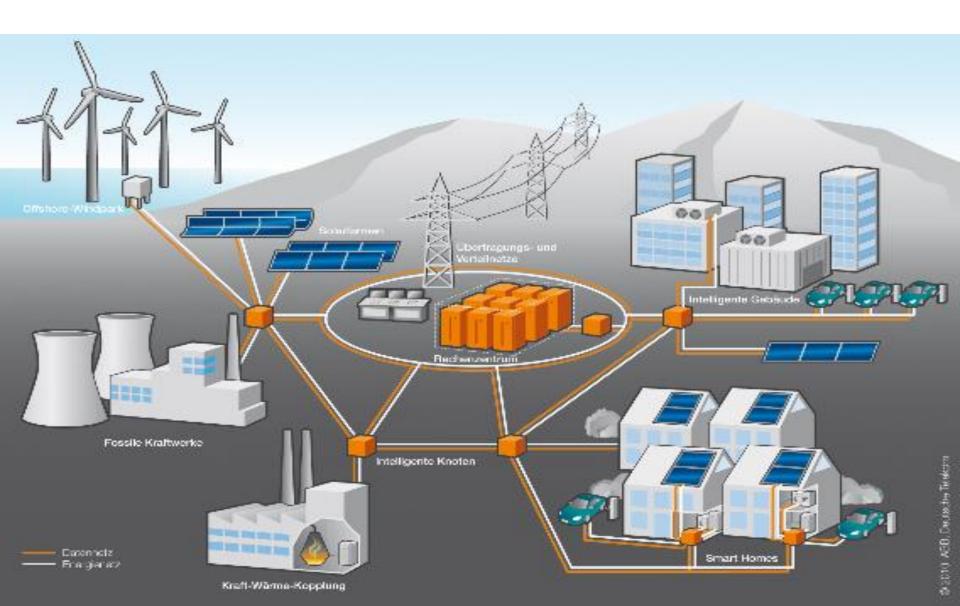








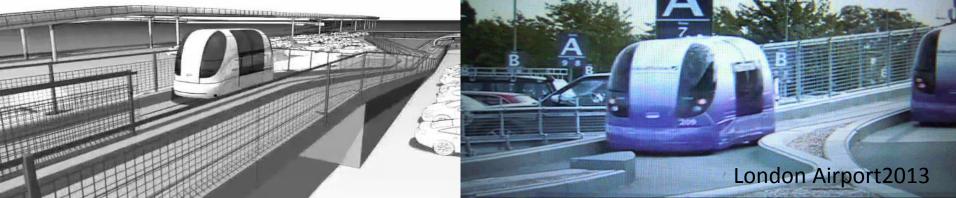
## Smart Grid - Successful Adoption of IoT and CPS The No.1 successful evidence and Rol



#### **Smart Transportation**

#### The No.2 successful evidence and Rol





#### Our work 2008-2010 funded by StatoilHydro

#### Mining Industry Project with IoT and CPS

#### Wireless Sensor Network for Oil Company



- StatoilHydro is involved in large scale exploration of crude oil.
- All their facilities use a <u>lot of sensors</u> and wireless devices.
- These devices <u>provide real time information</u> on the operations.
- <u>Failure</u> of these sensors in <u>costly</u> and takes time to get the plant back on track.

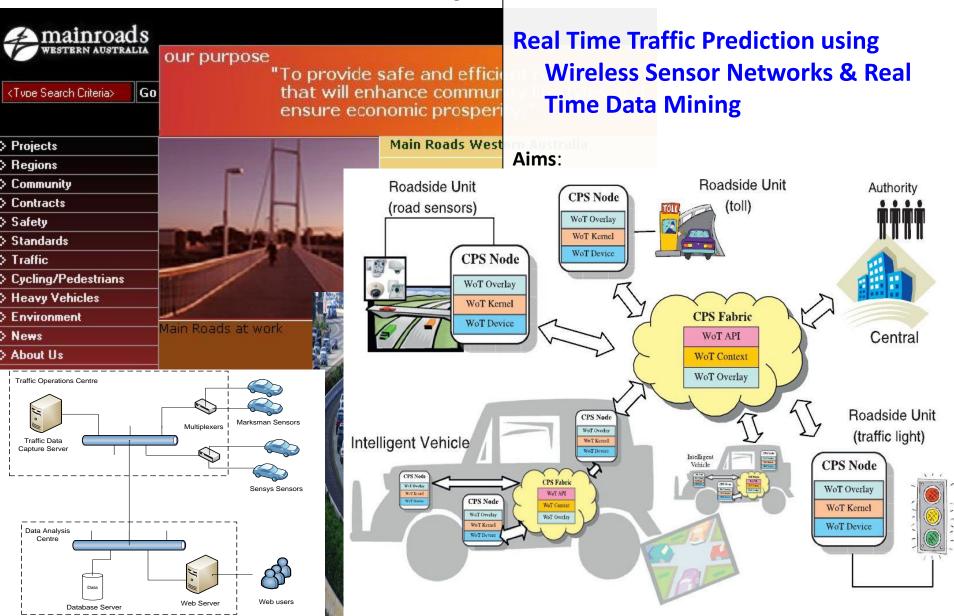
#### For example

Accumulated sand in the pipes
Limit – up to 200nm acceptable
IF above this limit THEN
Alarm sounds and the Plant Stops
This event is costly and needs to be prevented



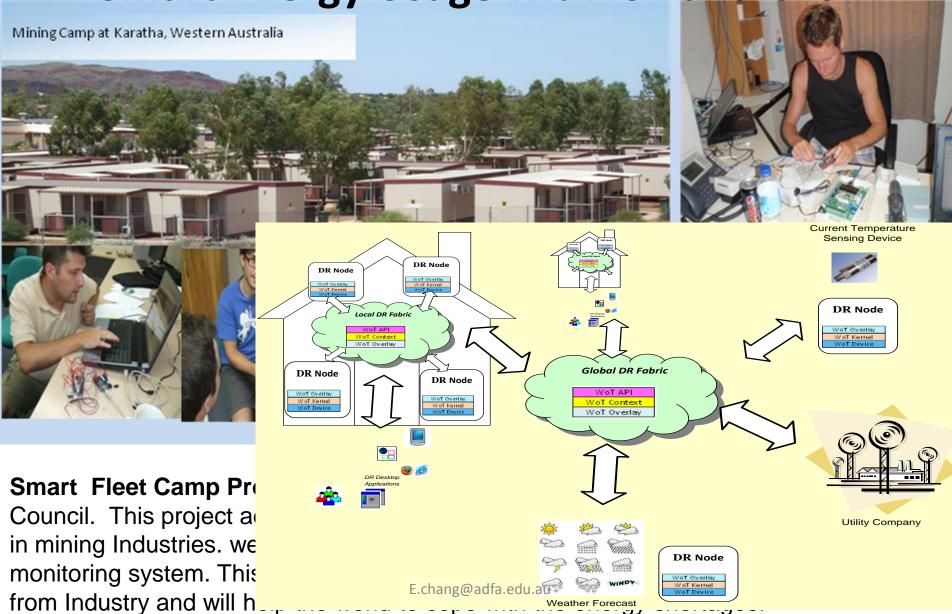
#### Our Work 2009-2012 Funded by ARC and Main Road WA

Traffic Control Project with IoT and CPS

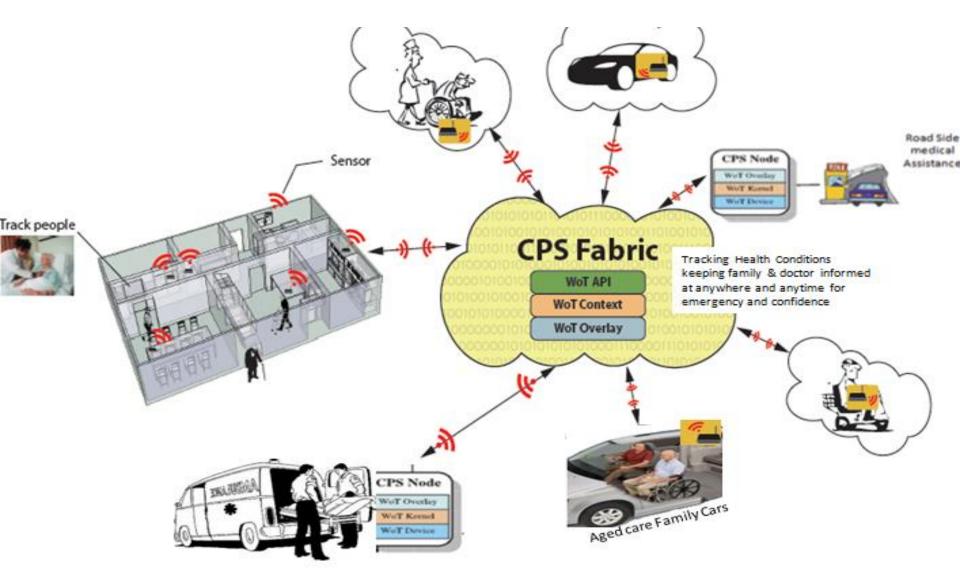


#### Our work 2010-2013 funded by ARC and Fleetwood

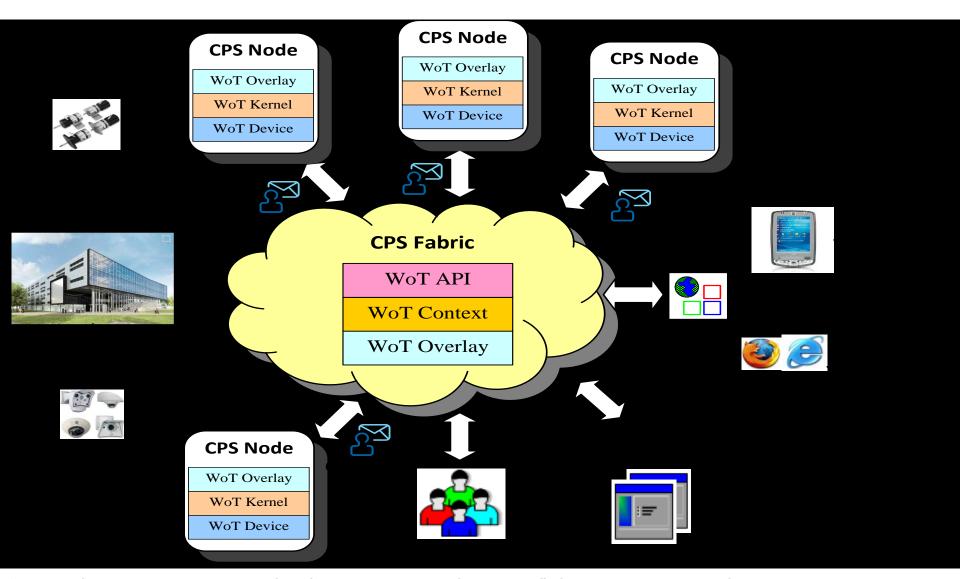
**Smart Energy Usage with IoT and CPS** 



## Our work 2011-2013 Health/Aged care with IoT and CPS

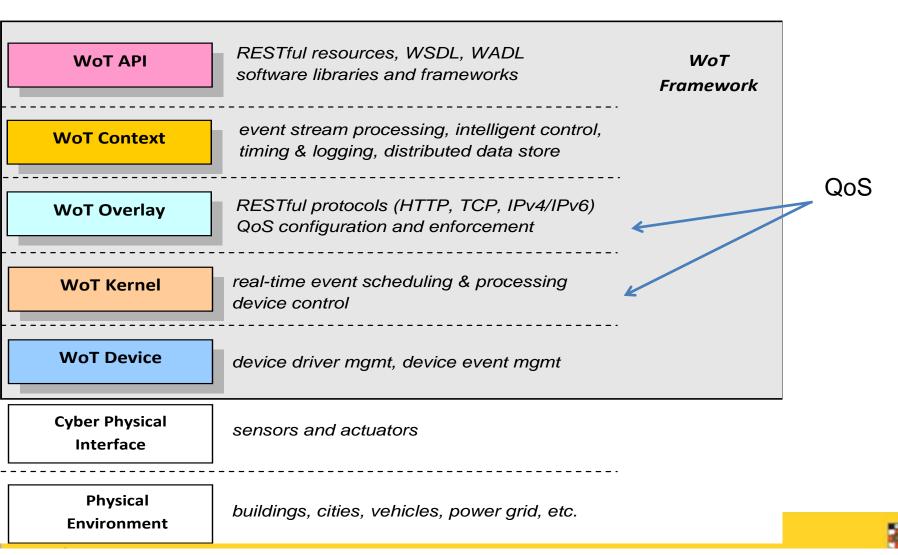


#### **Architecture**



"Web of Things Framework for Cyber-Physical Systems," Concurrency and Computation: Practice and Experience, 23(9), 2011, pp. 905–923; With T.S. Dillon, H. Zhuge, C. Wu, J. Singh

#### Our CPS Architecture - based on WoT



"Web of Things Framework for Cyber-Physical Systems," Concurrency and Computation: Practice and Experience, 23(9), 2011, pp. 905–923; With T.S. Dillon, H. Zhuge, C. Wu, J. Singh

# 5. Smart Ship

- Top 10 Issues

Our recent work funded by ADF 2014-2018

# Ship and Types







#### **Baselines**

- Small ship: 13,000 + items, Large Ship 45,000 items
- Small warehouses or Floating warehouses
- 1 6 months journey Assets supply
- People, Foods and Medical supply
- Reliability, security and safety

- 1. Security and Safety
- 2. Communication issues
- 3. On-Shore and Off-Shore Asset Visibility
- 4. Manual Data Entry System on-board ship
- 5. Engineering Reliability and Maintenance
- 6. Ship Tracking and Sustainment
- 7. Long Lead Time
- 8. Repairs n Overhaul
- 9. Poor Demand Planning
- 10. Un-balance Ship Inventory and Budget





#### 1. Security and Safety

- Human Assets
- Physical goods assets
- Defence services
- Piracy attacks
- Privacy
- Safety
- Financial responsibility





#### 2. Communication issues

- On and off communication
- Whether conditions
- Access to satellite
- Data exchange normally 24 hrs delay (communication load, encryption, extraction, txt packet send/receive)





#### 3. On-Shore and Off-Shore Asset Visibility

- End-to-end Data visibility
- Data Misalignment
- Data Entry Error and Data Reject
- Track n Trace Spares,
- Track n Track "usuage" and "returns" (broken ones)
- Financial Accountability





#### 4. Manual Data Entry System on-board ship

- Manual based data entry
- No automation support
- Error-prone
- On-shore and off-shore data alignment
- On-shore and off-shore systems' communication





#### 5. Engineering Reliability and Maintenance

- Keep pace with scheduled maintenance
- Outside manufacturing warrantee
- Varied engineering depreciation predictions
- Challenges in Engineering reliability modelling
- Approaches to Engineering replacement





#### 6. Ship Tracking and Sustainment

- Identify where about in emergency situation
- Submarine rescue
- Natural Disaster relief
- Substantial cost (financial and human resources)
- Substantial damages





#### 7. Long Lead Time

- Repair loop between 6 weeks to 6 months
- Lead time to "issue" (delivery the parts)
- Lead time to "Return" (return the broken parts)
- Repair pool estimation
- Balance between Schedule vs un-schedules maintenance





#### 8. JIT Repairs and Overhaul

- Engineering diagnostics
- Engineering Expert
- Data Expert
- Budget constraints
- Inventory forecast
- Inventory planning





#### 9. Poor Demand Planning

- Older Platforms
- Un-expected breakdown
- Difficult to forecast
- Multi factors and multi variables (Operator behaviours, Usage and usage rate, engineering reliability, maintenance, etc)





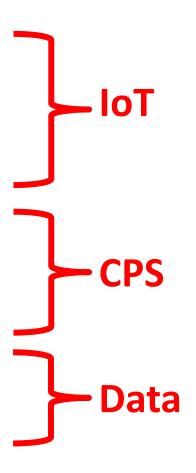
#### 10. Un-balance Inventory and Budget

- Cost of urgent repair
- Poor "safety Stock"
   (what you need, you do not have, what you don't need, you have plenty)
- Cost-to-hold
- Optimisation of Inventory
- Optimisation of budget
- Buy vs repair decision
- Value for money





- 1. Security and Safety
- 2. Communication issues
- 3. On-Shore and Off-Shore Asset Visibility
- 4. Manual Data Entry System on-board ship
- 5. Engineering Reliability and Maintenance
- 6. Ship Tracking and Sustainment
- 7. Long Lead Time
- 8. Repairs n Overhaul
- 9. Poor Demand Planning
- 10. Un-balance Ship Inventory and Budget







# 5. Smart Ship Solution

Embrace new Technology

### **Existing Work**

- Safety and efficiency of inland shipping [2013 http://ascelibrary.org/doi/pdf/10.1061/9780784413036.327]
- Ericsson's Maritime ICT Cloud, connect vessels at sea with shore-based operations, [2015
   <a href="http://www.landmobile.co.uk/news/ericssons-maritime-ict-cloud-enables-connected-ships">http://www.landmobile.co.uk/news/ericssons-maritime-ict-cloud-enables-connected-ships</a>
- Route Exchange, connect Maritime cloud, services, stakeholders and geolocation of ships [2015 Application REX <a href="http://osdelivers.blackducksoftware.com/2015/02/11/industrial-internet-of-things-in-the-maritime-industry/">http://osdelivers.blackducksoftware.com/2015/02/11/industrial-internet-of-things-in-the-maritime-industry/</a>
- Signal K: connect all the previously disconnected Things on the boat into a Network of Things <a href="http://themarineinstallersrant.blogspot.com.au/2015/02/iot-and-your-boat.html">http://themarineinstallersrant.blogspot.com.au/2015/02/iot-and-your-boat.html</a>





#### **IoT for Smart Ship**

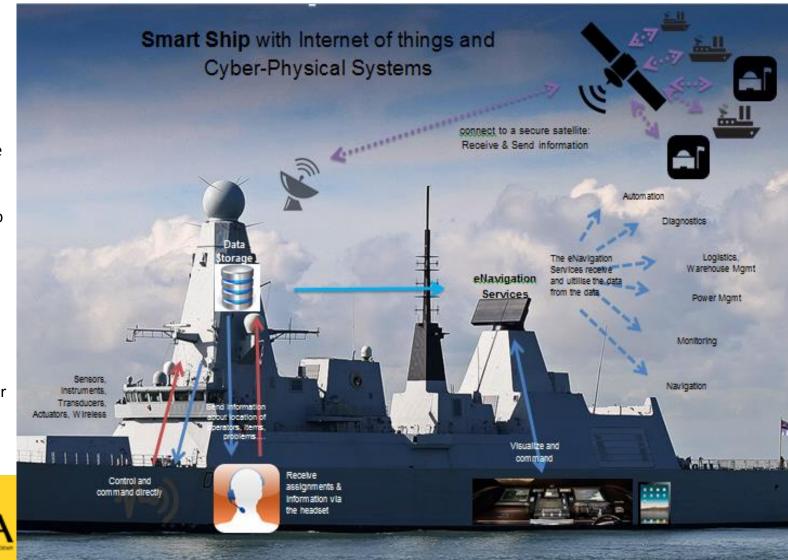
Our solution (IoT, Voice, RFID, MobApp)

Tightly coupled and controlled system

Ship Top Issues
Security and Safety
Communication issues
On-Shore and Off-Shore Asset Visibility
Manual Data Entry System on-board ship
Engineering Reliability and Maintenance

#### Our proposed work

- Voice headset, locations of each item...
- share this information inside a single ship
- use voice for managing the ship and sending information.
- monitoring, navigation, asset movement
- Location of operators, assets and via a sensor or the headset
- Managers to assign orders





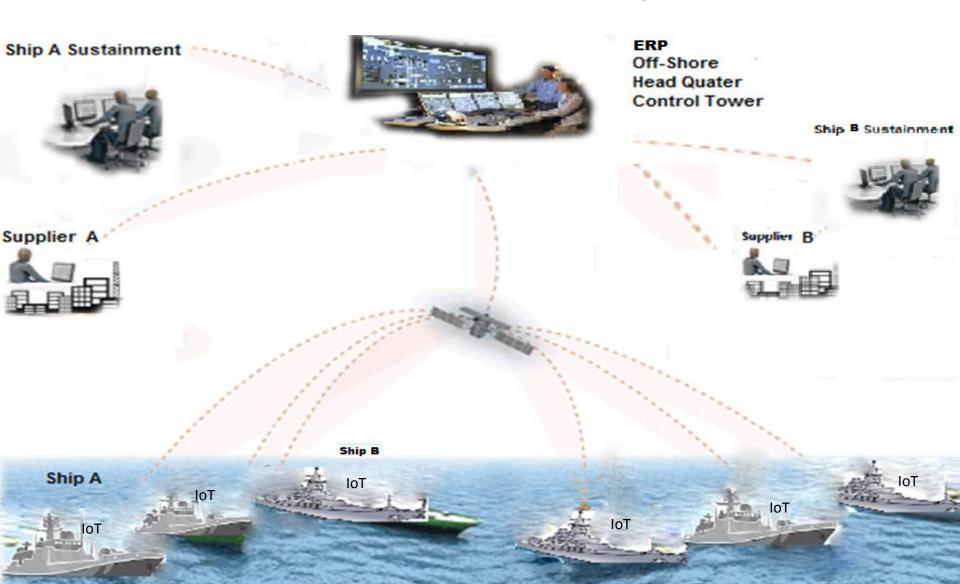
#### **Smart Ship with CPS**

Our solution (on-shore+ Off-shore, Sys Integration, E-to-E Visibility)

**Globally connected Systems of Systems** 

#### **Ship Top Issues**

- On-Shore and Off-Shore Asset Visibility
- Engineering Reliability and Maintenance
- Ship Tracking and Sustainment
- **Long Lead Time**
- Repairs n Overhaul



# **IoT for Smart Ship**

#### **Our Smart Ship Solution Process**











Secure Data

Centers















- Location
- Items
- Equipment Status
- Worker behaviour
- Time









& analytics

Tablets, Headsets

accessible reports









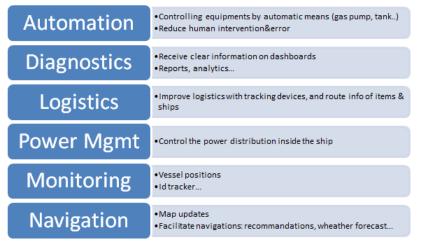


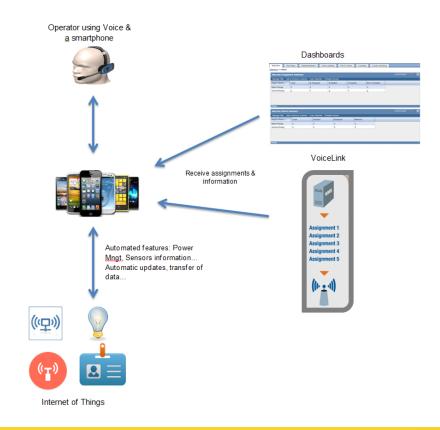




#### **Software Integration for Smart Ship**

Our Smart Ship Solution integration of RFID, Voice, Data, MobApp,+





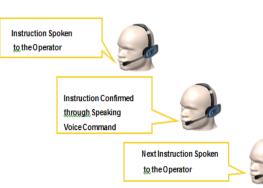




#### Voice + IoT, Enable Automation

#### Powered by Honeywell Voice link Technology

- a. How does it work
- Assignment from WMS/ERP transmitted to voiceenabled platform via 802.11a/b/g WLAN
- Voice-enabled platform translates assignment data into audible commands
- User provides spoken responses to confirm actions
- Check-digit ensures accuracy
- > Translated back to data
- Transmitted from voice-enabled platform via 802.11a/b/g WLAN
- Host data sources updated using enterprise connector









- 1. Engineering Diagnostics (repair or overhaul)
- 2. Breakdown scenario outline
- 3. FastTrack of asset on the on-board ship
- 4. Urgent demand description
- 5. Accurate recording of asset usage rate
- 6. Tracking "Return" of the assets





# **Smart Ship with IoT n CPS**



# **Conjoint DM and In real time**

- The co-joint data and content mining on Big Data including the combined RFID and wireless sensors data on the goods and assets handling, warehousing and transportation, GPS, GPRS and position location system for transport vehicle and shipment tracking, Surveillance Systems for Operator Performance and situation awareness, provenance of Goods and Asset tracking.
- The conjoint data and content mining are also needed for Inter- and intra-ship, on-shore and off-shore transactions; data monitoring,
- Black-box (on ships vessels) communication and auto and semi-automated physical flow and information flow





# **Challenges on Conjoint DM**

- One of our biggest challenges in the conjoint data mining has been the assurance that the data quality, data are trusted and transmitted securely.
- If the wrong decision is made based on the poor data set, it could result in major financial losses, high casualties and possible terrorist attack through the use of transport.





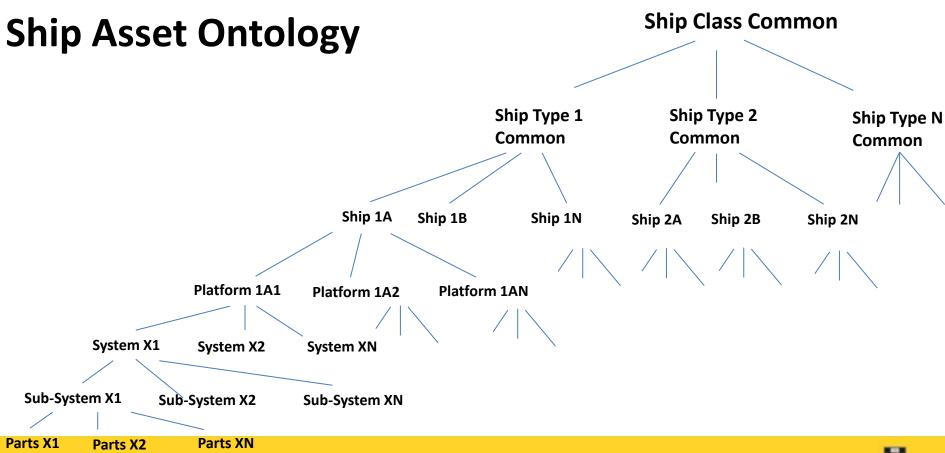
# **Conjoint DM + Ship Ontology**

- We have developed ship ontology aimed at managing the Big data by defining the meaning of data through adding context that gives information on the data.
- Our works include Ontologies, RDF annotations and contexts. We carry out mining and visualization of big data both relational data (ship warehouse data) and complex data includes tree structured data (Geo-data),
- We work on XML based asset management (procedures and workflows), semi-unstructured textual data, voice data, image data (positions and locations), multimedia data (surveillance data), graphical data (Asset tracking data).





#### Real time Data Intelligence for Smart Ship





#### **Front-end Mobile App**

#### powered by Dynamic DataMart from Data Lake

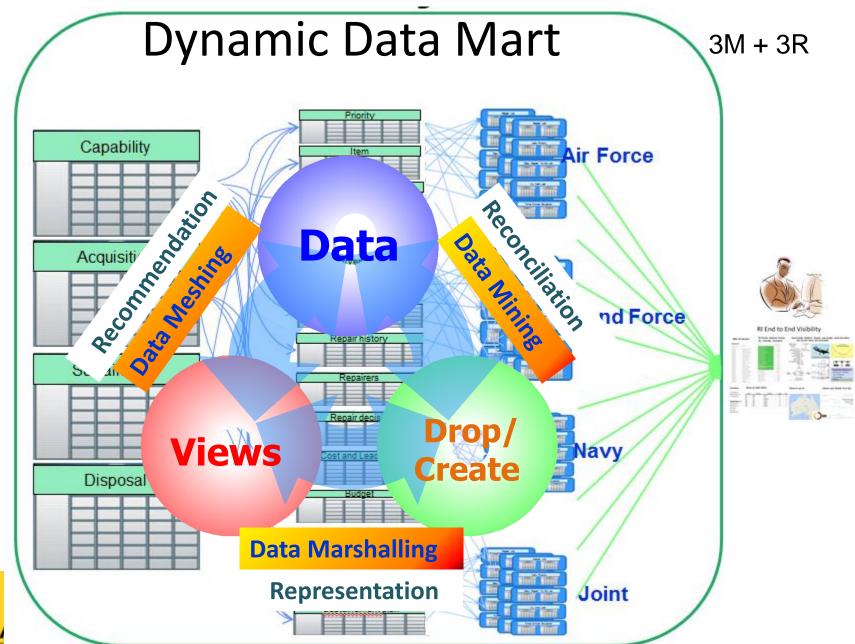
The Dynamic Data Mart Engine [39, 40] is a forward and backward loop that carries out 3M and 3R functions,.

#### 3M, namely:

- <u>Data Mining</u>: mining the application log, that mines the user's behaviours/user's decision makings and usage rates of each view and window widgets clicks, providing usage rates.
- <u>Data Marshalling</u>: for low usage rate views, we collect the data set, put them on probation period, to see whether we can reuse.
- <u>Data Meshing:</u> based on the data mining and data marshalling report, we create new views that potential will attract the usage.

#### 3R, namely:

- Recommendation: Following up 3M, we provide recommendation to the user, just like how
  Amazon.com gives it to people who have purchased a book by recommending them other similar
  books that other people have bought to the RI managers, that are likely to use the similar data set
  and making similar decision, but this decision making is now recorded and reused.
- Reconciliation: If the data is likely useful with high hit rate, but the view is not useful to finish a task, we reconcile all the window widgets and data set, provide new window workflows or widgets workflows.
- Representation: We then represent a new view to replace the old view to the user.
   Citation: Chang etal "Dynamic Data Mart", Keynote, IFIP World Computer Congress WCC 2015





# Conclusion

#### Summary

- 1. IoT and CPS New Industrial Frontier
- 2. Top 5 Issues IoT and CPS Adoption
- 3. IoT and CPS Solutions Ours and World Effort
- 4. Smart Adoption The Success Evidence
- 5. Smart Ship Top 10 Challenges
- 6. Smart Ship Solution Embrace new Technology
  Conclusion





# **Unleashing the Potential**

Despite mounting political pressures and regulations, about security issues with IoT and CPS

- IoT and CPS adoption, will be rolled out one by one,
- Providing smarter world with great Rol
- Preserve precious resources, human lives, fuel, human endeavour, and time
- Demonstrate value for money





# Acknowledgement

- UNSW@ADFA Asset Management Graduates
- CAPT Miko, CMDR M. O'Brian, MAJGEN M. Clifford
- Inventory Reform Group CAS Group ADF and their financial sponsorship
- Honeywell USA and Australia
- Linfox Australia
- Google image





#### **Questions?**

Contact: e.chang@adfa.edu.au

Work experience and PhD programs welcome at UNSW@ADFA



