# Computer-Based Measures of Attentional Function in Ageing and Dementia

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## Research Team Research Development Group (RDG)

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#### **Outline of Presentation...**

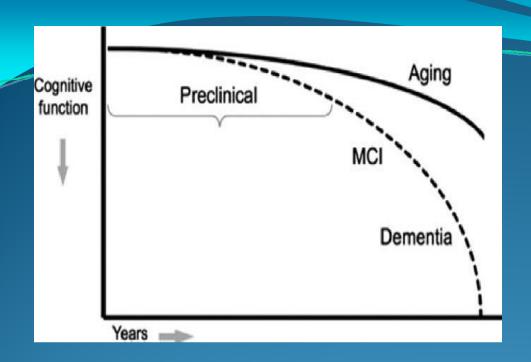
- •Introduction to research area of Alzheimer's and Subjective Cognitive Decline (SCD)
- •Study aim, objective, method
- •Results
- •Conclusions & next steps

### Alzheimer's Disease

- •Main cause of dementia...approximately 70%
- •AD affects approx. 5% > 65 years, 20% > 80 years
- •Approx. 800,000 affected in UK
- •Approx. 35.6m affected worldwide

### Future Challenge...

- Ageing population
- Social and economic challenge





### Research Evidence

#### Reisberg et al (2010):

- •SCI 4.5x more likely to develop MCI
- •MCI 12% progressed to AD compared to people without MCI (1-2% progressed)

#### Kryscio et al (in Press):

- •Subjective Memory Complaints (SMCs) increased risk for progression to MCI/dementia (BRAiNS study)
- •Brain donation autopsy reports: SMCs relating to higher levels of neuritic amyloid plaques
- •Implications for the design of dementia prevention studies

#### Jessen et al (2014):

- •Subjective Cognitive Decline (SCD)- progressive nature of cognitive decline in AD
- •Characterization of at-risk states and detection of early disease are crucial for targeted dementia prevention
- •Target for intervention where only mild neuronal damage...preserve functioning at a high level
- Problem...cannot detect SCD on standardized tests
- SCD is unspecific...also related to e.g.normal ageing, substance use, medication, psychiatric illness etc...
- BUT...doesn't take away that people still experience it
- SCD-I (Initiative) introduced to facilitate the development of a common SCD research concept

### Attention in Ageing

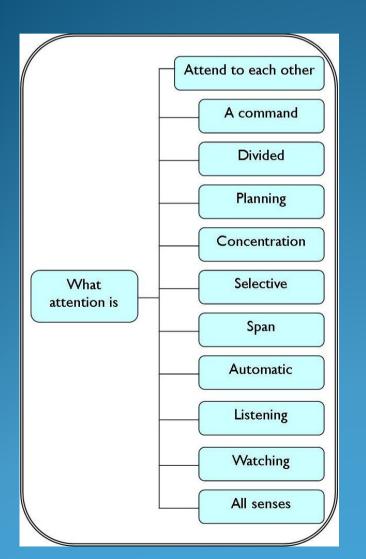
### Aim...

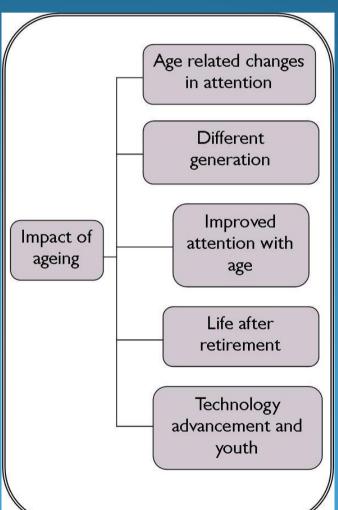
- To inform the development of more sensitive & specific tests of attention
- Translate people's real-life experiences of attention into the development of more ecologically valid and clinically useful objective tests of attention
- Ultimately to work towards developing a monitoring tool to help identify AD risk factors earlier

### Method...

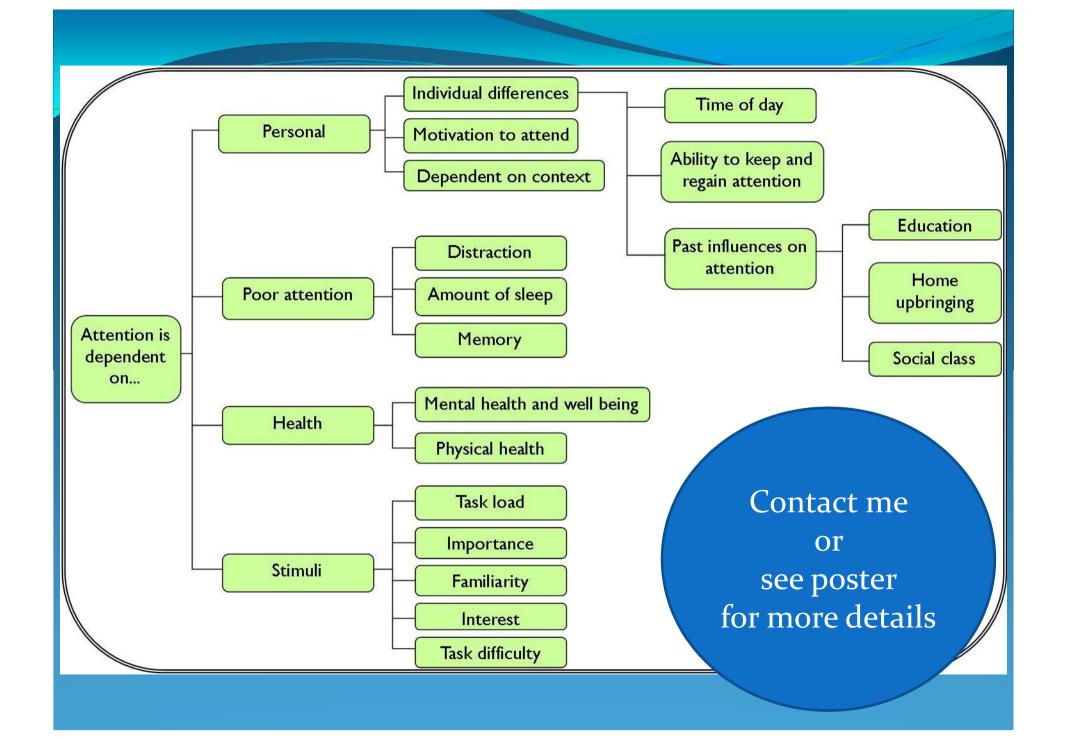
- Cross-sectional study
- x3 focus groups >65 years and x2 focus groups 18-30 years
- Thematic analysis; two coders
- Questions asked about: their understanding of attention; the importance of attention; changes in attention; iPad test feedback

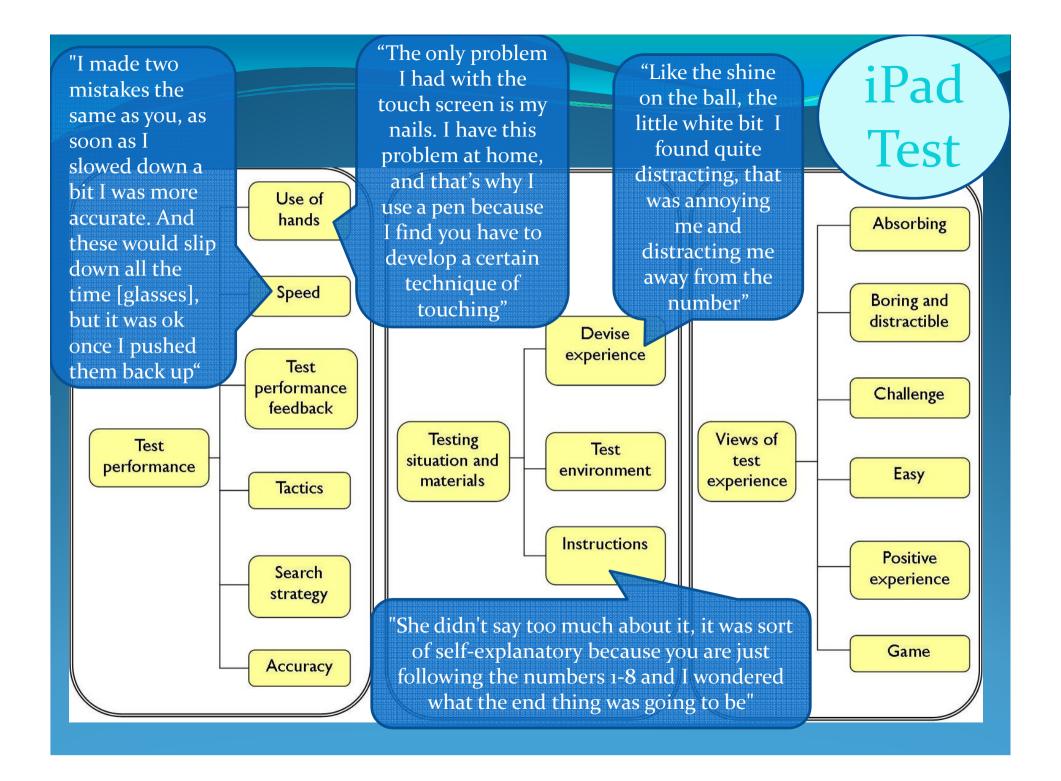
### Themes Identified: Attention





Contact me or see poster for more details





### **Conclusions & Next Steps**

### What can we take from this research?

- People find it difficult to verbalise what 'attention' is
- Highlighted that people will have different preconceived ideas about what the study is on and what they are signing up to (question ability to give informed consent)
- Many factors that need to be taken into account when using an iPad with older adults e.g. use of hands, spectacles, experience...
- Focus on methodological practice set test instructions to improve ecological validity of test results

### Contact



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