About OMICS Group

OMICS Group is an amalgamation of Open Access Publications and worldwide international science conferences and events. Established in the year 2007 with the sole aim of making the information on Sciences and technology 'Open Access', OMICS Group publishes 500 online open access scholarly journals in all aspects of Science, Engineering, Management and Technology journals. OMICS Group has been instrumental in taking the knowledge on Science & technology to the doorsteps of ordinary men and women. Research Scholars, Students, Libraries, Educational Institutions, Research centers and the industry are main stakeholders that benefitted greatly from this dissemination. OMICS Group also organizes knowledge International conferences annually across the globe, where knowledge transfer takes place through debates, round table discussions, poster presentations, workshops, symposia and exhibitions.

OMICS International Conferences

OMICS International is a pioneer and leading science event organizer, which publishes around 500 open access journals and conducts over 500 Medical, Clinical, Engineering, Life Sciences, Pharma scientific conferences all over the globe annually with the support of more than 1000 scientific associations and 30,000 editorial board members and 3.5 million followers to its credit.

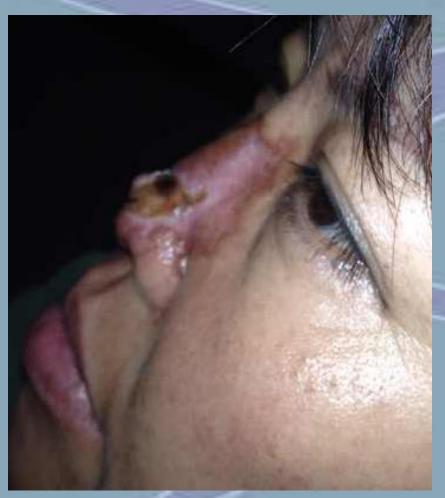
OMICS Group has organized 500 conferences, workshops and national symposiums across the major cities including San Francisco, Las Vegas, San Antonio, Omaha, Orlando, Raleigh, Santa Clara, Chicago, Philadelphia, Baltimore, United Kingdom, Valencia, Dubai, Beijing, Hyderabad, Bengaluru and Mumbai.



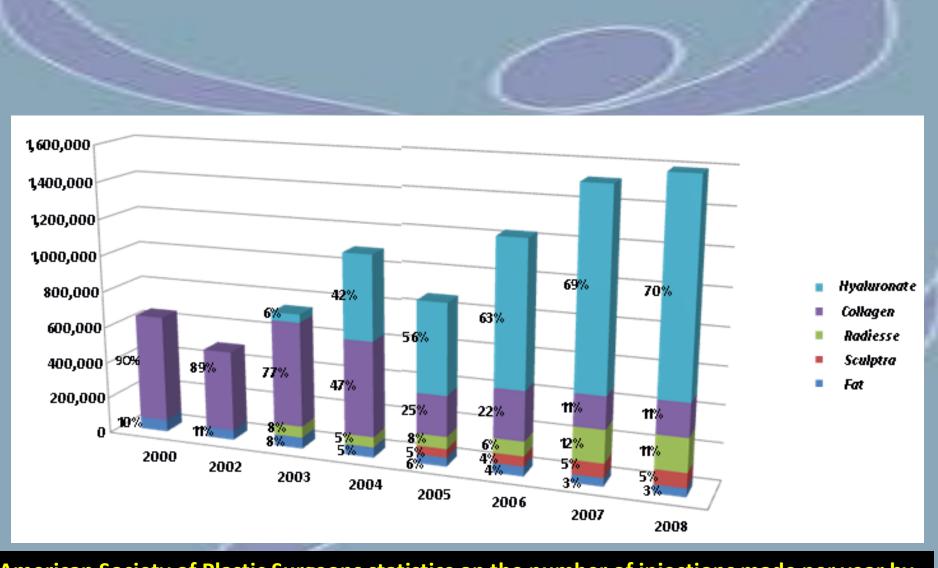
Thanks to friendly Collaborators who shared with me their pictures

- Dr Junfeng Du, China,
- Dr Jean Hebrant, Belgium
- Dr Igor Rudenko, Ukraine
- Prof Milanov, Plastic Surgery, Russia
- Dr Sidorenkov, Plastic Surgery, Russia
- Dr Luitgaard Wiest, Dermatology, Germany
- Dr Romulo Mene, Plastic Surgery, Brasil
- Dr Denis Valente, Plastic Surgery, Brasil
- Dr Ziya Saylan, Cosmetic Surgery, Turkey
- Dr Georghy, General Surgery, Australia
- Prof Gottfried Lemperle, Plastic Surgery, USA
- Prof Hirotaro Fukuoka, Plastic Surgery, Japan
- Prof Ivo Pitanguy, Brazil
- Prof Luiz Toledo, ISAPS Professor, Dubai, UAE
- AND OTHERS

What is a common complication







American Society of Plastic Surgeons statistics on the number of injections made per year by surgeon members

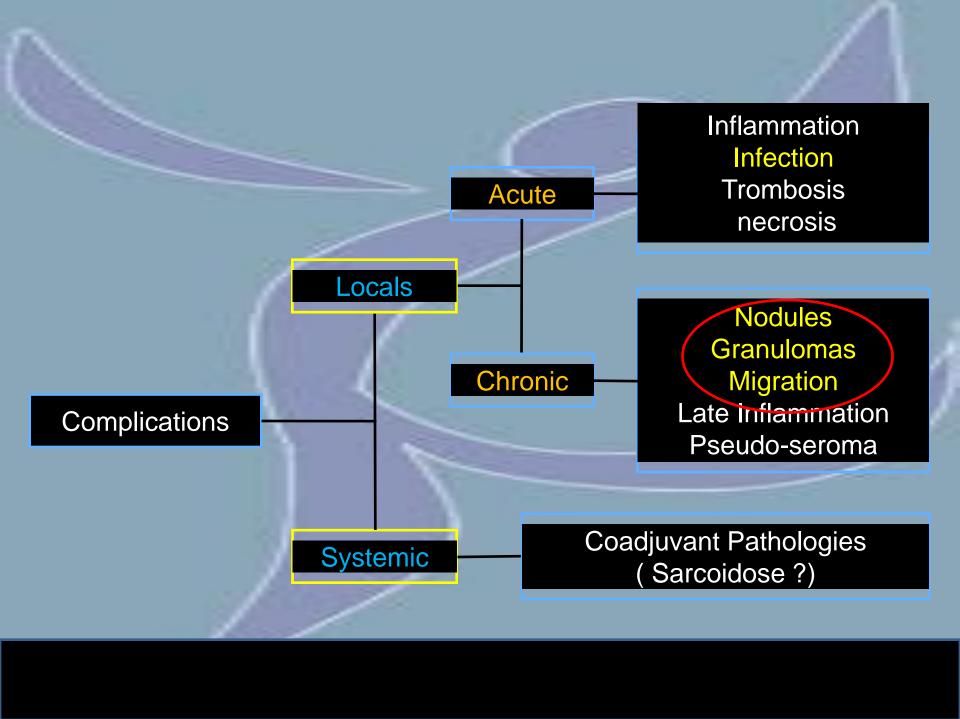
COMPLICATIONS

MINOR

- Dolor
- Edema
- Ecchymosis
- Hiperemias
- Asymetries
- Irregularities
- Motor Anaesthesia
- Herpes activation
- Collections Formations

MAJOR

- Nodules
- Necrosis
- Granulomas
- Late Edema



Collateral Effects on Animals SR

Artecoll PMMA

01 animal died 8 weeks after injection

Dimethylsiloxane

02 animals died

01 hepatic abscess in 01 animal

01 Tumor in the foot of 01 animal

Metacrill

01 animal died after 2 weeks

Abscess in the skins back of 01 animal

Multiple hepatic abscess

Restylane

02 animais died same day of injection

Eosinophilic Infiltration Hipersensibility?

Cheloid in the skins back

Multiple hepatic abscesses in all lobuls

Fillers are silent killers and medical thrillers

2 Massive killers



Fillers are silent killers
And medical thrillers

MIGRATION, OF PMMA



PMMA was injected into the buttocks area.









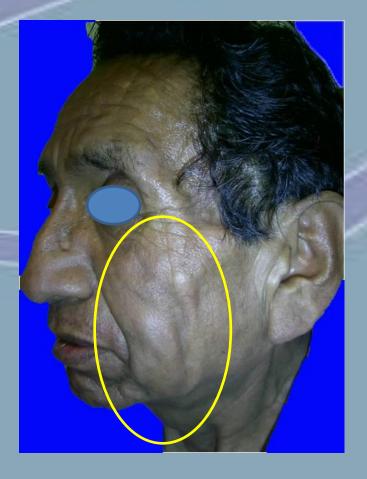


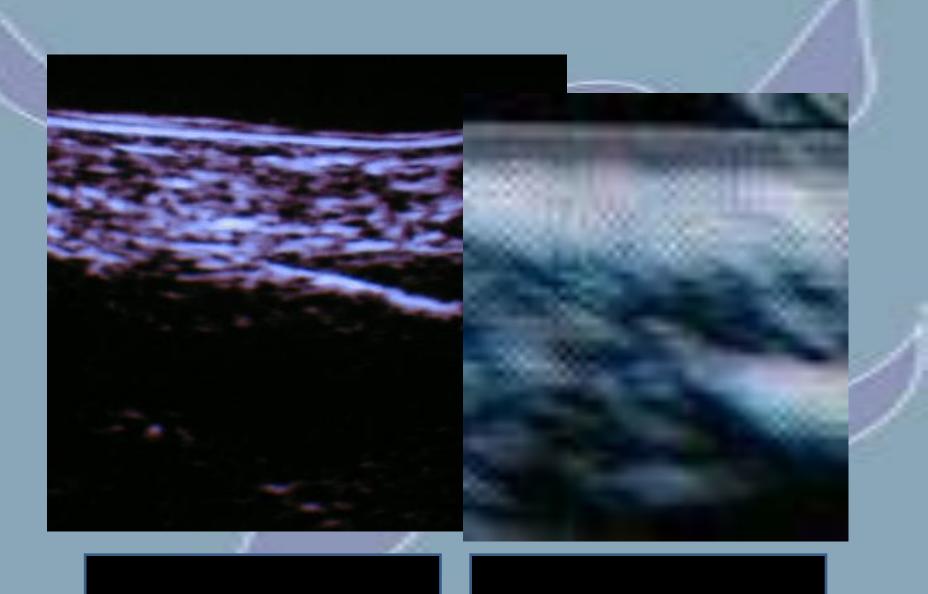
Lipodystrophies be careful with publications !!!

Before



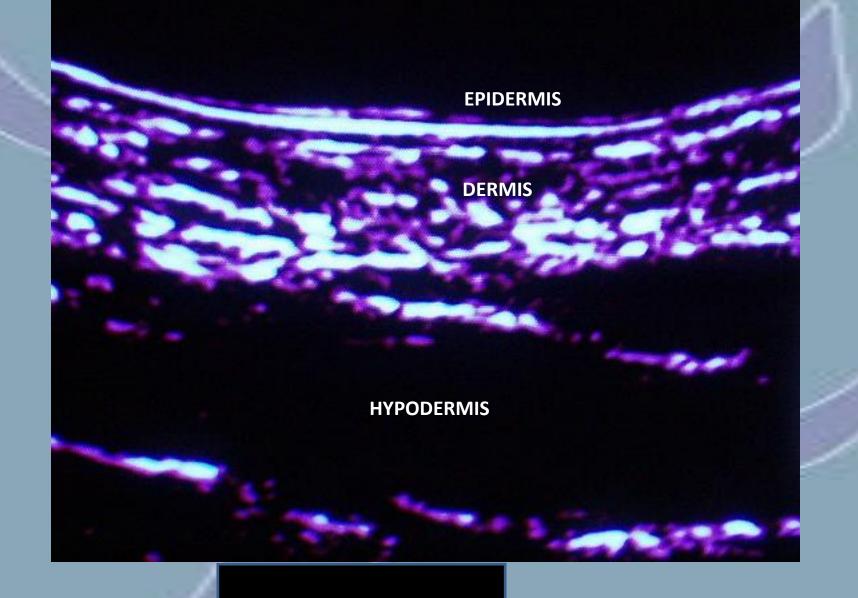
After





20 Mhz

7.5 Mhz



20 Mhz

Ideal filler: Homogeneous Width of the dermis



Who is the responsible?

MD have to gain back their authorities over ignorant and dangerous burocrats

- The product ?
- The physician?
- The patient?
- The notified body? Anvisa, CE, FDA, KFDA, Invicma, Digemid & others!!!
- The Health Ministry?
- The medias?
- The bad copies made in some countries? (Ecuador, South Korea, Argentina, Venezuela, Brasil, China, India,...)
- Ignorant antideontologic colleagues

Nodules & Granulomas

GRANULOMA

- Tissular reaction mediated by monocyts and usually caused by not absorbable agents
- Featured by hardening in all treated areas
- Differential Diagnosis is clinical

NODULE

- Tissular reaction mediated by fibroblasts which may occur by product accumulation or organizedhematoma.
- Featured by hardening in some treated areas
- Differential Diagnosis is clinical

TREATMENT OF COMMON COMPLICATIONS POST FILLERS

- nodules surgical resection
- granulomas corticoid intra-lesional infiltration
- Large necroses reconstructive surgery
- Partial necroses chemical or surgical debridement

Generalities

Nodules : Surgery Good Pronostic

Technical errors

Granulomas : Medicine Bad Pronostic

- Technical errors

 (anamnesis, US20 Mhz,indications)
- Chemical mistakes
- Patient lyers
- Unknown etiologies

	Nodules	Granulomas
Appear	1-3 months Slowly	6-36 months Suddenly after initial satisfaction
Localization	Some isolated injected sites (lips, crows feet)	All injected sites at the same moment
Size	Stable	Growing
Border	Confined by fibrous capsula	Fingerlike project into tissue
Histology	Foreign Body Reaction Packed material as implanted	Foreign Body Granuloma Scattered in cellular reaction
Evolution-Persistance	As long as fillers remain (resorbable, permanent) ??	Seem to disappear if untreated after 1 -5 years
Aspect	Skin normal No edema	Skin discoloration With edema
Treatment	surgical	medicai
	No corticoids	Corticoids + - 5 FU

Borders

Nodule Confined by fibrous capsula

Aquamid foreign body reaction

Granuloma Fingerlike project into tissue



Nodules & Granulomas Mechanisms

NODULE: 5 Mechanisms

- 1. Inadequate Quantity of injected material
- 2. Product placed too superficially
- 3. Lack of proper distribution of the filler
- Organized hematoma with calcification
- 5. Application in inappropriate plan or layer

GRANULOMA: 3 Mechanisms

- Foreign bodies in the injected material
- Microspheres too small causing acute inflammatory reaction.
- 3. Pathological Biofilm

MD RESPONSIBLE SURGERY -> GOOD PRONOSTIC

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE?
MEDICAL TREATMENT -> PRONOSTIC ???

Reported Possible causes of granulomas after injected fillers High Correlations

Mixing fillers in same location

Auto immune thyreosis

Facial trauma

Systemic infections

acupuncture

Facelift operation

Sinusitis

Hyperthyreosis

Dental focus

Pharyngitis

Colitis ulcerosa

Paradontosis

Bronchitis

Morbus crohn

mesotherapy

Pleurisy

Pemphigus

botulinum

Enteritis

Sarcoidosis

HRT??

Pyelonephritis

Breast cancer

Encephabol

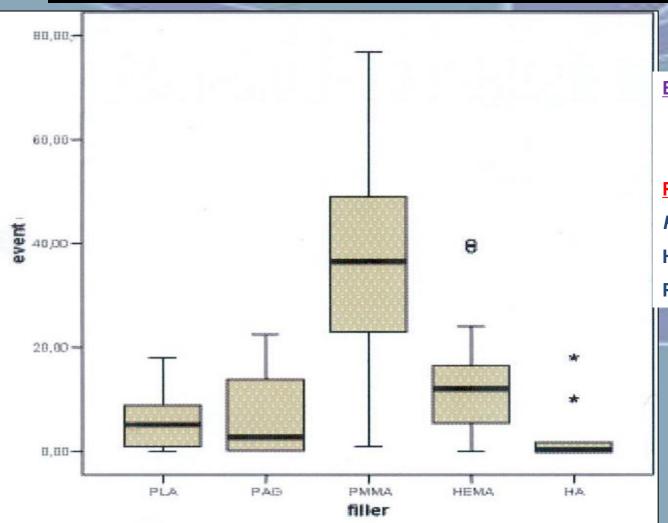
Flu like syndrom

Psychological shock

Treatment tentatives of Granulomas

- 5FU 5%
- Triancinolon 4%
- Xilitol 2%
- Lidocaín 2%
- Adrenalin 1:50.000
- H20 for injection q.s.p. 10ml
- 4 Cycles INTRALESIONAL 1 X week
- Prednison 60mg, 40mg, 20mg P.O.
- Alopurinol 300mg P.O. 2 X day 45days
- imiquimod 250mg topic 2 X day— 45days

Mean time until appearance of adverse reaction after injection of Fillers



Biodegradable Fillers

HA: 3.2 ± 6.0 months

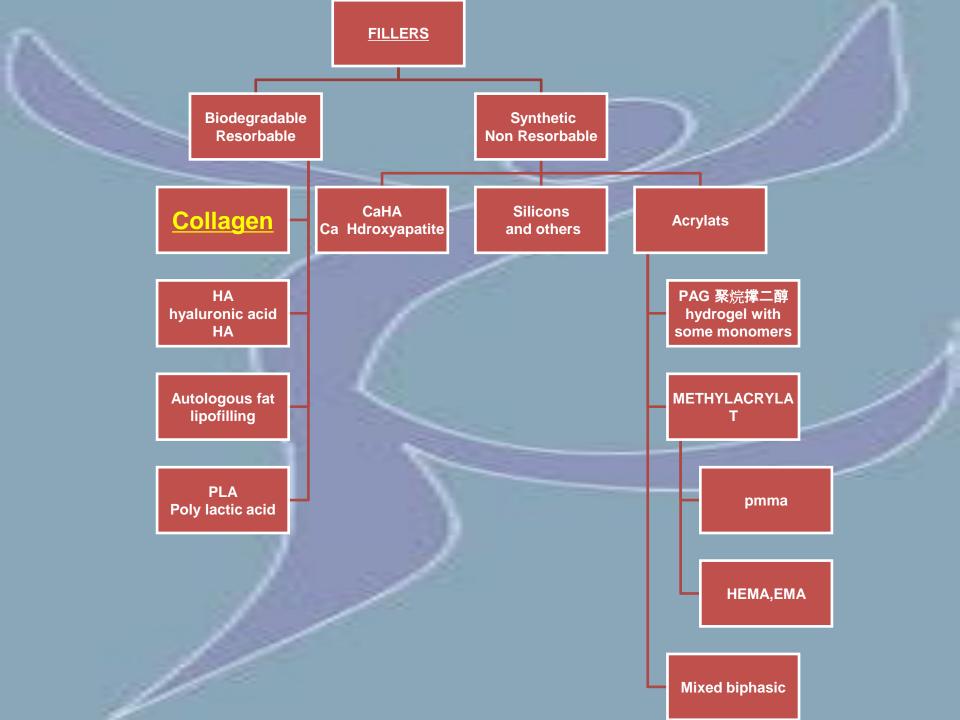
PLA: 5.5 ± 6.3 months

Permanent Fillers

PAG: 7.0 \pm 10.6 months

HEMA: 12.3 ± 13.7 months

PMMA: 25.5 ± 37.1 months



Resorbable Collagen fillers(2)

Side effects : Granuloma, Nodule, Necrosis



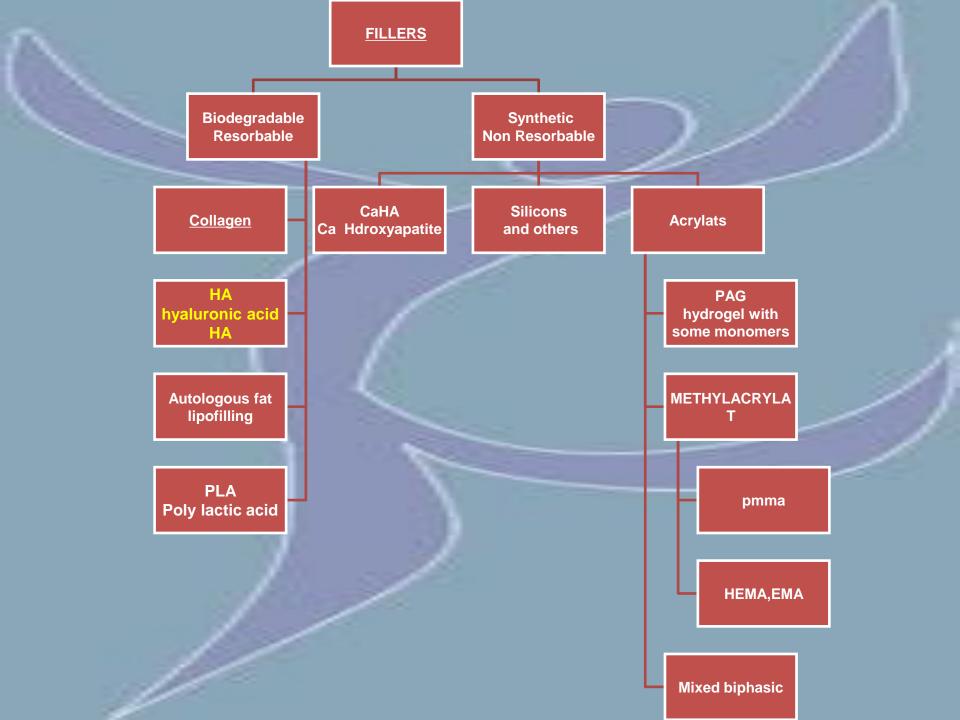
Dr. L.Wiest

Resorbable Collagen fillers(3)

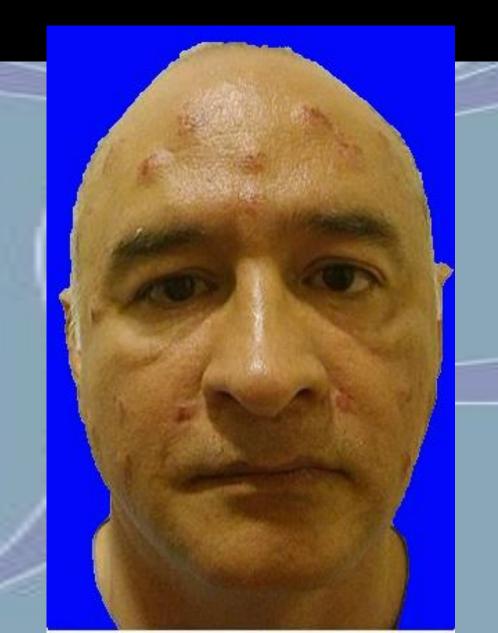
Side effects : Granuloma, Nodule, Necrosis







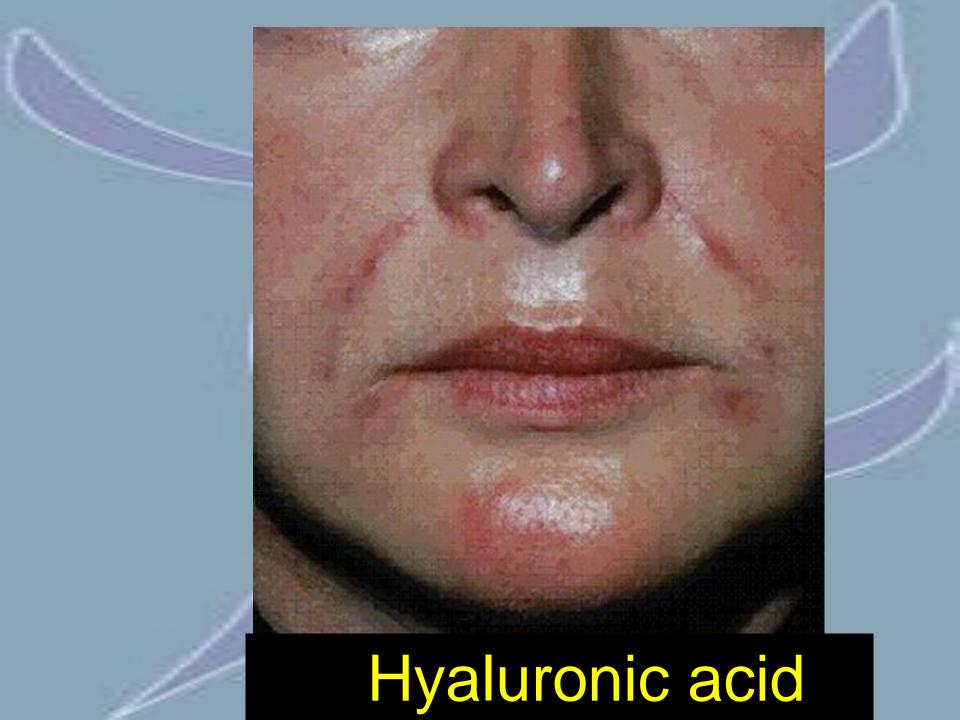
Granulomas with Hyaluronic acid



Resorbable Hyaluronic Acid fillers(2)

Side effects : Granuloma, Nodule, Necrosis





Persisting oedema after Hyaluronic acid

Persisting oedema after Hyaluronic acid



HA Complication for medical augmentation mammaplasty

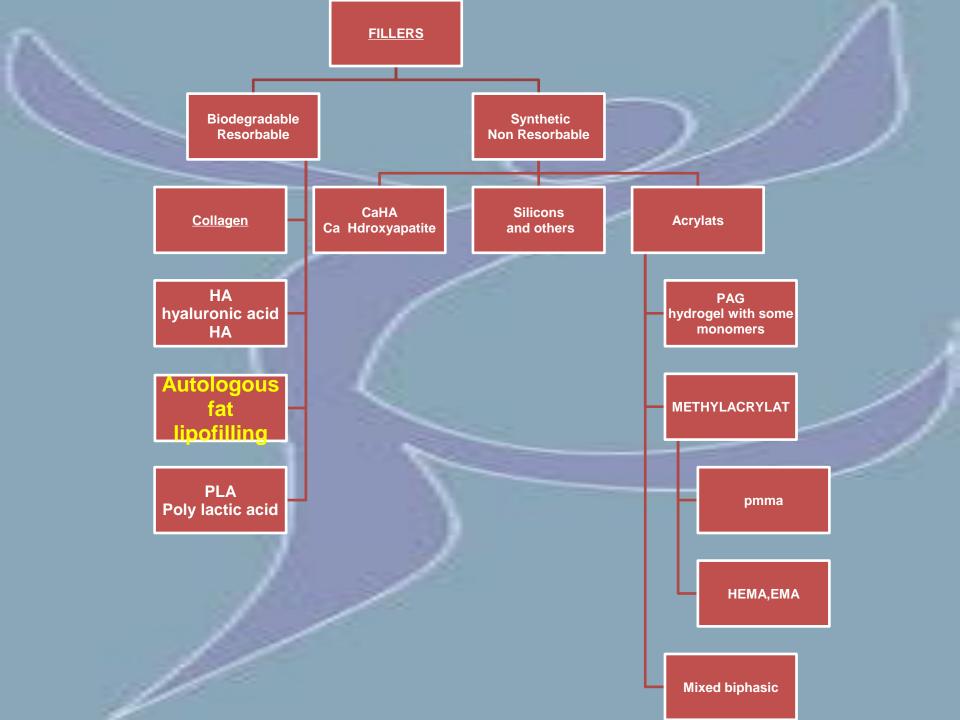


FORBIDDEN IN FRANCE SINCE 05 SEPTEMBER 2011 BY AFSSAPS

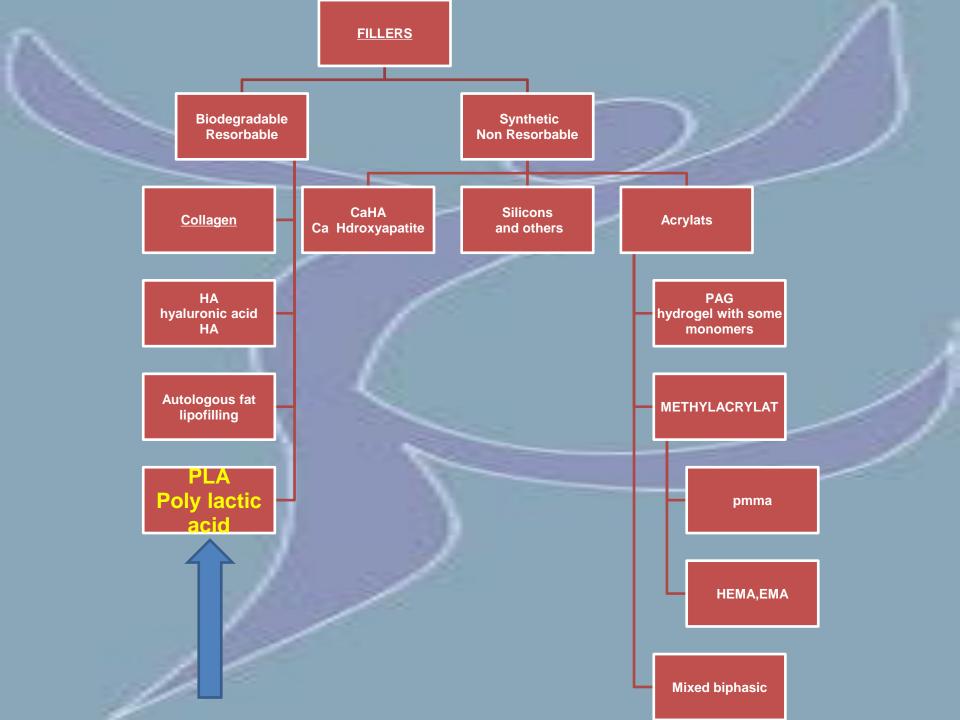
HA Spontaneous 自发的Perforation穿孔 for medical augmentation mammaplasty



FORBIDDEN IN FRANCE SINCE 05.09.2011 BY AFSSAPS







Resorbable Polylactic Acid fillers(1)

effects: Granuloma, Nodule, Necrosis





Polylactic Acid PLA

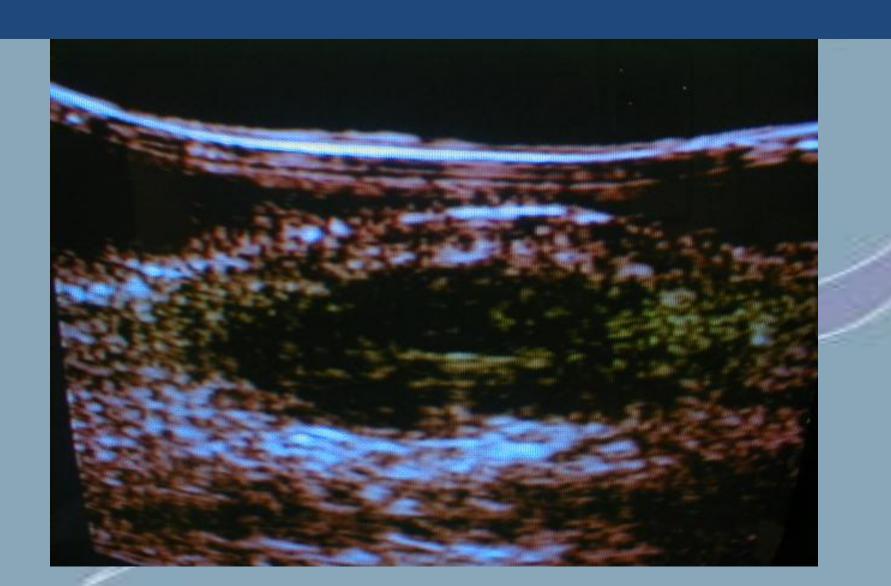




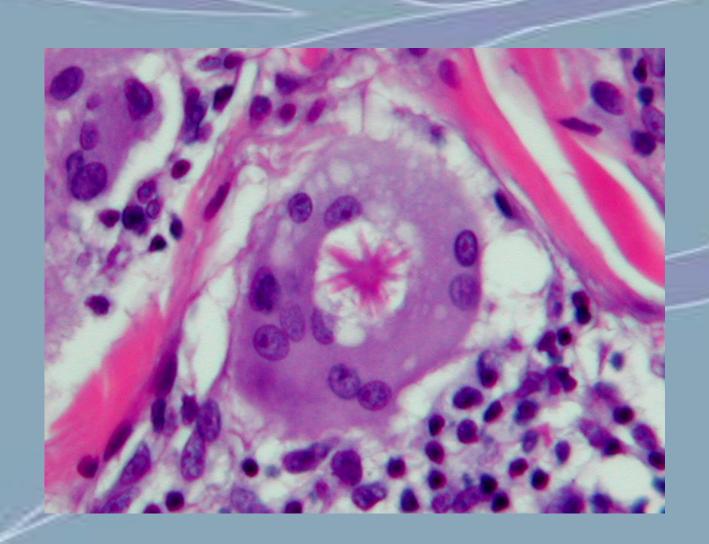




Polylactic acidGranuloma on foreign bodywithout anfractuosities



"PLA,,Inclusion or Granule inside the gigant cell

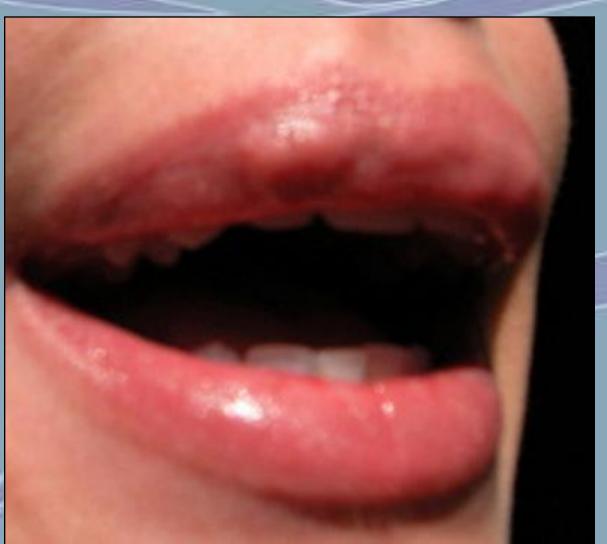


Fillers & endoprosthesis

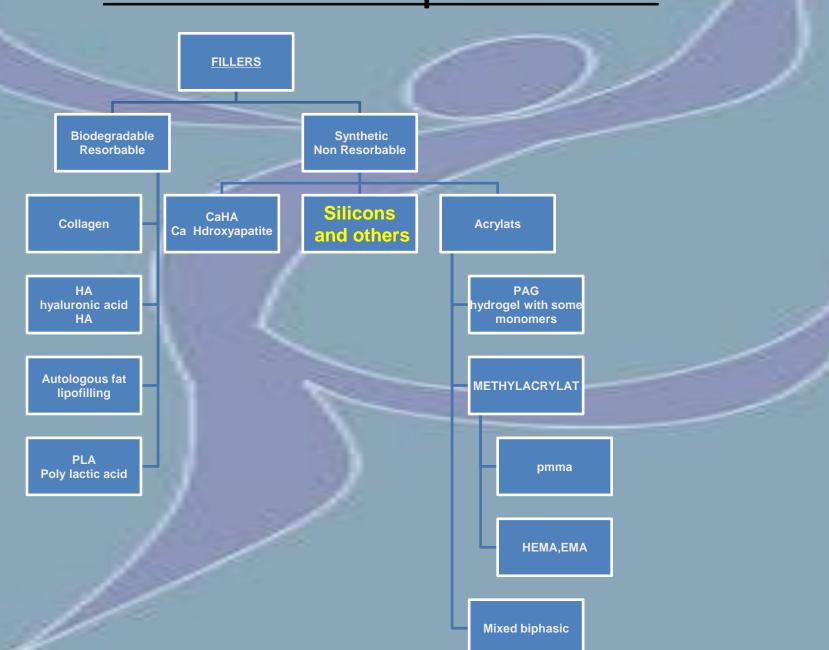


Synthetic not resorbable fillers(1) Ca OH apatite

Side effects : Granuloma, Nodule, Necrosis



Fillers & endoprosthesis



Silicon Injected in 1979



Thai Transsexual using silicon for ,, feminilization,, Granulomas made her not masculine nor feminine nor trans but looking like a Monster!

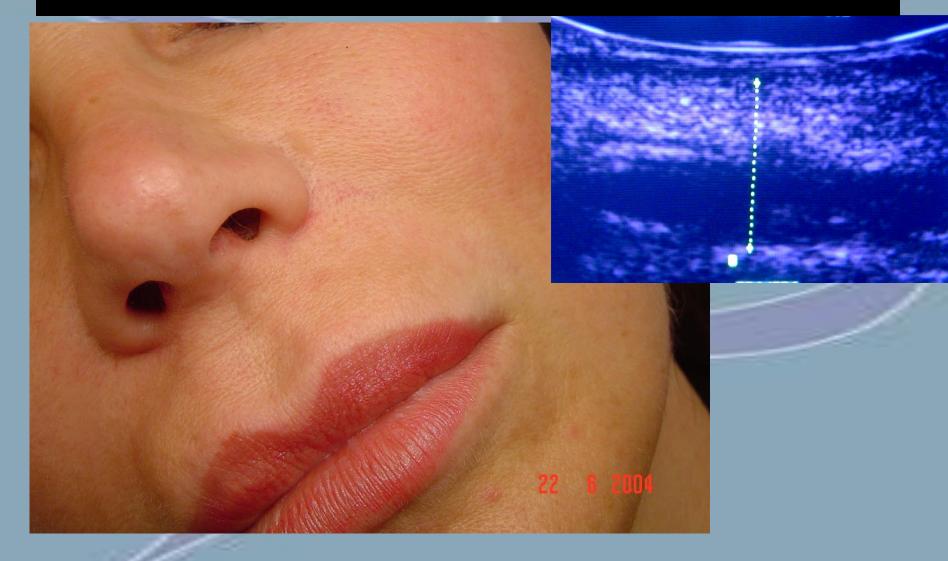


Granulomas for Face Feminilisation instead of 11
Operations Facial Plastic Surgery!

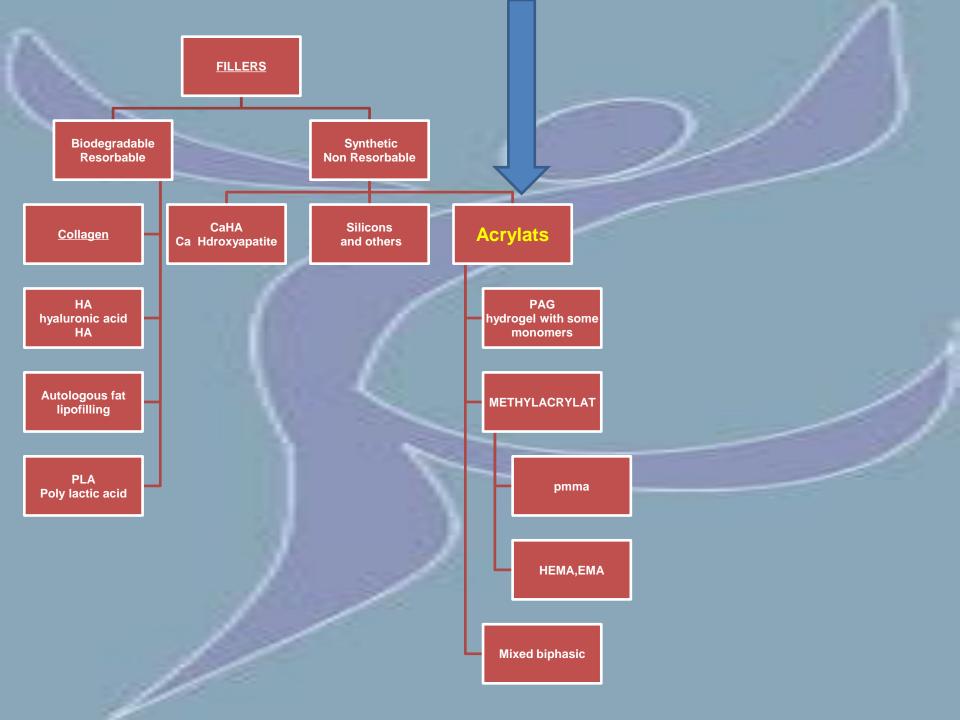




Silicons Granuloma in the deep dermis : low destroyer- less inflammation







COMPLICATIONS. OF ACRYLATS HYDROGELS FILLERS



Migration

Geleoma formation

Inflammation

Purulo-necrotic process

Trophic disturbances of the tissues

Aesthetic problems

Impossibility of the complete gel removal.

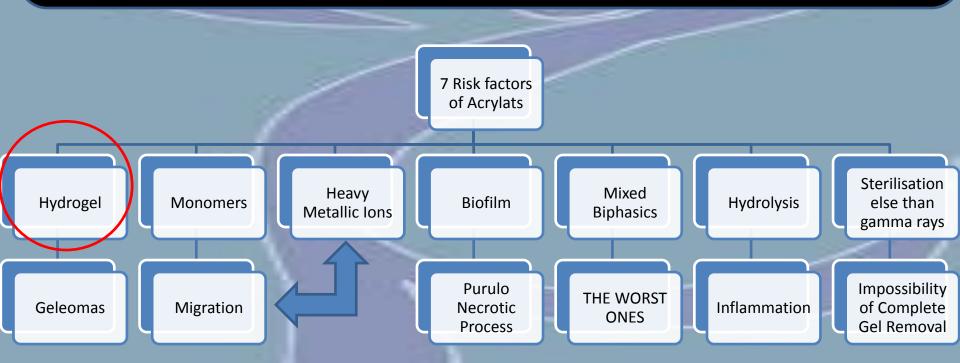








Acrylats Classification by Alain TENENBAUM



CONTACT@FACIAL-PLASTICSURGERY.ORG

Risks factors of Acrylats(1)



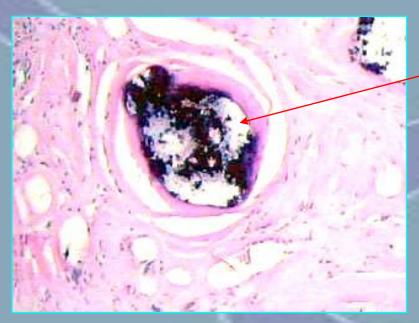


MADE IN CHINA = CHEAP TO BUY = HIGH COST FOR COMPLICATIONS



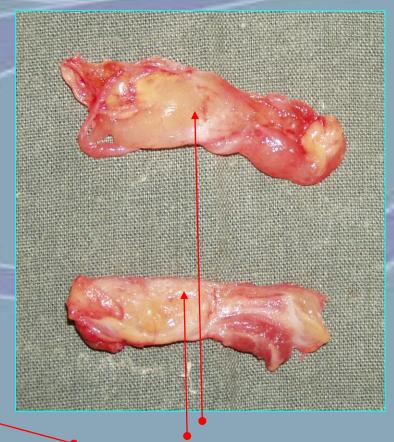




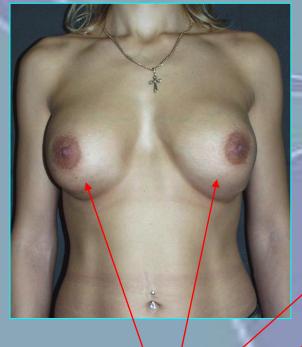




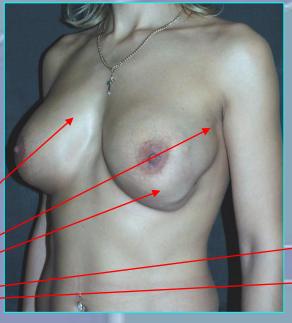
Focus of calcification

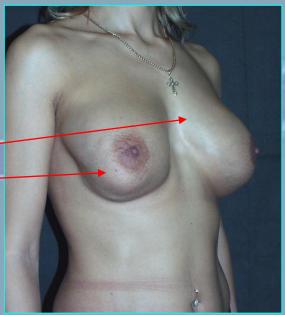


Geleomas in the culf



5 years after the retromammary PAAG injection.





Multiple geleomas of the mammary glands

63

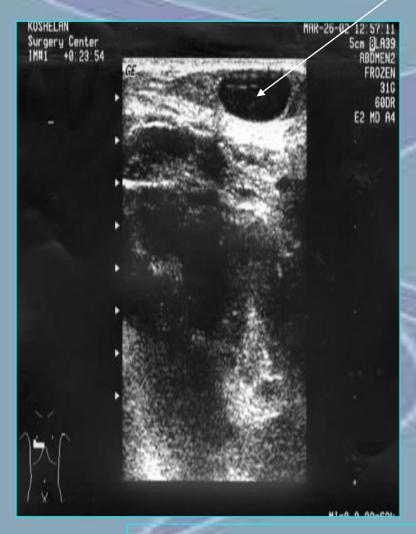


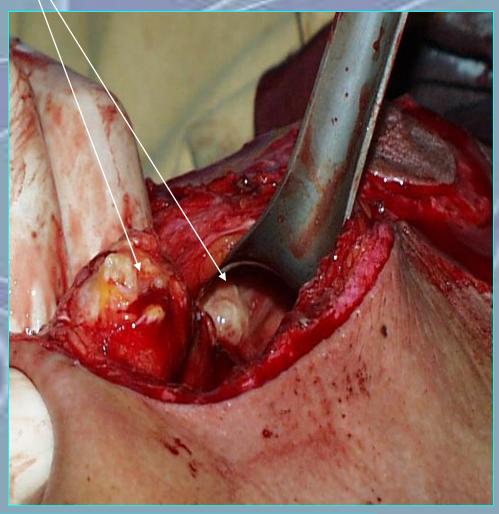






Geleomas of the mammary glands.

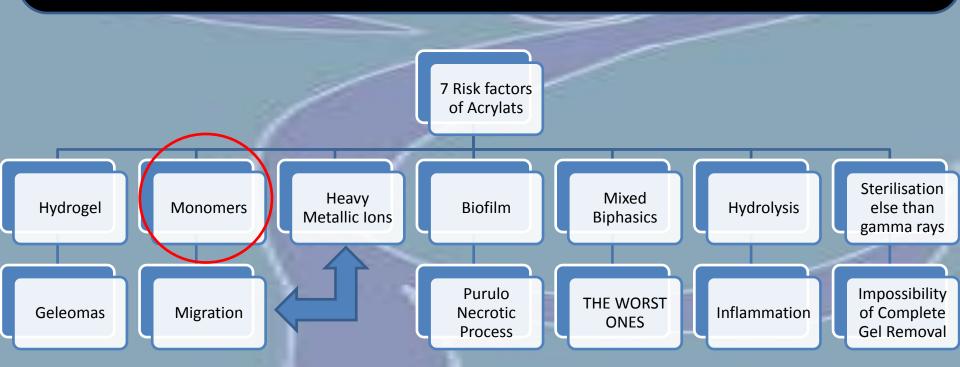




GELEOMA FORMATION. Fibrous capsule

Geleomas of the mammary glands.

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POLYACRILAMIDE HYDROGEL 水凝胶 FILLER (PAAG)

Inert

Biocompatible

Resistible for biological degradation with time.

Hydrophilic ,,polymer ,,for injection.

95-97% - water,

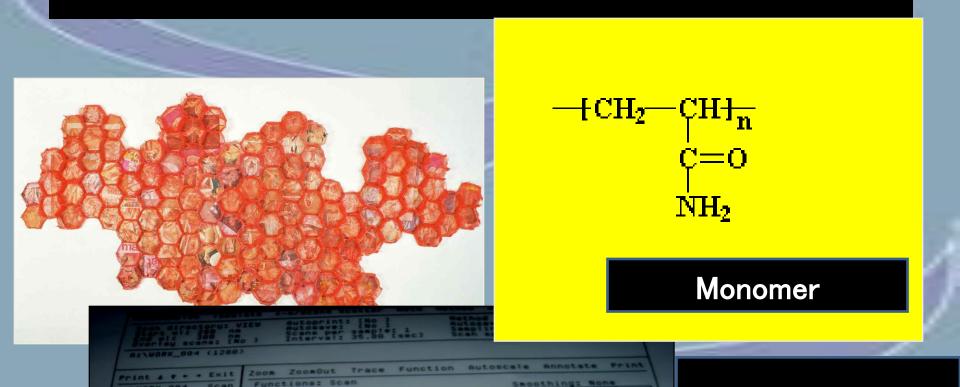
3-5% - true polymer.

But how many % true monomers ?

Easy to inject, minimal tissue trauma during procedure.

PERMANENT

Risks factors of Acrylats (2)



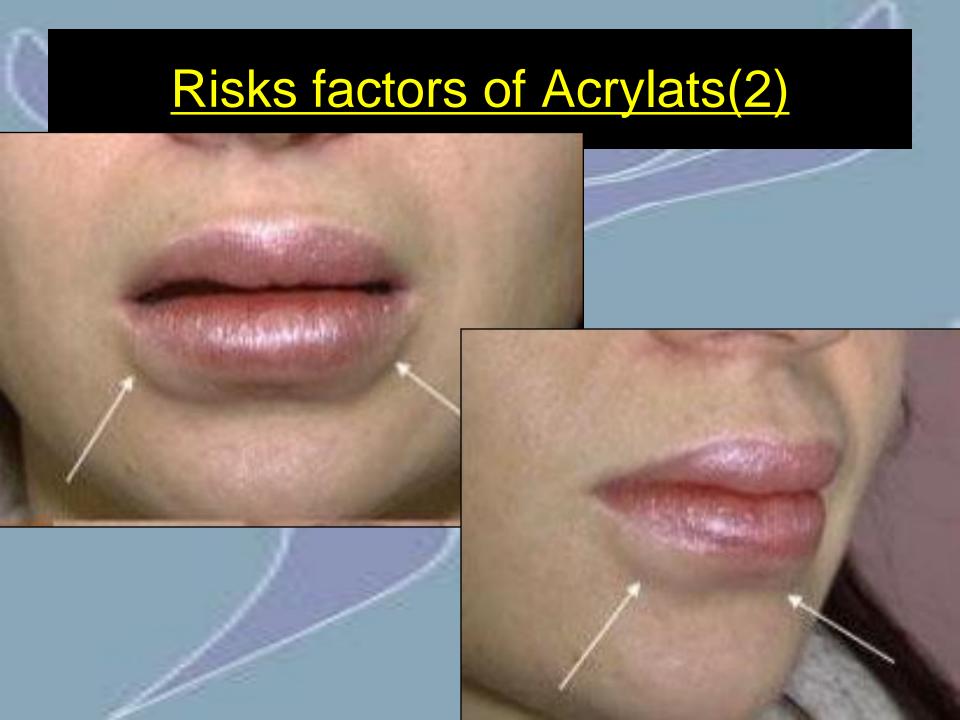
Wavelength (nm)

DANGER

[Abs]

-8.758

Peak at 220 nm = presence of monomers
(A.Tenenbaum)



Naso genian sulcus Heterogeneous aspect 3 1/2 months after Injection

Dermis

POLYACRYLAMIDE

POLYACRYLAMIDE is CO Refringerent structures Fibroblasts?





PAAG was injected 3 years ago for the calf thigh correction.





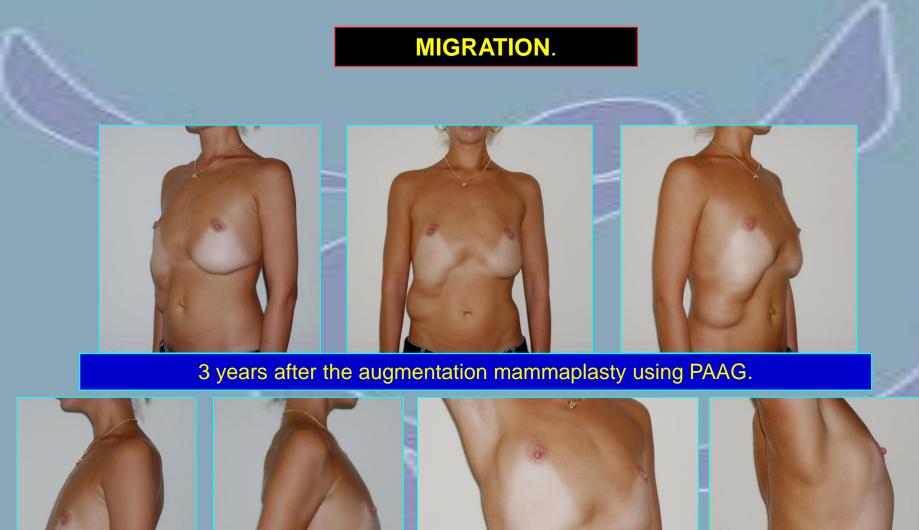


PAAG was injected into the buttocks area.







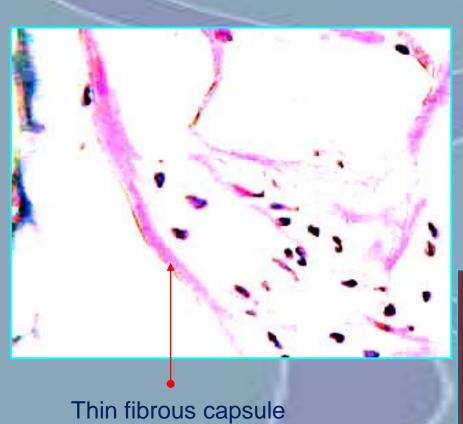


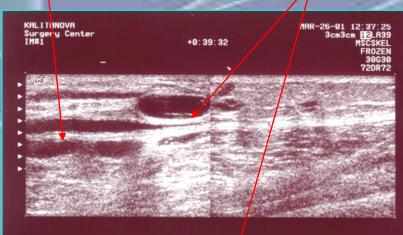


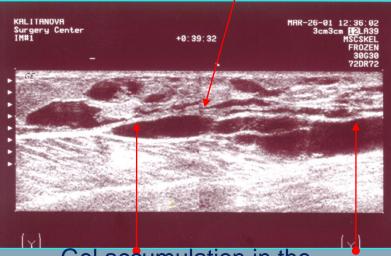
Ultrasound examination of calf.

Accumulation of the gel under the fascia.

Fascia

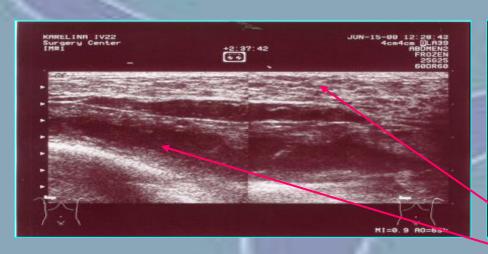


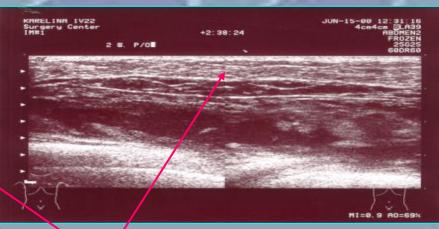


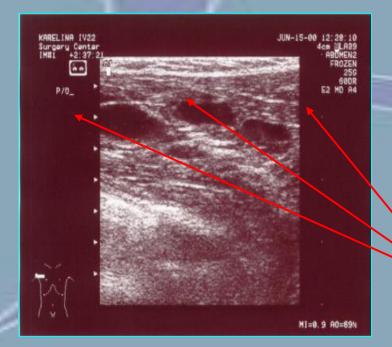


Gel accumulation in the subcutaneous fat.

Ultrasound examination of the mammary glands.







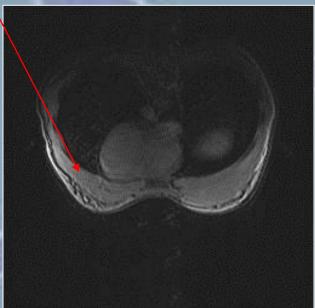
15 days after the retromammary gel injection.

Migration of the gel to the subcutaneous fat.

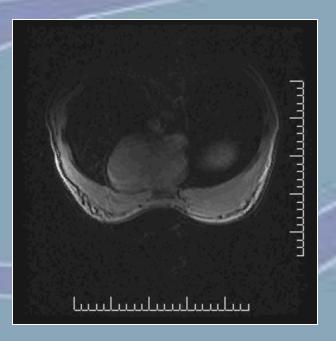




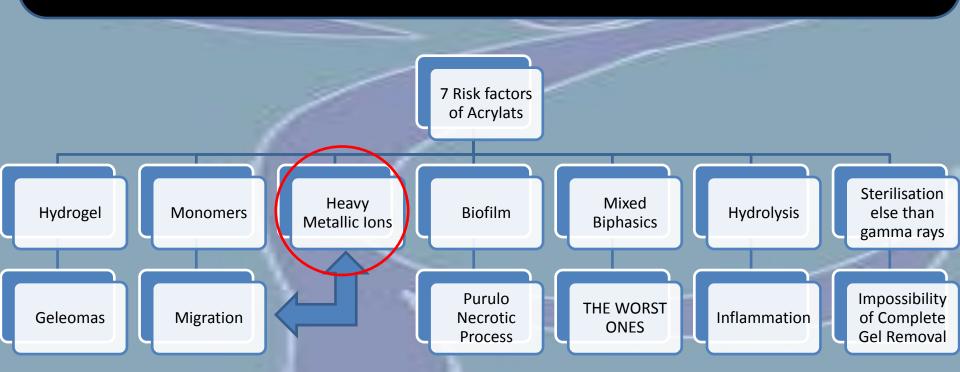




MRI of the mammary glands.



Acrylats Classification by Alain TENENBAUM



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Risk factors of Acrylats(3) Argiform has metallic ions

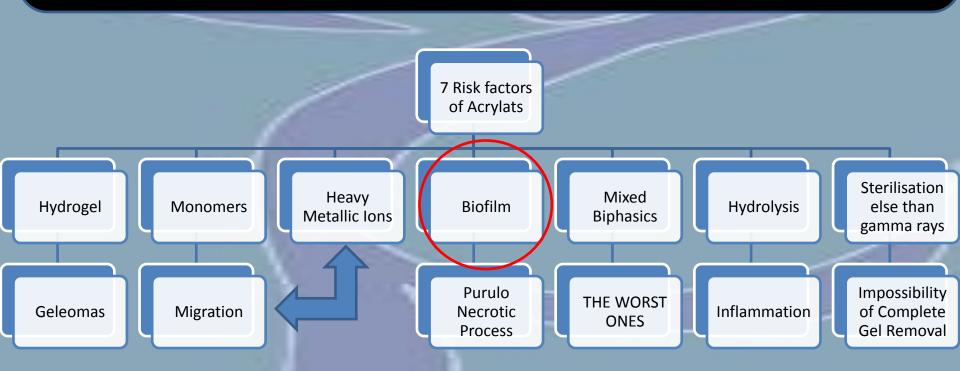
Argiform

Dr. R. Mené





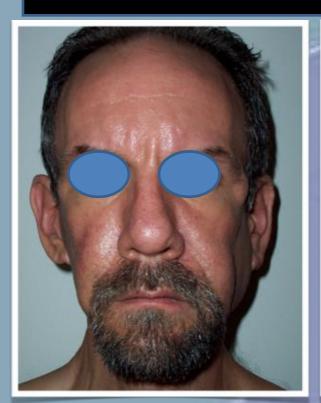
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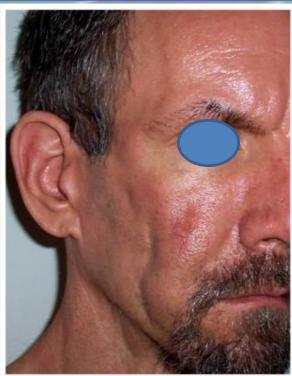


BIOFILM

- Structured colonies of micro encapsulated in a matrix which surround a foreign body
- Contains nutrients and metabolites which protect the micro organisms for a long period.
- Almost all bacteries can lead to a biofilm
- Biofilms are reponsible of granulomas, aseptic inflammatory reactions and late infections.

Complications of Biofilm















Chronic inflammation.



Outcomes of the recurrent purulent mastitis





Initial view



After four surgical procedures





Cavernous body necrosis after the PAAG injection six years ago for the impotence treatment.

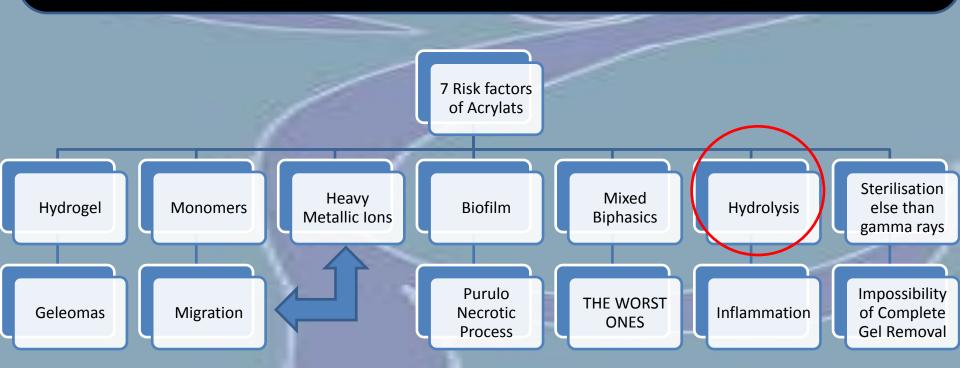




Polyalkylamide Complication



Acrylats Classification by Alain TENENBAUM



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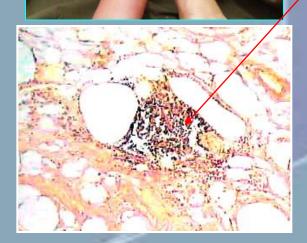
INFLAMMATION.

Acute inflammation of calf soft tissue in the area of the gel injection.

At
palpation:
like wet
sugar
(A.Tenenbaum)



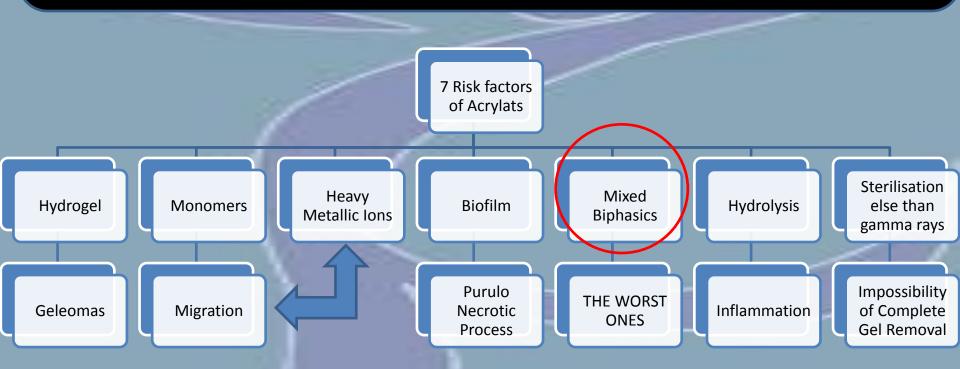




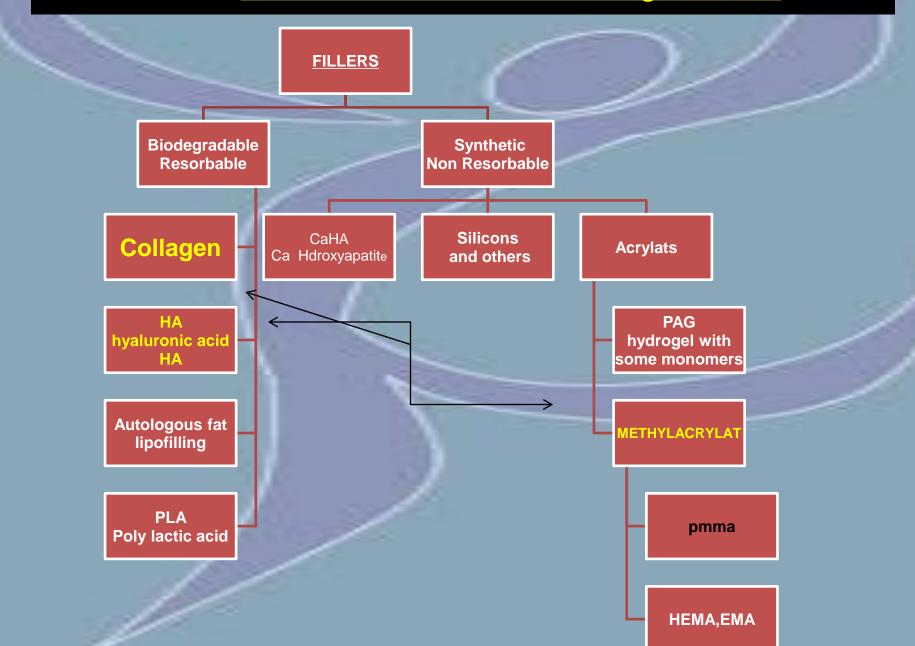




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Mixed biphasic ones so called resorbable fillers with longer duration



Risk factors of Acrylats(4) Metacrylates

PHEMA-EMA Acrylic hydrogel Copolymer of Hydroxyethylmetacrylate (HEMA) & Ethylmetacrylate (EMA)

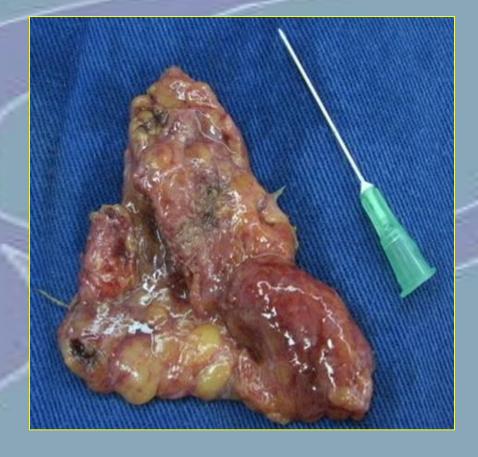
PMMA



Risk factors of Acrylats(4)









Risk factors of Acrylats(4)



Metacrylate



2 days after PMMA





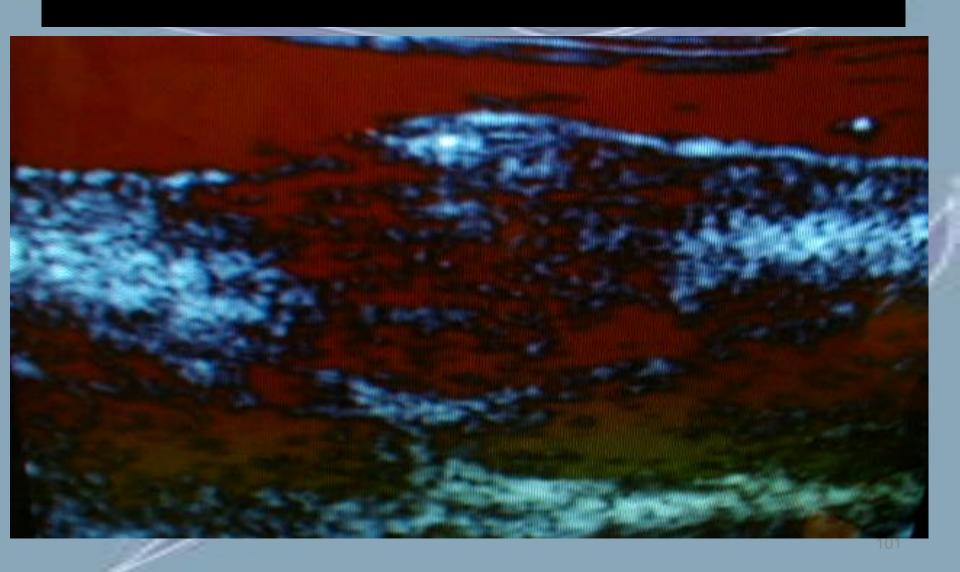
After PMMA



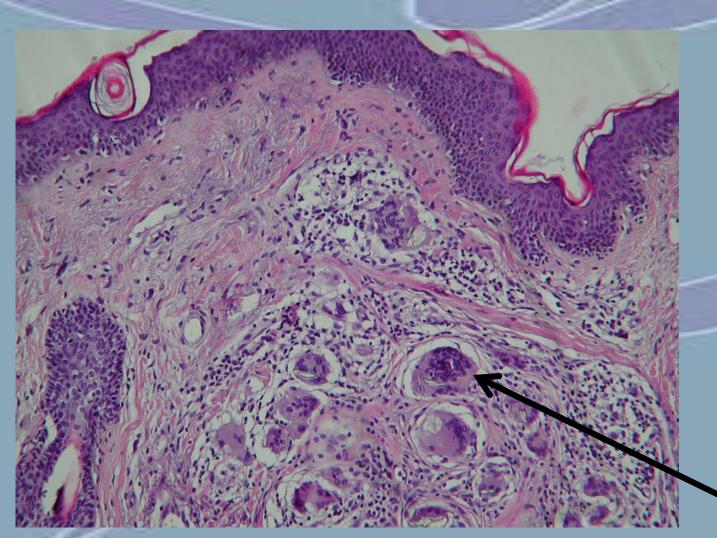
Granuloma treated with 5 FU on depressed scar treated with Dermalive--- HA+PMMA



The treated granuloma by 5 FU + Corticoids still attacks hardly the dermis (Dermalive and depressed scar)



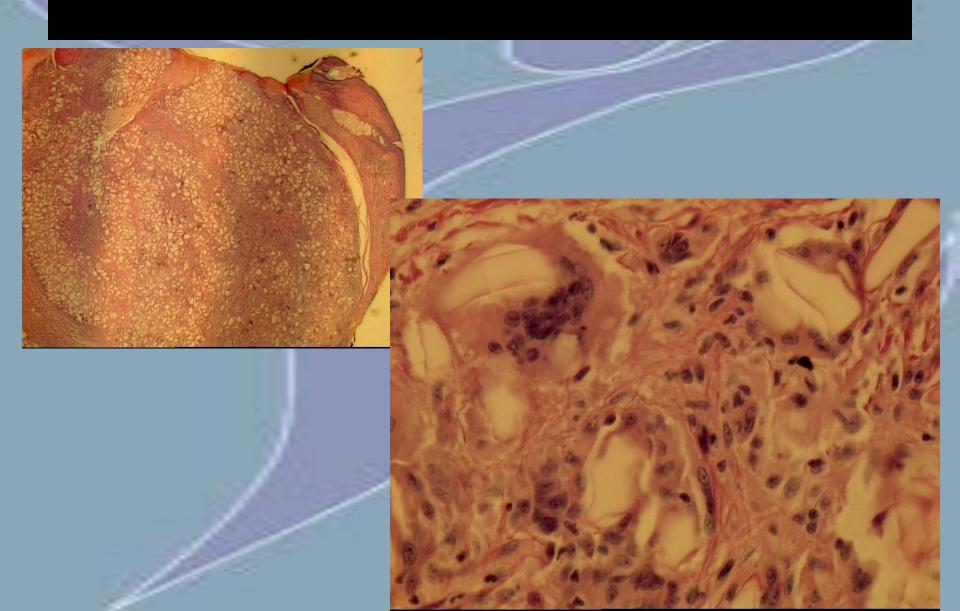
Gigant cell after Dermalive (Metacrylate + Hyaluronic acid)



Surgical treatment of the Dermalive Granuloma pre treated by 5 FU and corticoids



Histology post Surgery Foreign body granulomas with giant epithelioid cells



Infection 11 years after Artecoll



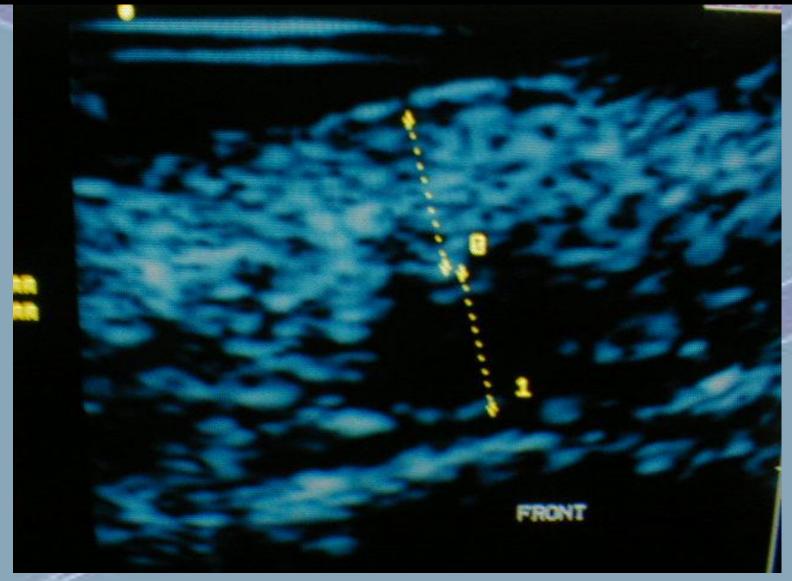
Infected Acryloma 2 years post Artecoll



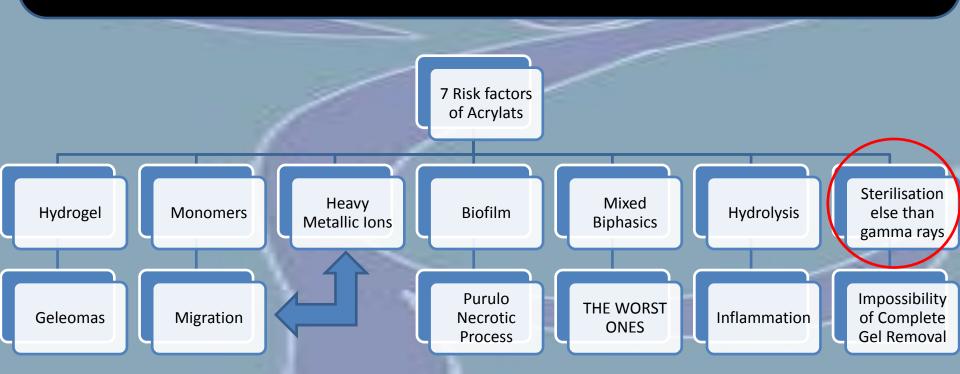
Artecoll Infected Permanent Redness and Hardening



Artecolls Granuloma big destroyer 1: Granuloma 2: Dermis



Acrylats Classification by Alain TENENBAUM



CORRECTION OF THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE PAAG INJECTION.



Gel removal



One-stage gel removal and prosthesis placement



Secondary gel removal and correction



GEL REMOVAL.









ONE-STAGE GEL REMOVAL AND PROSTHESIS REPLACEMENT.



Before operation



Two month after replacement, 120 cc.



MRI of the culf.









Two years after gel removal.

Aesthetic Medicine Mini Invasive Procedures leading to More Invasive Surgery

 Cases of Mammary breast fillers (Macrolane, Aquamid, Amazinggel)

Incomplete removal is the problem

ONE-STAGE GEL REMOVAL AND PROSTHESIS REPLACEMENT.









ONE-STAGE GEL REMOVAL AND PROSTHESIS REPLACEMENT.













One year after the gel removal and retromammary endoprosthesis replacement, 225cc.

ONE-STAGE GEL REMOVAL AND PROSTHESIS REPLACEMENT.



Six month after the gel removal and retropectoral endoprosthesis replacement, 225cc.



Right mammary gland in seven days after PAAG removal.

Vestige of the PAAG in mammary gland tissue over prosthesis.

GARTMAN Surgery Center

Silicone prosthesis



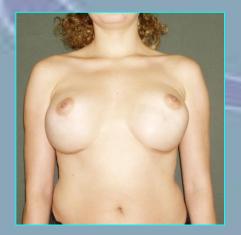




One year after the gel removal and retromammary prosthesis replacement, 450.

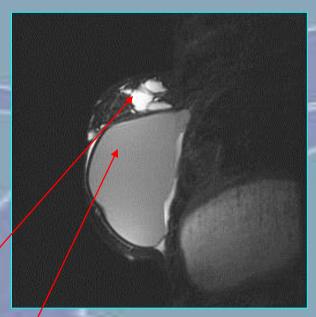






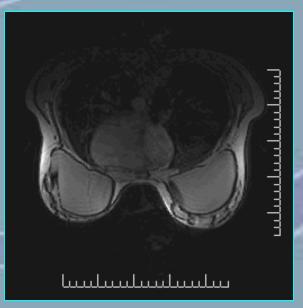
Accumulation of the gel in the mammary gland tissue

Silicone prosthesis





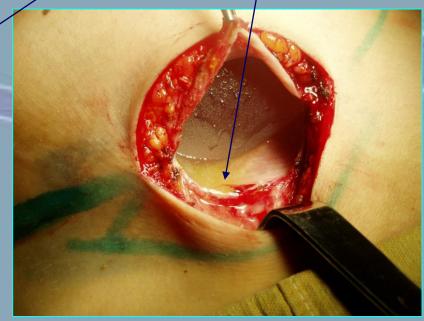
MRI of the mammary glands.





Gel in the prosthesis capsule cavity.





Complication of Buttock Gel Injection



Patient with skin necrosis one month after removal of gel injected in the buttocks. luiztoledo.com — Dubai — ISAPS Professor

Complication of Buttock Gel Injection



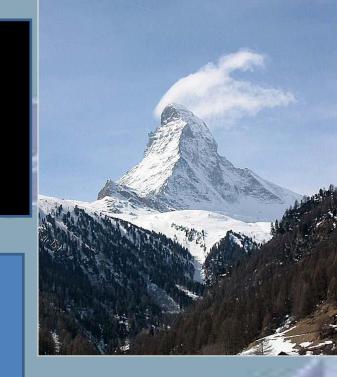
Patient with skin necrosis one month after removal of gel injected in the buttocks. luiztoledo.com — Dubai — ISAPS Professor

Conclusions

- Authorities should not have competences to authorize to put on the market fillers or other medical devices.
- Don t be influenced by key speakers sponsored by big companies in big commercial congresses
- Knowledge and Experience Forum between independent MD is a must
- Patients should be too responsabilised as they mostly lie and change of physician
- Do not fall in commercial advertisements which seem to be scientific
- Not permanent fillers participate also to a high rate of complications, which are shadowed in commercial Congresses sponsored by big companies infiltrating their, key,, speakers.

THANKS FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION

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