



Nutrition and Food Sciences

February 24-25, 2021 | Webinar

Title of Abstract: Women, trauma and alcohol dependency: Connections and disconnections in alcohol treatment for women

Name & Affiliation

University/Company/Organisation & Country

Abstract (300 word limit)

Statement of the Problem: Women who have experienced intimate partner violence (IPV) are at greater risk for physical and mental health problems including posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) and alcohol dependency. On their own IPV, PTSD and alcohol dependency result in significant personal, social and economic cost and the impact of all three may compound these costs. Researchers have reported that women with these experiences are more difficult to treat; many do not access treatment and those who do, frequently do not stay because of difficulty maintaining helping relationships. However, these women’s perspective has not been previously studied. The purpose of this study is to describe the experience of seeking help for alcohol dependency by women with PTSD and a history of IPV in the context in which it occurs. Methodology & Theoretical Orientation: An inter subjective ethnographic study using hermeneutic dialogue was utilized during participant observation, in- depth interviews and focus groups. An ecological framework was utilized to focus on the interaction between the counselors and the staff to understand this relationships and the context in which it occurs. Findings: The women in this study were very active help seekers. They encountered many gaps in continuity of care including discharge because of relapse. Although the treatment center was a warm, healing and spiritual place, the women left the center without treatment for their trauma needs and many without any referral to address these outstanding issues. Conclusion & Significance: Women with alcohol dependence and PTSD with a history of IPV want help however the health and social services do not always recognize their calls for help or their symptoms of distress. Recommendations are made for treatment centers to become trauma- informed that would help this recognition.

Image



Figure 1: Effects of alcohol on the pharmacokinetics of methamphetamine (METH), 3,4-methylenedioxymethamphetaminen (MDMA), cocaine, and nicotine. (↑: increase or enhancement; ↓ decrease or deterioration).

Recent Publications (If any)

1. Harper C (2009) The neuropathology of alcohol-related braindamage. Alcohol Alcohol 44:136-140.
2. Heilig M, Egli M (2006) Pharmacological treatment of alcohol dependence: Target symptoms and target mechanisms. Pharmacology and therapeutics 111:855-876.
3. LiX, SchwachaMG, ChaudryIH, ChoudhryMA (2008) Acute alcohol intoxication potentiates neutrophil-mediated intestinal tissue damage after burn injury. Shock 29:377.
4. Room R, BaborT, Rehm J (2005) Alcohol and public health. Lancet 365: 519-530.
5. Sullivan EV, Zahr NM (2008) Neuroinflammation as a neurotoxic mechanism in alcoholism: Commentary on “Increased MCP- 1 and microglia in various regions of human alcoholic brain”. Experimental neurology 213:10-17.



Presenter Photo



University/Organisation Logo

Biography (150 word limit)

Xxxx is currently a PhD student of xxxx department at the University of xxxx at xxxx. He/She received his/her B.Sc. in xxx from xxxx University at xxx, and M.S. from xxx at xxx. His/her research interest includes xxx and xxx. He/she is a researcher/fellow of xxxx at xxxx. He/she is the author or coauthor of more than xxx papers in international refereed journals and more than xxx conference contributions. He/she has given several talks at international conferences.

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