

## **ZnO:Na Nanostructure: A highly sensitive room temperature and oxygen-free environment carbon dioxide gas sensor**

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### **Abstract**

CO<sub>2</sub> is considered as one of the primary greenhouse gases in the Earth's atmosphere, Nevertheless, monitoring the content of the CO<sub>2</sub> in the environment and emissions is important. There is a highly significant need for CO<sub>2</sub> sensors for space and commercial application, as well. Those applications include low-false-alarm fire detection which detect chemical species indicative of a fire (e.g., CO<sub>2</sub> and CO). In this work, we are focusing on the carbon dioxide chemiresistive sensor under practical environment, i.e., atmospheric pressure, oxygen free environment and room temperature by ZnO and ZnO: Na wrinkle network structure. The structural, optical, electrical properties using scan electron microscope and X-ray diffraction of the prepared film were studied. Sensor parameters such as dynamic response, response magnitude, response time and recovery time were studied at room temperature for different concentrations of CO<sub>2</sub> gas. The detection limit of the sensor from the sensor's signal processing performance was calculated to be 0.42 sccm. The dynamic response curves for ZnO and ZnO: Na for gas volumes of 20, 30, 40, and 50 cm<sup>3</sup> of CO<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes in an inert environment at room temperature have been demonstrated. It can be observed for both cases that upon exposure to CO<sub>2</sub>, the increased resistance of the ZnO film confirmed its n-type semiconducting behavior. For such new technique of gas sensing in room temperature, the sensor response mechanism can be attributed to direct charge transfer on metal conductivity with additional electron hopping effects on intertube conductivity through physically adsorbed molecules between the network nanostructure, another reason is the smaller particle size and thus larger surface-to-volume ratio of ZnO:Na in addition to the small band gap which enable ZnO: Na sensor to operate at room temperature.

### **Biography**

Mohamed A Basyooni had completed his MSc from Nanophotonics and Applications (NPA) Lab, Department of Physics, Faculty of Science, Beni-Suef University. Currently, he is pursuing PhD in nanocomposites for satellite and space applications.

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